The Pittsburgh Commercial.

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C. D. BRIGHAM, - - - - - - Editor.
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LOCAL NOTICES.

Prince & Co.'s New Low Priced Double Reed Organ, "No. 53."

The case is solid walnut, paneled, molded, and carved brackets; is finished with two carpeted pedal boards, and Knee Swell, and is more beautiful in design and finish than any now made in the world for the price, and we *guarantee* that the qualities and power of tone will be superior to any we have seen of other makers. The instrument has two full Five Octave sets of reeds and contains *six stops*, viz:

Principal Bass, Principal Treble,
Diapason Bass, Diapason Treble,
Tremolo, or Vox Humana. Divided Swell.

Their Patent *Graduated Swell* is furnished in this, the same as in their higher priced instruments. The price is fixed at the very moderate sum of $125, and there can be no deviation from these figures.

Charlotte Blume, 43 Fifth avenue, sole wholesale agent for the Prince Organ, has just received a second supply of this new style organ.

Bear This in Mind.

The place to purchase all genuine drugs, patent medicines, perfumeries, fine toilet soaps, &c., &c., at *lowest possible prices*, is at Jos. Fleming's, 84 Market street, corner Diamond.

The Best.

Burnett cologne, cocoaine and flavoring extracts, are the standard preparations. Try them. Sold cheapest at Jos. Fleming's, 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond.

R. E. Breed & Co.

Have the latest designs of silver plated ware. Call and examine their variety, at 100 Wood street.

At 100 Wood Street,

Can be found the latest designs, plain, elaborate and elegant patterns, of silver plated ware. R. E. Breed & Co.

Save Money

By advertising judiciously through Messrs. Griffin & Hoffman, advertising agents, No. 1 St. Paul street, Baltimore. Send for estimates and information. They furnish copies of all papers for which they contract regularly during the period of said contracts, without extra charge. Pittsburgh references: Jno. D. Scully, Cashier First National Bank, and T. B. Young & Co. tf

Its Effect
Is Miraculous.
Hall's Vegetable
Sicilian Hair Renewer.

It is a perfect and wonderful article. Cures baldness. Makes hair grow. A better dressing than any "oil" or "pomatum." Softens brash, dry and wiry hair into beautiful silken tresses. But, above all, the great wonder is the rapidity with which it restores gray hair to its original color.

The whitest and worst looking hair resumes its youthful beauty by its use. It does not dye the hair, but strikes at the root and fills it with new life and coloring matter.

The first application will do good; you will see the natural color returning every day, and

Before You Know It,

the old, gray, discolored appearance of the hair will be gone, giving place to lustrous, shining and beautiful locks.

Ask for Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer; no other article is at all like it in effect.

See that each bottle has our private Government Stamp over the top of the bottle. All others are imitations.

R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H., proprietors. For sale by all druggists. MWF*

B. L. Fahnestock's Lung Syrup.

A scientific preparation put up in a neat and attractive style. It may be administered with safety to delicate persons or children. If it does not give satisfaction after a fair trial the money will be refunded. Price 25c, 50c, and $1. Sold by all druggists. WS*

Silver Plated Ware.

The latest designs, plain, elaborate and elegant patterns, at R. E. Breed & Co.'s, 100 Wood street.

Aniline Dyes.

We have just received a large invoice of these dyes, comprising all the popular colors, including Solferina, blue and green and are prepared to sell them very low.

McCLARAN & McKENNAN,
Druggists, 85 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth avenue.

W. D. Duffey,

Merchant Tailor, No. 24 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh. tf

China Ware.

A large assortment, embracing every variety of recent patterns, at R. E. Breed & Co.'s, 100 Wood street.

China Ware.

The newest patterns; elegant tea sets; an unlimited assortment of every article of China ware at R. E. Breed & Co.'s, 100 Wood street.

The Daily Commercial.

"THE FOES OF SOCIETY."

A Sensational Sermon on Sensational Journalism.

Rev. Mr. Frothingham, of New York, who officiated with Mr. Beecher at the Richardson-McFarland marriage, on Sunday last preached a sermon on "The Foes of Society," a good part of which was devoted to the press, and was exceedingly savage. Editors—of course not all, but some of them—he classed among the "cold blooded" foes of society, in contradistinction to the hot blooded and impulsive foes. The papers have given Mr. Frothingham a good deal of provocation, but hardly enough to justify this presentation of the newspaper press:

> Sometimes the cold-blooded man is an editor. It is his business, as an editor, to sell his paper. It is in the market. To sell his paper he must attract the multitude; but, to do that, he must create a sensation; and, in order to do that, he has his spies through society—his reporters and "interviewers," who waylay gentlemen in the street, intrude upon the sacredness of homes, pass into parlors and lurk around chamber doors and libraries of good men and women; and to drag out some secret, and extort something from men to be used against themselves, their wives, neighbors, or friends, is part of their business. If no story is to'd them vituperation is dealt in; and if the story is deemed unsuitable, it is misrepresented by the reporter when he leaves the door. Sometimes the editor is an atheist, and panders to the passions of the lower class of Roman Catholics, and would seek to arrest a clergyman in order to rescue an assassin from a merited doom or to blast the reputation of a defenseless woman. If the press were noble and worthy: if it really sought to educate the people; if it really meant to improve the condition of the community, by vindicating truth and espousing the cause of justice, it would be too powerful a despotism. If people could trust the press and give their reason over to it, the press would dominate every other influence. But, because of its wickedness, people pay no heed to it and cast its slanders off. If it were noble it would not do these things—spying into secrets, dragging the most sacred private interests before the world. Are they not the moral foes who carry falsification to the dignity of a science, and bring malignity to the perfection of an art?

Possibly some parts of this sensational oratory may apply to individuals scattered here and there throughout the country; but the preacher's idea seems to have been to covertly present it as a correct picture of the journalism of the day. In this light it does not strike us as being the perfection of Christian charity, or a whit more calculated to improve the morals of his hearers than the exploits of the terrible "cold-blooded editor." They are rather of a piece—both sensational—one in the pulpit and the other through the press, and Mr. Frothingham would hardly care to discuss which was the most sacred avenue of public instruction, or which should most rigidly be preserved free from hatred, exaggeration or misstatement.

* * *

How the Heavens are Shifting.

It is well known that "the eternal and incorruptible heavens," as they were termed by Aristotle, are undergoing continual and marked changes. The so-called fixed stars—the "landmarks of the universe"—have their own proper motions not accounted for by that of the solar system. Sirius—as that wonderful aid to physical astronomy, the spectroscope, reveals—is shooting through space at the rate of a thousand million miles a year. The star known as 61 Cygni has a traverse motion alone of one thousand four hundred and fifty million miles a year. Many stars more distant still, may even exceed this rate. Cooper's recent catalogue of stars shows that no fewer than seventy-seven stars previously catalogued are now missing. This, no doubt, is to be ascribed in part to the errors of former observations; but it is certain that to some extent at least it is the result of changes actually in progress in the sidereal system. Of temporary stars, about twenty have been observed, and more than six times that number are known to be variable. It appears quite certain also that some of the nebulae have undergone a change for both form and brilliancy. When the celestial lamps shall, by their own light, record their history on the photographic page, our knowledge of these mysterious luminaries, whose fires wax and wane, or go out in utter darkness, will be less involved in doubt.

* * *

Tea in a Tartar Tent.

I had taken the precaution to bring an empty bottle, and a paper of needles, which we immediately presented to the good woman of the tent. We had not long to wait for gratitude to show itself. Putting a large cauldron over the fire, she threw in some tallow, and after this had melted, poured in a quantity of water, to which, as soon as it had begun to boil, was added a liberal quantity of tea with salt, and small pieces of the fat of a sheep's tail. When this was done and a handful of parched millet sprinkled over the surface, the good woman served it up in wooden cups putting into each one a lump of cheese about the size of an egg. We stood almost aghast, frightened at the hospitable offering which our presents had called forth; and, indeed, a decoction of tallow, tea, fat, salt and cheese is certainly a formidable compound for a western palate. But notwithstanding the epithets with which we reviled the mixture, in a language fortunately unintelligible to our hostess, the cups were repeatedly filled, and as often emptied. Before we had left Mongolia this Tartar tea had become a favorite beverage with all of us.—*Prof. Pumpelly.*

* * *

Treatment of Small-pox.

A great discovery is said to have been recently made by a surgeon of the British army in China, in the way of an effectual remedy for small-pox. The mode of treatment is as follows: When the preceding fever is at its height, and just before the eruption appears, the chest is rubbed with croton oil and tartaric ointment. This causes the whole of the eruption to appear on that part of the body to the relief of the rest. It also secures a full and complete eruption, and thus prevents the disease from attacking the internal organs. This is now the established mode of treatment in the English army in China, and is regarded as a perfect cure.

APROPOS of Father Hyacinthe's presence in this country, the Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial* is responsible for the following: "A gentleman, lately from Paris, and one likely to know of what he talks of, told me, last night, that Father Hyacinthe had a body of powerful and wealthy friends who insisted, after he came to an issue with his Bishop, that he should retire to some place where he would be personally safe. It is said that the father remonstrated, but yielded at last to their earnest entreaties, and selected the United States as his place of temporary abode. These good friends furnish him the means to live on, for the Father belongs to an order the members of which take an oath of poverty, and therefore has nothing of his own."

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

WASHINGTON.

Constitutionality of the Legal Tender Act.

Judge Chase's Late Bank Tax Decision—The New Tariff Bill—The Next Census and the Apportionment Bill—Stokes on Tennessee Constitutional Convention—Case of Virginia Continued—Frauds on the Revenue in Cincinnati—Reward for the Arrest of a Murderer—The Farragut-Porter Case.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 14, 1869.

The Chief Justice's Bank Decision.

There has been a good deal of talk in Congressional circles to-day about the Supreme Court's decision on the bank tax question. Most persons think it shows that the Court will sustain the constitutionality of the legal tender act, about which there has for so long been so much discussion. This conclusion is founded on the language used by the Chief Justice speaking for the whole bench but Nelson and Davis. He declared that "Congress had the constitutional right to authorize the emission of bills of credit," and in still another place of "the exercise of indisputable constitutional powers of Congress to provide a currency for the whole country." These expressions lead Congressmen to the opinion that the legal tender act is safe enough.

The Tariff Bill.

The Ways and Means Committee hardly profess to have really finished any part of their tariff bill. They have fixed the duty on coffee at twenty instead of twenty-five cents per pound, and on tea at four instead of five cents. That on pig iron has been reduced from nine to seven dollars per ton, and that on scrap iron from eight to six dollars, while that on manufactured iron, of nearly all qualities, has been considerably increased. A good many drugs have been put on the free list. The Committee is going over the whole bill again before bringing it into the House, and is quite likely to change some of the figures heretofore fixed.

The Next Census.

The apportionment question has gone over in the House for further examination, and more careful debate. The sections in the census bill relating to it were cut out to-day on Mr. Garfield's motion by 91 to 52. He said his Committee would take up the matter at an early day, and bring in a new bill embracing this subject, and also that of fixing a uniform time for Congressional elections throughout the country. There is no intention on his part of having the next House chosen on the old basis of representation, and the Committee will stand by him in a plan for a change at the present session of Congress.

The Tennessee Constitutional Convention.

Mr. Stokes, of Tennessee, has written a letter to some prominent Republicans of Nashville upon the calling of the State convention to amend the constitution. He holds that the movement is illegal, unconstitutional, void and revolutionary. He thinks Congress will carefully investigate the late reported election frauds in Tennessee, and expresses great regret that the Republicans will not entirely absent themselves from the polls in the coming election for delegates to the convention.

First Meeting of Finance Committee.

The Finance Committee of the Senate had its first meeting of the session this morning, and generally talked over their business. Various pending nominations were referred to individual members for examination, and sundry pending bills were also handed over for a similar purpose. No idea of the Committee's views on financial questions could be obtained from what was said in their remarks.

Reconstruction.

The Reconstruction Committee this forenoon examined several applications for the removal of political disabilities, but did not finish anything. The Virginia case was put over to Saturday, which settles that this State will not get into Congress till after the holidays.

Revenue Frauds in Cincinnati.

Information has reached the city that enormous frauds upon the Treasury have been discovered in Cincinnati, extending over considerable time, and involving influential parties. Active measures are on foot to check the frauds and expose all concerned.

Reward for a Murderer.

Commissioner Delano to-day authorized a reward of one thousand dollars for the arrest of the Missouri distiller who killed Assistant Marshal Mooney lately, near Sedalia.

The Belgium Mission.

The Senate Foreign Relations Committee today agreed to report favorably upon several minor nominations, and laid over that of Russell Jones, Minister to Belgium, for further consideration. No action was taken on the President's recommendation to raise the Chinese Mission to first class.

Committee Expenses During the Recess.

The amounts telegraphed last night as the expenses of the Committees during the recess, and which amounted to $22,500, did not include vouchers given by the Election Committee, of which over twelve thousand have been allowed. The whole contingent fund of the House appropriated was $35,000.

The Prize Money Cases.

The trial of Porter-Farragut prize and bounty cases will begin on the 22d inst., in the Supreme Court of this district, before Judge Wylie.

Yeaman's Nomination.

The President stated to-day that if the Judiciary Committee of the Senate deemed Yeaman objectionable for Circuit Judge, he should withdraw him. In his mind Michigan and Kentucky had the strongest claims for the place. It still seems that either Emmons or Wythe will be appointed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 14, 1869.

THE NAVY.

The following telegram was received by the Secretary of the Navy to-day:

KEY WEST, December 13.—The Powhattan arrived here last evening from Nassau, with thirty-six men of the Lillian's expedition. The Severn arrived this morning. The Powhattan sails this afternoon for Philadelphia.

[Signed] C. H. POOR, Rear Admiral.

THE NEW REGULATIONS NOT SATISFACTORY.

The Secretary of the New York Liquor Dealers' Association was at the office of Internal Revenue to-day, and made an argument before Solicitor Smith and Deputy Commissioner Douglass, urging a modification of the recent orders from Commissioner Delano concerning the use of stand casks, and the requirement of compounders and rectifiers under the laws.

ABOLITION OF THE FRANKING PRIVILEGE.

The Postmaster General has notified the Congressional Postoffice Committees that the North German Confederation has abolished the franking privilege, and renews his recommendation that Congress do likewise.

PUBLIC LANDS.

Instructions have been issued to District Land Officers at Kenosha, La Crosse, Bayfield, Stevens Point and Euclaire, Wis., for the withdrawal of lands on account of a grant for roads from the Portage, Winnebago and Superior Railroad Company, which have been accepted by the department.

CONTESTED ELECTIONS.

The contested election case of Van Wyck *vs.* Green, of New York, and Covode *vs.* Foster, of Pennsylvania, were argued before the Committee on Elections to-day, and then referred to sub-committees.

INDIA RUBBER LITIGATION.

In the Supreme Court to-day, the case of the Providence Rubber Company against Charles Goodyear, executor of Charles Goodyear, deceased, the Union India Rubber Company and the Phœnix Rubber Company, on an appeal from the Circuit Court for the district of Rhode Island, was taken up and will occupy two or three days in argument. The case involves the extension of the Goodyear patent.

THE INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

The Senate Committee on the District of Columbia to-day agreed to report a bill to encourage and promote the international exhibition in Washington in 1870.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Elections in the Various Cities and Towns of the State.

BOSTON, December 13.—The vote for Mayor: Shurtleff, 11,293; Baldwin, Democrat, 4,197; Chase, Labor Reform, 197; Johnson, Temperance, 312. The City Council will be largely Republican.

Edwin Waldon, Citizens' candidate, was elected Mayor of Lynn.

W. H. Kent, anti-Annexation to Boston candidate, was elected Mayor of Charleston to-day by four hundred majority.

Robert Coach, Republican, was elected Mayor of Newburyport to-day.

WORCESTER, December 13.—Mayor Blake, Republican, was re-elected to-day by a large majority.

CUBA.

Skirmishes in the Eastern Department—Crews for the New Gunboats.

HAVANA, December 14.—Late intelligence from the eastern department is received, giving accounts of several skirmishes lately between the troops and insurgents near Santiago de Cuba, El Cabre and Holquin.

The Spanish man-of-war Isabel has sailed for New York, taking with her the crews for twelve of the Spanish gunboats just completed.

* * *

Most True.

Many large fortunes have been realized by the adulteration of malt and spirituous liquors, and so great have been the pecuniary inducements offered to brewers to make unwholesome ales and beer, that it was difficult to obtain a glass pure and harmless until Pier, Dannals & Co. commenced to brew cream ale. Chemists are invited to analyze this ale and discover, if they can, anything deleterious.

CONGRESS.

PROGRESS OF THE CENSUS BILL.

Meteorological Observations on the Lakes—Public Lands for Freedmen—Increase in the Mail Steamship Service—Eulogies on the Late Senator Fessenden.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 14, 1869.

SENATE.

Mr. THURMAN presented a joint resolution of the Legislature of Ohio, rejecting the proposed Fifteenth amendment to the Constitution.

Mr. KELLOGG introduced a bill making appropriation for the removal of obstructions in Bayou Teche. Referred. Also, a bill making appropriations for certain repairs to the Custom House at New Orleans.

Mr. TRUMBULL offered a resolution, which was agreed to, instructing the Committee on Public Lands to inquire whether land offices in States wherein there are no public lands for sale may not be dispensed with to the benefit of the public service.

Mr. DRAKE introduced a joint resolution extending for two years the time for the completion of the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad. Referred to the Committee on Pacific Railroad.

Mr. COLE introduced a bill to increase the mail steamship service between the United States and China and Japan. Referred to the Committee on Postoffices. It authorizes the Postmaster General to increase the ocean mail service between San Francisco and ports of China and Japan to a semi monthly service, upon the best terms and conditions that can be obtained, but not to exceed the rate of compensation authorized by the act of February 17, 1865, establishing monthly mail service. Also, a bill to fix the western terminus of the Pacific Railroad. It permits the Western Pacific Railroad to occupy for depot purposes so much of Yerba Bueno Island, in the harbor of San Francisco, as may be designated by the General of the army and the Secretary of War as not required in time of peace for military purposes, said privilege to be suspended in time of war or unusual danger.

Mr. HOWARD offered a resolution, which was agreed to, instructing the Committee on Finance to inquire and report whether it is not advisable to reduce the penalties mentioned in the internal revenue act of July 20, 1868.

Mr. COLE submitted a resolution instructing the Finance Committee to inquire into the expediency of imposing a tax of one dollar a gallon upon all distilled spirits, and also into the expediency of collecting tax upon all distilled spirits by taxing the capacity of stills. At his request it was laid on the table.

Mr. MORRILL, of Maine, announced the death of William Pitt Fessenden, late Senator from that State, and delivered an appropriate eulogy, concluding by offering the usual resolution of respect to his memory, and that Senators wear crape on the left arm for thirty days.

Messrs. Sumner, Trumbull, Anthony, Williams, Morrill, of Vermont, Cattell, Patterson, Davis, Vickers and Hamlin followed with tributes to the memory of Mr. Fessenden. The resolutions offered by Mr. Morrill were adopted, and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

A resolution was adopted calling on the Secretary of War for information as to the progress made in the work of improving and deepening the channels of the passes of the Mississippi river to the Gulf of Mexico.

Bills were introduced and referred as follows:

By Mr. FROSSER, to define and extend the jurisdiction and duties of United States Commissioners.

By Mr. PAINE, to authorize the Secretary of War to provide for taking meteorological observations at military stations in the interior of the continent, and for giving notice on northern lakes and the Atlantic seaboard of the approach and force of storms. The bill recites that the record of marine disasters on the northern lakes for 1869 and 1869 shows that in 1868 there were 1,164 casualties, involving a loss of life of 621, and property of $3,114,000, and that in 1869 there were 1,914, with a loss of 209 lives and $4,100,000 worth of property; that in 1868 there were totally lost 105 vessels, of the value of $1,207,300, and in 1869 there were 126 vessels lost, of the value of $1,414,200. It recites further that scientific observations have already shown that the course of storms in the United States is generally from west to east, and have made known their rate of progress by the preceding changes of the barometer, and that a large proportion of the loss of life and property by marine disasters on the Northern lakes might be avoided by timely notice to mariners of approaching storms.

By Mr. CLARK, for a grant of land to the Republican Valley Railroad and Telegraph Company, and for the disposal of such lands to actual settlers.

By Mr. McCREERY, making a temporary appropriation for the prosecution of the work for the improvement of Des Moines Rapids in the Mississippi river.

By Mr. HOOPER, to limit the liability of ship owners concerning maritime lines.

By Mr. SHANKS, for furnishing at the cost of the War Department, clothing to needy and indigent soldiers, sailors and marines in soldiers' Homes.

Mr. WARD obtained leave to have printed and recommitted to the Committee on Reconstruction a bill pending for the admission of Virginia to representation in Congress upon certain fundamental conditions. The conditions are that the constitution of Virginia shall never be so amended or changed as to deprive any citizen or class of citizens of the United States of the right to vote in that State who are entitled to vote by the constitution thereof now to be recognized, or of the right to sit upon juries, or of the right to an equal participation in school fund and school privileges as now recognized by such constitution; provided, that any alteration of such constitution may be made with regard to the time and place of residence of voters.

Mr. SCHENCK presented a report from the agent of the Treasury Department in Alaska, in relation to the disposition to be made of the two fur seal bearing islands, giving a plan by which it is supposed $500,000 a year can be made by the Government from these islands. Ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. KELLEY presented a memorial of the National Colored Labor Convention, praying that the surveyed public lands in the Southern States may be subdivided into tracts of forty acres each, and that any freedman who shall settle on one of said sub-divided tracts and cultivate the same for one year shall receive a patent for same, the title of said land to rest in the settler and his heirs, and to be inalienable for a period of ten years from date of entry; and further, that the grants of public lands made by the Government to railroad corporations of the Southern States, and forfeited by reason of noncompliance with the conditions annexed to such grant, shall not be revived, but that the lands embraced in such lapsed grants be brought within the operation of the homestead act.

The President sent a message to the House announcing that he had approved the bill for the removal of political disabilities from a large number of persons.

The House went into committee on the Census bill. Discussion followed on the amendments offered yesterday by Messrs. Judd and Coburn, providing for the apportionment of representation in next Congress.

Mr. COBURN finally withdrew his, and Mr. JUDD'S was rejected, 54 against 95.

Mr. GARFIELD moved to strike out section 24, which proposed to fix the number of representatives. He thought it wiser to leave the whole matter of apportionment out of the bill, and let it be reported in another bill, which could also provide as to the manner and time of electing members of Congress. In reply to Mr. Allison, he said he proposed to introduce such a bill during the present session.

Mr. ALLISON assenting, the section was then struck out to section 26, requiring statistics of railroad and canal companies, of coastwise trade and lake and inland river navigation.

Mr. GARFIELD proposed to add express, telegraph and life, fire and marine insurance companies. In the discussion, he and Mr. WOODWARD alluded to the immense profits of life insurance, the latter calling it one of the most stupendous frauds ever practiced.

Mr. INGERSOLL offered an amendment requiring statistics from bankers and brokers, which was adopted.

Mr. COX expressed the opinion that the bill was overloaded with inquisitorial requirements, which would delay the completion of the census ten years. If they would do something for the people by federation, let them stop granting subsidies and land to railroads. Gentlemen on the other side were responsible for building up these monopolies, and now wanted information how to grapple with the children they had created. Why did they on every occasion vote down cheap labor and cheap bread in voting against a reciprocity? Why not assist the people in a practical way?

Mr. PETERS asked whether it was not a Democratic Congress that made those grants.

Mr. COX replied that there had not been a Democratic Congress since 1863.

Mr. SCOFIELD added that there never would be again.

Mr. COBB, of Wisconsin, offered an amendment to Mr. Garfield's requiring information of the amount of United States bonds held by corporations and individuals. He wished the information in the hope that the Ways and Means Committee would devise a plan of taxing the interest thereon.

Mr. UPSON offered a substitute requiring information as to United States bonds held by corporations, executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, and by individuals.

Mr. GARFIELD said he would be glad to get that information, but the Census Committee had come to the conclusion it would be useless to attempt it. It could not be got.

Pending discussion, at a quarter past three, a message was received from the Senate announcing its proceedings in reference to the death of Senator Fessenden. Eulogies of the late Senator were pronounced by Messrs. LYNCH, PETERS, HALE, BROOKS, of New York, and DAWES, after which the House adjourned.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, December 14, 1869.

COUNTERFEITERS ARRESTED.

To-day Conrad Fatzer, Sr., and Conrad Fatzer, Jr., were brought before Commissioner Betts, charged with forging and printing counterfeit revenue stamped checks. About $60,000 worth of counterfeit checks were found on the premises of defendants, who are lithographers at 126 William street. Seventeen presses, on which the checks were worked off, were also seized at the same place. Both defendants were held, in default of $20,000 each, for examination.

Otto Kiertzman, keeper of a retail store in Hoboken, and Wm. Boggs and Robert Parker, aged respectively nineteen and twenty years, were to-day brought before Commissioner Osborn, on a charge of dealing in counterfeit money. During the latter part of last week bills on the Market National Bank of this city were put in circulation in Brooklyn. Parker and Boggs have acknowledged that they purchased the bills from Kiertzman. The prisoners were jailed, bail for Kiertzman being fixed at $15,000, and Boggs and Parker at $3,000 each. A portion of the counterfeit money has been seized.

MORE ABOUT THE GUNBOATS.

Mr. Webster, counsel for the Spanish Government, to-day formally moved for the dismissal of the libels against the Spanish gunboats. The Court granted the motion. It is probable fifteen of the vessels will get away to-morrow. The greater part of to-day was occupied in shipping their chief engineers. The Spanish Minister was quite active during the day. The engineers, firemen and coal heavers were ordered to report on board early Wednesday morning.

COMMISSIONER WELLS'S REPORT.

It is officially stated the report of Special Commissioner of Revenue Wells will be ready to send to Congress on Thursday. There was a rumor this afternoon that Chief Appraiser Palmer had seized a large amount of sugar for alleged undervaluation.

NOT YET FOUND.

Detectives have not yet discovered the whereabouts of either Gray or Pratt, the alleged State bounty bond swindlers. Eugene Fink, who negotiated some of the loans made by Gray & Co., on altered bonds, is undergoing examination before the Governing committee of the Stock Exchange. Jay Cooke & Co. deny that they purchased some of the altered bonds from Gray. A rumor on the street this afternoon that Gray was arrested in Philadelphia, is probably unfounded.

SCANNEL BEAT.

The Board of Canvassers report Nesbitt elected Alderman in the Sixteenth District, over Florence Scannel, by 78 majority.

MURDERED AND ROBBED.

It is reported that Thos. Greenwood, who disappeared from West Hoboken on the 7th of December, was murdered and robbed by persons who pursued him from New York. It appears Greenwood received from his late home in Illinois about $9,000 on the day he was last seen.

GOLD SALES.

The Assistant Treasurer sold to-day a million gold at 122, and $130,000 at 122 23-100.

* * *

The news from Hayti states that the Cacas are in full possession of the northern part of the island, and are making extensive preparations to attack Port au Prince. Five steamers belonging to the insurgents are coaling here for the purpose of joining in the attack. Salnave is reported at Petionville. The French war steamer is anchored at Port au Prince. The British steamer Cherub has arrived, with Mr. Basset, the American Minister, on board. Port au Prince is reported to be in a wretched condition. One dollar in gold is selling for four thousand dollars in Haytien currency.

* * *

Low Rates for Flour.

At the prices of flour in this city farmers in the West cannot receive much for wheat. Jenkins & Bro., our flour men, have reduced prices again this week on many brands, and are receiving large amounts of flour, especially of the celebrated White river brands. No occasion now for any dealer buying poor flour or for paying high prices. See their advertisement on this page.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

A Grand Lodge of Masons is in session in Richmond, comprising two hundred and eleven representatives from two hundred and thirty-three lodges of Virginia, West Virginia and Louisiana. The admission of colored Masons is to be considered.

The pork packing season in Indiana is nearly closed, more from the want of currency than the failure of hogs. There will not be as many slaughtered as last season, but the superior weight may make the product about the same.

Between four and five thousand men are now employed in the construction of the Indianapolis and St. Louis Railroad, between Indianapolis and Terre Haute. The rails have been laid seven miles west of that city. The road is ballasted as fast as the iron is laid. The railroad shops will probably be located at Mattoon.

A Santiago dispatch says that the Haytien steamer was seized on the coast and taken to that place under suspicion of having landed arms for the Cubans. The same dispatch says several hundred men of the Valmaseda battalion have arrived. Fighting at Mogote still continues, and some of the Spanish wounded are coming in. The cholera is decreasing.

Track laying on the Elkhorn Valley Railroad commenced at Fremont on Saturday last. The first ten miles of the road are already graded. A temporary pile bridge over the Missouri will be built as soon as the ferry boats will be stopped by ice. Track laying on the Denver Pacific Railroad reached Evans station on Saturday last. It is probable that this will remain the winter station.

Rev. A. H. Toeble, of St. Philomene Catholic Church, Cincinnati, received from Rome on Monday, credentials as Bishop of the Diocese of Covington.

The Western Distillers' Association, comprising twenty-nine firms, was organized in Cincinnati on Monday. Its object is to protect the interests of the Government; fix the value of product; retain the present law if possible, and recommend that Congress legislate to prevent frauds. A resolution was passed protesting against the change of the fermenting period to forty-eight hours. Also, that the Executive Committee lay the results of the experiment on the short process of fermentation before the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

In the Alabama Legislature on Monday, the Senate consumed the morning discussing a bill allowing negroes equal privileges in railroad cars, steamships, &c. An amendment was offered to provide equal separate accommodations. Mr. Royal, the only colored Senator, favored the amendment; said sensible negroes did not ask social equality, and denounced the bill as a piece of demagogueism. The bill was postponed.

The Wyoming Legislature adjourned *sine die* on Saturday. Gov. Campbell has signed the Woman's Suffrage bill, and it is now a law of the Territory.

The "ring" still continues to control affairs in San Francisco, and a portion of the press urge the formation of a Vigilance Committee as the only way to redress the people's wrongs.

An official statement, just rendered, shows that of the two million dollars placed at the disposal of the President to maintain peace with and among the Indians, $356,370 have been expended. Of the balance, one million and a half will be required to pay for subsistence furnished and to be furnished by the Commissary Department for feeding the Sioux, Kiowas, Comanches, Apaches, Cheyennes, Arapahoes and others. The residue will be used for incidental expenses and to meet emergencies.

General Morgan, a leading Democratic member of the Georgia Legislature, has published a rejoinder to Congressman Tift's letter, in which he says neither the Senate or the House intended to submit the question of the eligibility of colored members to seats in the Legislature to the Supreme Court. The present Legislature never will reseat negroes, nor will it pass the Fifteenth Amendment. These are settled facts. For myself, I have been a submissionist as long as I intend to be, and have gone as far as I intend to go to gratify the unhallowed will and domineering spirit of a corrupt Congress. The Democratic papers quote the above as manly sentiments, and having the ring of true metal. General Morgan occupies the seat of an expelled negro member. The press of the State denounce General Terry as an infamous liar, and advocate making the State too hot to hold the friends of the administration. An attempt was made to assassinate S. A. Darnell and Peter O'Neill, Republican members of the Legislature, at Milledgeville, a few days since.

The morocco factory of C. C. Perkins, in Charlestown, Mass., including machinery and a portion of the stock, were destroyed by fire Monday night. Loss $30,000, partially insured.

Neil McLaughlin, who was on trial in Philadelphia for complicity in the Brooks assassination case, was yesterday found guilty.

The sentence of Benj. Teachent, convicted of murder in having poisoned his wife in Wyoming county, N. Y., has been commuted to imprisonment for life.

The case of Caldwell, who was committed at Montreal for extradition, has been again before the court. Judge Coursol dismissed the motion for the prisoner's discharge. It is said counsel will appeal to the Court of Queen's Bench at Quebec.

There was a destructive fire at Point Levi, Canada, Monday night. A large hotel and two other buildings were destroyed.

A boiler at Wessel's bakery, on Union street, Nashville, exploded yesterday morning, throwing the engineer, Mr. Mahn, some distance, and mangling him dreadfully. The boiler was outside the house, and did but little damage to it.

The Tennessee Senate yesterday agreed to the House amendment to its common school bill, which goes into effect immediately. It adopts the county system of taxation, and virtually puts an end to common schools in that State.

Both branches of the Tennessee Legislature called in a body on Mrs. Polk, yesterday afternoon, and were pleasantly received and entertained.

The charter election at Ogdensburg, New York, resulted in the election of Bridges, Republican, Mayor, a Republican Common Council, etc.

Hon. Henry M. Waite, formerly Chief Justice of Connecticut, died yesterday.

The Boston *Evening Journal* mentions a rumored defalcation of some $50,000, at the Howard National Bank. The defalcation was discovered during an official examination of the affairs of the bank by the Government Commissioner. The person held accountable has probably been engaged in speculation for a long time. The loss will not affect the capital of the bank.

An explosion of naptha, yesterday, at No. 19 Hawley street, Boston, severely burned W. S. Drake, manufacturer of portable gas machines, and slightly injured several workmen.

One ballot was had for United States Senator at Frankfort, Ky., yesterday, without choice. In the Senate the vote stood: Stevenson 13, McCreery 12, Turner 6, Boone 2, Finley (Republican) 2, Rice 2, Breck 1. In the House—Stevenson 34, McCreery 34, Turner 11, Finley 8, Ring 3, Rice 3, Breck 2. McCreery will probably be elected to-day, as a majority of the scattering votes are known to be for him.

Robert Sawtell, a well known and respected freight conductor on the Lake Shore Railroad, died yesterday afternoon from injuries received in the morning by falling from a train between Clyde and Fremont, Ohio.

A female suffrage convention is in session at Worcester, Mass. Among the speakers are Mrs. Livermore, Julia Ward Howe and others.

There are about sixty Ohio county auditors in session at Columbus, with Mr. La Rue, of Hamilton county, as Chairman. The object of the Convention is to consider questions relating to the assessment of real estate.

Peter Geldreick, the supposed murder of his wife and child, near Troy, Indiana, in November, was acquitted after a three day's trial. Since his acquittal he has become a raving maniac.

The residence of Ralph Saunders, late collector of internal revenue, on Linden street, Memphis, Tenn., was burned on Tuesday night, together with the furniture. Loss $10,000.

Cornelius C. Donoghue, of Titusville, Pa., yesterday obtained a verdict in the Supreme Court at Buffalo, New York, against the Erie Railway Company for $30,000 for damages sustained at the Mast Hope disaster.

There was a convention of railroad and steamboat passenger ticket agents at the Sherman house, Chicago, yesterday morning, the principal lines being well represented. Charles E. Follett, of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, took the chair, and Samuel Powell, of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, acted as Secretary. The object of the meeting is a revision and division of rates. The session will continue three or four days.

Two firemen, Edward Frick and Augustus Frick, were arrested in Erie, Pa., last night, on suspicion of being the Erie "fire bugs." There is great excitement in consequence.

Governor Geary has withdrawn his official order for the execution of Dr. Schœppe, pending the action of the Supreme Court.

A Kingston, Jamaica, dispatch of November 30th says: The steamer Estrella, while sailing from Cape Hayti to Port Au Prince, sprung a leak on the night of November 27th. A large crack was discovered below the water line, upon the discovery of which a panic ensued among the passengers and crew. Five of the passengers, including Mr. Gregg, the American Consul at Kingston, escaped in a small boat and reached San Nicolas. A perfect pandemonium prevailed, but by the efforts of the officers the Estrella was kept afloat and reached Molesta, Nicolas, early Sunday morning, where she was met by a schooner, which took her passengers off and brought them to this city, where they arrived this morning.

Congressman Hopkins, of Wisconsin, was worse yesterday.

Iowa has now over three hundred thousand dollars in her treasury, and does not owe a dollar.

The Alabama Senate discussed yesterday without definite action the Omnibus Railroad bill. It proposes to issue State bonds to certain roads to the amount of several millions, for which the State is to hold their second mortgage bonds and to indorse several millions more bonds of several other roads, for which the State is to hold first mortgage bonds. It is thought the bill cannot pass, although strong influences are pushing it. Both houses will adjourn to-day until the 10th of January.

A party of one hundred armed men took two negroes out of the Richmond, Ky., jail Sunday night, hung one, whipped the other and sent him back to jail.

The first meeting of the Army of the Cumberland will be held at the Academy of Music, Indianapolis, at two o'clock to-day. Colonel Nelson Trussel will make the reception speech. Gens. Negley, Haskill, Wood and Scribner arrived last evening. General Sheridan will be there.

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK, A. M.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Reception of Mr. Peabody's Remains on Board the Ironclad Monarch—Speech of Minister Motley—Provisions of Mr. Peabody's Will—Meeting of the Ecumenical Council To-day—The Rinderpest in London—The Pope's Receipts from "Peter's Pence"—The Carlists Active on the Spanish Frontier, &c., &c.

Reception of Mr. Peabody's Remains on Board the Monarch.

LONDON, December 13.—The reception of the remains of the late George Peabody, on board the iron-clad Monarch, took place on Saturday last. Although it was intended that the proceedings should be privately conducted, they were attended by an interesting demonstration of respect. The remains were accompanied to the place of embarkation by Sir Curtis Sampson, Charles Reade, Minister Motley, J. S. Morgan, and H. Somerby. They were received at the dock by the municipal authorities of Portsmouth, and the officers and marines of Her Majesty's ship Monarch, and of the United States steamer Plymouth. Her Majesty's ship Duke of Wellington fired the minutes during the embarkation. The ships in the harbor displayed their flags at half mast, and dipped their ensigns as the Monarch steamed out.

On the arrival of the coffin on board the Monarch, Mr. Motley addressed Captain Commerell, commander of the ship, as follows: "Sir—The President of the United States having been informed of the death of the great philanthropist, the lamented Mr. Peabody, at once ordered a ship from the European squadron of the United States to proceed to the country in order to convey his remains to America. Simultaneously Her Majesty, the Queen, being apprised of the sad event, gave orders that one of her Majesty's ships should be appointed to perform the same office. This double honor from the heads of two great nations to a simple American citizen was, like his bounty to the poor of both nations, quite unprecedented. The President has yielded most cordially to the wish of the Queen, and the remains of Mr. Peabody are now to be conveyed across the Atlantic in the British vessel to his native country to be buried with his kindred, while the American national vessel will accompany her as consort on the voyage. All that was mortal, therefore, of our lamented friend was taken this morning from Westminster Abbey, where very rarely before in history did a foreigner of any nation find a sepulchre, whether temporarily or permanently, and has been brought to this port. As Minister of the Republic at the Court of Her Majesty, I have been requested by the relatives and Executors of Mr. Peabody who are now present, to confide these, his revered remains, to your keeping. This duty I have now the honor of fulfilling."

Captain Commerell replied: "Mr. Motley—I accept this sacred trust, sir, in the same spirit in which you have confided it to my care, and I assure you that these remains shall be cared for and guarded by me and those around me with jealous interest as sacred relics of one whose memory will be ever held dear by the people of my country."

His Will.

LONDON, December 13.—The last will and testament of the late Mr. George Peabody has not yet been passed for probate at Doctors' Commons in this city. The contents of this important document are, however, set forth substantially as follows, viz: Mr. Peabody's property in England is set down at under £400,000. He bequeaths £5,000 to each of the executors; £150,000 to his London charity, payable in three years, after the manner in which he directs; a few legacies of minor amounts to individuals, and the balance remaining to be divided as provided among his relatives in America. The trustees are Mr. George Peabody Russell and two other nephews, who are made residuary legatees and empowered to settle all the affairs connected with the property in America, which is estimated as ranging between $750,000 and $1,000,000.

The Ecumenical Council.

ROME, December 14.—The Council meets tomorrow simply for the purpose of attending to some details of organization. The Committees on Faith, Discipline, Orders and Eastern Affairs are to be formed. These committees will comprise in all eighty-six members, who are to be appointed by vote of the Council. The official list of persons entitled to attend the Council is published. It contains the names of fifty-five Cardinals, eleven Patriarchs, nine hundred and twenty-seven Archbishops, Bishops and Abbots, twenty-two Mitred Abbots and twenty-nine Generals of religious orders.

The Monarch Detained.

LONDON, December 14.—The steamer Monarch, having the remains of George Peabody on board, has not yet put to sea, owing to a heavy gale.

The Rinderpest.

Much alarm is created by the sudden breaking out of the rinderpest in the great cattle show in this city.

Outrages in Dublin.

DUBLIN, December 14.—A gunshop in this city was entered last night by persons unknown, and its owner shot. The assassins escaped. Another gunshop was entered shortly afterwards, the owner was fired at and a number of pistols taken away.

Carlists Active.

MADRID, December 14.—The Carlists are very active on the French and Portuguese frontier.

Ordered to Leave France.

PARIS, December 14.—Paul Angels, a deputy to the Spanish Cortes and a fugitive from Spain, has been ordered to leave France.

Eugenie to the Pope.

PARIS, December 14.—Empress Eugenie has written a letter to the Pope, expressing regret at not being able to visit His Holiness.

Peter's Pence.

ROME, December 14.—Bishops have brought a number of addresses and presents to the Pope from the faithful in all parts of the world. It is officially stated that since 1858 the Holy See has received 160,000,000 francs from contributions to Peter's pence.

Marine News.

LONDON, December 14.—The steamers France, Nestorian and Ohio have arrived out.

London Money Market.

LONDON, December 14, Evening.—Consols for money 92⅝@92¾; account 92¾. American securities quiet and steady; '62s, 86; '65s, 84¼; '67s, 87; Eries, 20¼; Illinois, 99¾; Atlantic and Great Western, 26¾; stocks steady.

Paris Bourse.

PARIS, December 14.—Bourse dull; rentes 72 francs, 95 centimes.

U. S. Bonds at Frankfort.

FRANKFORT, December 14.—Bonds firm at 91⅜@91½.

FRANKFORT, December 14.—United States bonds closed firm but quiet at 91¾.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, December 14.—Cotton market steady; middling uplands 11⅞d; Orleans 12⅛d; sales 1,000 bales. Manchester market steady. California white wheat 9s 8d; red western No. 2 8s 3d; winter 8s 9d@8s 10. Receipts for three days 7,500 quarters, including 6,000 American. Western flour 21s 6d. Corn—No. 2 mixed 28s 9d. Oats 2s 10d. Pork 110s. Beef 107s. Lard 76s 6d. Cheese 68s. Bacon 66s 6d for new. Spirits petroleum 1s 4d; refined 1s 7¾d. Tallow 45s 6d.

London Produce Market.

LONDON, December 14.—Tallow 47s. Sugar firmer at 29s afloat. Whale oil £39. Calcutta linseed 58s 6d@58s 9d.

Petroleum Markets.

Petroleum at Antwerp quiet and unchanged. Bremen and Hamburg flat.

ANTWERP, December 14.—Petroleum closed flat at 59¾ francs.

Havre Cotton Market.

HAVRE, December 14.—Cotton quiet.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

The State University of California—News from Guadalajara—No Security for Person or Property.

SAN FRANCISCO, December 14.—The Regents of the University of California have resolved to abolish all fees after April 6, 1870, and declare the institution free to properly qualified applicants from all countries. They have also requested the Legislature to pass a law permitting the Board to organize a preparatory department in the University.

Colima advices are received to November 30. The condition of Guadalajara is reported to be a state of anarchy. There is no security to life or person. Murders, robberies and assaults are of daily occurrence. Several Mazatlan reporters visited Tepic to ascertain whether Placido Vegas proposed to change the Collectorship of Mazatlan. The result of the visit is that Vegas is believed to be a humbug and imposter. Cargoes now expected from Europe will probably discharge at San Blas, where the Collector is more tractable than at Mazatlan or Guaymas.

* * *

On Sunday night a man named Murphy, living in Owantanno, Minn., went to the house of a man named Hickey, called him out and with a club beat him to death. He also badly beat Mrs. Hickey.

ADDITIONAL MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Latest Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, December 14—10 P. M.

In the afternoon there was but a limited movement in the grain markets, but a closer feeling prevailed. No 2 spring wheat selling at 85c, cash. Corn dull at 77½c cash. Oats, rye and barley neglected and prices nominally the same as noted above. At the evening board the markets were inactive. Provisions quiet and firm.

Cambridge Cattle Market.

CAMBRIDGE, December 14.—Beef cattle—receipts 1,025; market improved with quicker sales at ¼c advance; extra $12 50@13; first quality $12@12 25; second quality $10 50@11 50; third quality $8 50@10. Sheep and lambs—receipts 6,356; demand revived and prices 1c higher; sales of extra at 3½@8c.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, December 14.—Cotton closed easier at 24@24½c for middlings; sales 5,150 bales. Receipts 5,964 bales; exports to Havre 4,706 bales. Other articles unchanged.

CUBAN AFFAIRS.

The Organ of the Revolutionists in New York on the Position of the Administration—What General Grant Said Last May.

La Revolucion is the official organ of the Cuban revolutionists in New York. Mr. Cameron's resolution in the Senate, the other day, calling on the President for Cuban information, and the allusion to the subject in the message, have induced that journal to declare a number of facts more or less in the nature of revelation. They would seem to demand earnest attention from all whom they concern; and are (1), that there is data in abundance in Mr. Fish's hands of the impotency of Spain; (2), that Mr. Fish has virtually recognized the Cubans in discussions with their representative of propositions for the independence of the Island; (3), that he demanded explicitly in the last days of July that Spain should leave the Island; (4), that Spain was almost ready to yield, and that Mr. Fish knows what changed the mind of Marshal Prim; (5), that Mr. Fish dictated to Mr. Sickles that remarkable note which raised a blister on Spain; (6), that the significance of these steps has not been explained away or shorn of its virtues; (7), that General Grant observed last May that the Cubans would at last obtain more than they expected, and has on every occasion repeated this judgment, though not believing the instant recognition of Cuba would be profitable.

With this pointed array of statements, *La Revolucion* takes comfort from President Grant's doctrine that the nation is its own proper judge as to whether belligerent rights shall be conceded to a struggling people.

* * *

The office of the Northern Central Railroad Company at Elmira, N. Y., was broken into on Monday night, the safe blown open, and checks and drafts for over $13,000, with about $500 in greenbacks, stolen. The paymaster had arrived in town the evening previous, which was probably known to the burglars. There is no clue to the burglars. Payment on the checks and drafts has been stopped.

CITY MATTERS.

List of Unmailable Letters.

The following is a list of letters held at the Pittsburgh Postoffice for want of pre-payment of postage and on account of misdirection. The writers can get them by applying at the Post-office:

	Cents.
Ekin, Mrs Fanny, Porter, Pa	3
Farnsworth, Miss Mary, Lancaster, Wis	3
Jackson, Miss Mary, Alleghany, Pa	3
Kier, Miss Anna, Tarentum, Pa	3
McCormick, Wm., Altoona, Pa	1
Smith, Rufus, Altoona, Pa	1
Stouffer, Mrs. C. J., Philadelphia, Pa	3
Stoeffer, Myers & Hickman, Philadelphia, Pa	3
Stouffer, Annie and Harry, Philadelphia, Pa	3
Skiles, M. J., Columbiana, Ohio	3
Williamson, Miss Alice, Harrisburgh, Pa	3

ATTEMPTED POCKET PICKING.—About two o'clock yesterday morning, Officer Charles Havis, of the Union Depot police, arrested a man giving his name as Alonzo Edict, for attempting to pick the pocket of several passengers who arrived on the "fast line," Pennsylvania Railroad. Edict had been loafing about the depot for several days past, and on the arrival of the train yesterday morning, was observed elbowing his way into the crowd of passengers. A few moments afterwards, Officer Havis detected him in the act of robbing a passenger. He was arrested and placed in the lock-up, and some hours later, information being made against him, he was committed to jail for ninety days on a charge of being a "professional" thief. Edict says he is from New York.

EXCITEMENT IN THE LOCK-UP.—Matt Green, a cripple, was at the lock-up during the Arnold-Hartman excitement yesterday, and acting disorderly Captain Graham ordered him out. He refused to go, when he was locked up. Shortly afterwards the sound of a pistol was heard in the watch house, and going to the cell in which Green was confined, Captain Graham discovered him firing a revolver through the bars. He threatened to shoot any man who came near him, but Captain Graham had no fears of being hurt, and soon put an end to his proceedings. At the four o'clock hearing, Green was fined twenty-five dollars and costs, and discharged on the payment thereof.

MONOPOLIES.—Rev. S. P. Lian could not have hit upon a happier theme than the one announced as the subject of his lecture for tomorrow evening. It is up to the times, and suited to the present condition of affairs in our country and city. We doubt not but that the subject will receive a thorough ventilation. The prospects are good for a crowded house, and speculation is rife as to what monopolies will receive most attention at the hands of the lecturer.

DESERTER ARRESTED.—H. B. Alexander, a deserter from the Allegheny arsenal, Seventeenth ward, was arrested in Virgin alley, by officer Samuel Long of the Mayor's police, yesterday morning. Alexander is about twenty-two years of age, and belongs to Mifflin county. He deserted November 29, 1869, in company with Walker Seaton. Alexander was taken to the arsenal and handed over to the care of Maj. R. H. K. Whitely, commandant. Seaton has not yet been apprehended.

BOARDING HOUSE ROBBERY.—F. S. Karl, a boarding house keeper, on East Lane, Allegheny, reported at the Allegheny Mayor's office yesterday, that one of his boarders, Wensel Stofen, had suddenly disappeared Monday night, and simultaneously with his departure he (Karl) missed a violin, several vests and coats and other clothing belonging to the boarders, and forty dollars belonging to Karl. He knows not where Stofen has gone.

IN TROUBLE.—Two boys named Berry went into P. McArdle's clothing store, on Smithfield street, yesterday afternoon, and while there one of them managed to appropriate three or four neck ties. He was observed, and officer Newbert called to arrest them. Both were drunk, and there being no charge of larceny preferred against them, they were locked up simply for drunkenness.

A LIVELY contest is likely to ensue for the various offices to be filled when the South Side boroughs consolidate. There will be several prominent candidates for Mayor, Controller, Treasurer, Collector and Council. There is very good material in the several boroughs to select from, however, and that is what is going to make the contest lively.

COMMENDABLE.—The sidewalks around the Allegheny city building, the Market House, on Federal and Ohio streets, and in the Diamond were cleaned yesterday by members of the Ellsworth Hose Company. The crossings at Federal and Ohio street were also washed by the same gentlemen.

ALARM OF FIRE.—About four o'clock yesterday afternoon an alarm of fire sounded from box 54, corner Center avenue and Arthurs street. The engines of the district answered, but there appeared to be no occasion for the alarm, to the disgust of the firemen.

ACCIDENT.—An accident occurred on Webster avenue, Eleventh ward, yesterday. A carter engaged in dumping dirt on the avenue, backed his horse and cart over the embankment, the horse turning several somersaults before reaching the bottom. He was not killed, however.

PREACHING TO-NIGHT.—The Rev. W. J. Sheehan will preach this evening at 7:30 o'clock in the lecture room of the First Methodist church, Fifth avenue above Smithfield street. He is a very interesting and instructive preacher. The public are cordially invited.

TRANSPORTATION TO WORKHOUSE.—The Board of Managers of the Workhouse desire it to be known that they are not responsible for the transportation of criminals to the Workhouse. They only agree to receive them at the Workhouse.

RUNAWAY ACCIDENT.—A runaway accident occurred on Federal street, Allegheny, yesterday, the occupant of the wagon attached to the runaway horse, Edward H. Willis, being thrown out and slightly injured by the wheel of the wagon passing over his ankle.

NEARLY DROWNED.—An unknown man walked off the guards of the steamboat St. Charles, Monday evening, and was nearly drowned, when Mr. Fairman, clerk at the wharfboat, rescued him. He was intoxicated and unable to tell his name.

THE officers of the various boroughs on the South Side are busily engaged arranging the finances of the respective boroughs in order to have the plan of consolidation under advisement more thorough and perfect.

EAST BIRMINGHAM has thirty street lamps, and is the best lighted borough on the South Side.

THE weather underwent a sudden change last evening, and towards midnight it became quite cold.

TRAVEL on our street railways is said to be unusually large just now.

THE twenty-first of the present month will be the shortest day of the year.

Public Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—Robertson's new comedy of "Home" was presented last evening to a fair audience, and Miss Emma Maddern was well received in the part of "Miss Pinchbeck." The comedy is an interesting domestic sketch, and was received with great favor by the audience. This evening Miss Maddern will appear as "Eily O'Connor," in Boucicault's drama of "The Colleen Bawn."

THEATER.—M'me. Senyeah continues to give her transept flight every evening, to large and admiring audiences. The comedy company and the vocalists and danseuses add greatly to the entertainment by their performances.

VARIETIES.—Gen. Grant, Jr., the smallest atom performing on the stage, is a wonder, and amuses large audiences nightly. He is ably assisted by the talented stock company, which gives a varied and attractive performance.

MASONIC HALL.—Theodore Thomas's orchestral combination, comprising twenty-two solo performers, will give their first concert at Masonic Hall to-night. The great reputation of this company, and the extensive and unsolicited encomiums of the press everywhere they have performed, warrants us in saying that the concerts will be rare musical treats indeed. But two concerts only will be given, so that those who wish to hear them should attend early.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—Humpty Dumpty and the Kiralfy Ballet Troupe had another large audience last evening, and the performances of G. L. Fox as clown, and C. K. Fox as Pantaloon, were warmly applauded. There are many new and amusing tricks introduced by Mr. Fox, and the pantomime is deservedly popular. It will be repeated this evening, and all who can conveniently attend should go and see it. Seats may be secured at Kleber & Bro.'s, 122 Wood street.

EAST BIRMINGHAM COUNCILS.

Regular Meeting.

A regular monthly meeting of the Council of East Birmingham was held last evening, in the hall of the Walton Engine House, on Sarah street.

Members present: Messrs. Beck, Miller, Jones and Burgess Schultz, who occupied the chair.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

The Clerk read the resignations of John F. Walter and John Foell, Councilmen, which, on motion, were accepted.

The next business in order was declared to be nominations to fill the vacancies occasioned by the resignations of Messrs. Walter and Foell, and the following were made: Mr. Seth Larkins, Mr. Peter Haberman and Mr. David Hamm. Messrs. Larkins and Haberman were elected.

Mr. Larkins being present, the oath of office was administered by the Burgess, and the gentleman took his seat.

Mr. Beck, from the Finance Committee, asked for further time to examine the accounts of the Treasurer. He recommended that a meeting of the Council be held on Monday evening next, to examine the finances of the borough. Persons holding the borough bonds should be in attendance at this meeting. The report was accepted and approved.

Mr. Jones reported that the Street Committee had ordered the laying of a number of street crossings, and also the erection of several gas lamps, and the work was being proceeded with. Report accepted and approved.

The same gentleman presented a petition for a gas lamp on the corner of Phillips and Sarah streets. Accepted, and the lamp ordered to be erected.

Mr. Jones submitted an ordinance providing for the numbering of the houses and indexing the streets of the borough, in accordance with a plan previously mentioned, and on motion of Mr. Beck the ordinance was adopted.

The Clerk read a number of bills, which were approved, and warrants ordered for their payment.

On motion of Mr. Jones, seven viewers were appointed to appraise the damages, and assess the benefits of the Eighteenth street sewer.

On motion, the Finance Committee were instructed to collect a note due the borough from C. Feld.

The Burgess was instructed to ascertain from the Solicitor what condition the suits against parties in reference to the collection of wharfage are in, and request the Solicitor to prosecute the same without delay.

On motion, Council adjourned.

Flutter Among Dry Goods Clerks.

A quarrel occurred on Monday between May Howard, keeper of an alleged house of ill-repute on Third avenue, and some girls stopping at the house, the result of which was an information before the Mayor charging Miss H. with receiving stolen goods. The purport of the information is that the accused received from young men visiting the house, clerks in a dry goods and trimming store on Fifth avenue and Market street, various articles in the dry goods line, knowing the same to be stolen. A general flutter has been occasioned among the clerks, as several articles, such as a silk dress pattern, a valuable silk sack, and other pieces of goods have been missed by one of the firms lately. Yesterday a clerk in one of the establishments was before the Mayor in his private parlor, but he proved that articles alleged to have been given Mrs. Howard by him were paid for, and produced the check sent to the cashier's desk at the time of the sale in substantiation of his assertions. A search warrant was issued, but we did not learn the result of the search, other than that the silk dress was not found. The silk sack referred to mysteriously found its way to one of the stores mentioned yesterday afternoon, a small boy leaving it and disappearing rather suddenly. Rich developments are promised. Our information is obtained from outside sources, the officials at the Mayor's office feigning to know nothing about the affair.

Police Intelligence.

[Before Alderman McMasters.]

MALICIOUS MISCHIEF.

Catharine Brown charged James Dickson with malicious mischief, alleging that the accused damaged the household furniture of deponent to the extent of fifty dollars. Warrant issued.

LARCENY BY BAILEE.

George W. Paine charged William Cohen with larceny by bailee, alleging that he left a pair of pantaloons, worth five dollars, with Cohen, who is a second hand clothier, and when he called for the pantaloons Cohen had sold them. Warrant issued.

[Before Alderman Taylor.]

THREATS OF VIOLENCE.

Bridget Brady charged John Conrad with surety of the peace, alleging that the accused threatened her with violence. Warrant issued.

[Before Alderman Renter, of Allegheny.]

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

Joseph Zimmerman, charged John Vogle with assault and battery. Warrant issued.

[Before Alderman Bailee, of Allegheny.]

WARRANT ISSUED.

Thomas Carroll alleged that Wm. Herrington kicked him, during a quarrel in the Sandusky House, Allegheny. For this unwarranted abuse a warrant was issued.

SUGAR AND MOLASSES.—We direct the attention of retail grocers to the card of Messrs. J. S. Dilworth & Co., relative to low prices for sugar and molasses. These inducements should cause retail dealers to assemble in force at the warehouses 130 and 132 Second avenue.

Buy Teas and Coffees of Jenkins & Bro.

Dealers in this section of the country can buy a full assortment of teas and coffees, with but a small investment of money, and rely on getting pure and uncolored teas, and at the lowest rates, of T. C. Jenkins & Bro., of our city, as they will furnish dealers with teas in any quantities at wholesale rates, and will guarantee satisfaction as to quality and price.

* * *

Urling, Follansbee & Co.

This well known firm, we are gratified to perceive, are reaping the benefits of a sound business system, adopted after an experience extending over a number of years. Persons who call at the corner of Wood street and Fifth avenue will find a rare stock of boys' and gents' apparel.

DIED:

BAKEWELL—In Montreal, Canada, on Sabbath morning, December 12, 1869, Rev. FREDERICK N. BAKEWELL, late of the city of Pittsburgh.

GARDNER—At Westchester, Pa., on Saturday, the 11th inst., Mrs. MARY H. GARDNER, widow of the late Jos. Gardner, M. D.

☞ *Advertisements on this page under the several heads of* WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS, *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* THIRTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—PARTNER—A PARTNER wanted with from $300 to $500 capital. Persons competent to take charge of a store and meaning business, can address (stating where an interview can be had) W. C., Commercial office.

WANTED—ENGINE—A SMALL second hand Engine; must be in good order. Address, stating price, &c., Engine, Commercial office.

WANTED—ENGINE—A GOOD second-hand Portable Engine, 10 to 20 horse power. Address Lock Box 14, Johnstown, Penna., giving builder, price, time in use and address.

WANTED.—SEVERAL GIRLS FOR city and country. Several men want work. Apply at Employment Office, No. 1 Sixth street.

WANTED—HOUSE—TO RENT. A house of seven or eight rooms, with gas and water throughout, and within fifteen minutes' walk of the Postoffice. Address Box V, Commercial office.

WANTED—MORTGAGES—FIRST-CLASS Mortgages in large sums. City Property preferred. S. N. LIGHTNER, 58 Fourth avenue. tf

WANTED—GIRL—TO DO GENERAL Housework for a small family. Apply at Drug Store 172 Wylie street. Must come well recommended.

WANTED--AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENT—AN ENERGETIC man to act as Agent to sell Territory on the best Washing Machine in the country. WEAVER & JONES.

WANTED—AGENTS—HIGHLY IMPORTANT. An Agent wanted in every county in the United States to take an interest in a new article just patented, that will sell on sight to every housekeeper. It is a Portable Furnace, that fits in the holes of any cook stove, or range. Three cents per day will pay for fuel to cook three meals. It will boil, broil, roast, toast, bake, stew, heat irons, &c., &c. Any man, with a small capital, can clear from $15 to $40 per day. This is well worth the attention of capitalists. The right of a State is a sure fortune. Call on or address J. H. LYON, Inventor and Patentee, 124 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.

27. WANTED—150 COAL MINERS; 10 Laboring Men for city; 2 Farm Hands; 20 Servant Girls for General Housework, Dining-room work and Chamberwork; wages from $2 to $4 per week; 2 Colored Girls for Cooks.

27. THE BEST POSITIONS OBTAINED for Clerks, Bookkeepers and Salesmen. Help of all kinds furnished on short notice. Applicants by mail desiring information will please enclose 25 cents. All orders promptly attended to. Apply to or address S. T. MELLER, Employment and Real Estate Agent, 27 Sixth street, late St. Clair.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—MISSING, MR. SAMUEL SICKMAN, of California, Washington county, Pa. He left the National Hotel, Water street, on last Saturday evening, about 5 o'clock; had on dark clothes, dark, stiff hat; about medium height; weighed about 190 pounds, and was about sixty years old. It is feared he has been foully dealt with. Any information in regard to his whereabouts will be thankfully received at the National Hotel, or 145 Fourth avenue.

PROF. ALLISCS' VEGETABLE COMPOUND, for the growth of Whiskers and Mustache; warranted to promote the growth of the Whiskers or Mustache in one month. Sent by mail for 50 cents, or when ordered by the half dozen or more, will be sent by Express, C. O. D. Address WM. LANHAUM, Box 555, Pittsburgh, Pa.

PERSONAL—WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED a supply of large and heavy Lace Leather of Page's Patent, the best in the city. HARTLEY, PHELPS & CO., corner Fourth avenue and Smithfield street.

PERSONAL—THE PITTSBURGH REAL ESTATE REGISTER is published only by CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue. Don't fail to get it if you want to buy yourself a home.

PERSONAL—ALL PERSONS SEEKING homes or investments in Real Estate will save time, trouble and money by consulting the "Pittsburgh Real Estate Register." It is given away gratis by the publishers, Messrs. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue, or will sent by mail, free, to any address.

BOARDING—WANTED, FURNISHED Room with Board, by Gentleman and Wife, within six miles of the city, on P. R. R., and convenient to station. Address Box D, Commercial office.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—WANTED, FIRST CLASS Boarders. None other need apply—256 Penn street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE TO A LIVE BUSINESS MAN. —An interest in an established Manufacturing Business in the town of Salem, Ohio. This is a splendid opening for an energetic man to make money. We have seen it once and can recommend it. Capital required, from $3,000 to $5,000. Persons wanting to get into a paying business should not fail to examine this. Full particulars by calling at our office, or address us, CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

GRIST MILL AND SAW MILL FOR SALE—With nine acres of Land; three miles from a station of the Allegheny Valley Railroad, and only eighteen miles from the city. Mill is frame, three stories high, has two run of Burs, is in good order and now doing a No. 1 business; has water power nine months in the year, with steam power attached. Also, Dwelling House, Stable and outbuildings. This mill is in a good country, and will be sold at the low price of $5,000. Terms to be agreed upon. Apply to or address CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

COUNTRY STORE AND RESIDENCE FOR SALE—With or without the Goods, in Watertown, Ohio. Price for the Real Estate, $2,500 in payments. This is a rare opening for a man of small means to step into an established business. Full particulars given by calling on or addressing CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

$3,000 WILL PURCHASE A TWO story Frame House of 5 Rooms and Cellar, situated on Sandusky street, Allegheny city, a few steps above the Park. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—A FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP, with good facilities for Rolling Mill Work and a good trade established. Address "Foundry," at this office. tf

FOR SALE—STOCK AND FIXTURES, Lease and Good Will, of a first-class Grocery, doing a good business. The undersigned being engaged in other business, is the reason for selling. G. W. FUSEY, 49 Federal street, Allegheny. tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE PATENT—AN interest in a valuable patent, "The cold fix for puddling furnaces," the validity of which has recently been established by decree of the United State Circuit Court, is offered for sale on reasonable terms. Apply to PHILIP KEENAN, corner Oliver and Jane streets, East Birmingham; or Thos. J. KEENAN, Attorney-at-Law, Grant street, Pittsburgh. ws

FOR SALE—BELTING AND HOSE—Pure Oak Tanned Leather Belting and Hose, at HARTLEY McKEE & CO.'S, Manufacturers, 58 Smithfield street. w

NEW LEAF LARD—NEW LARD IN Tierces, Firkins and Buckets, for sale by F. SELLERS & CO., corner Penn and Tenth streets.

FOR SALE—1,000 BUSHELS OHIO Rye, 150 barrels choice Apples, 50 barrels prime Buckwheat Flour, choice lot of Dried Peaches. HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO., 349 Liberty st.

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS—New and second-hand, of all sizes, on hand. Flue and Cylinder Boilers of all sizes, on hand. JAMES HILL & CO., corner Marion avenue and P. Ft. W. and C. R. W., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE--LUMBER.

DRY BOARDS—2,000,000 FEET AT Superior Lumber Company's Yard, cor. Twenty-second and Railroad streets. d*

DRY PLANK—400,000 FEET AT Superior Lumber Company's Yard, cor. Twenty-second and Railroad streets. d*

DRY JOIST—200,000 FEET AT SUPERIOR Lumber Company's Yard, cor. Twenty-second and Railroad streets. d*

SCANTLING—ALL SIZES AT SUPERIOR Lumber Company's Yard, cor. Twenty-second and Railroad streets. d*

FOR SALE--HOUSES.

SHADY SIDE PROPERTY FOR SALE—House of 6 Rooms and two Lots: Pump of excellent Water, desirable location, and within three minutes walk of the Station. Possession immediately. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF SIXTY ACRES, with two Barns, double two-story House, 10 acres of Woodland, two Apple Orchards; good Coal at three different places—for $5,000. S. T. MELLER, Real Estate Office, 27 Sixth st., late St. Clair.

EXECUTOR'S SALE—THE UNDERSIGNED, Executor of the last Will and Testament of Jacob Young, deceased, will sell at Public Sale on the premises, situate in the town of Rochester, Beaver county, Pa., on Friday, the 17th day of December, 1869, the following Property, to wit: Being about one and one-fourth Acres of Land, situated in Rochester, aforesaid, upon which is erected a good Frame Dwelling House, of 5 Rooms and Cellar, a good Stable and other Outbuildings; some 1,300 Grapevines, 75 Fruit Trees, and several different varieties of Small Fruit, all bearing, upon said premises. The House and the entire improvements are in good condition, and under a good fence, and situated within four minutes walk of the Railroad depot. This Property commands a splendid view of some 8 or 10 miles of the Ohio river, and of all the towns and surrounding country. The sale will take place at 10 o'clock A. M., of said day. Terms easy and made known on day of sale. PETER YOUNG, Executor. JOHN B. YOUNG, Legatee. MW

AN OHIO FRUIT GARDEN OR DAIRY Farm for sale or exchange, containing 118 Acres, situated on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, 3 miles from the flourishing town of Salem, Ohio, good House of 8 Rooms, 2 Barns, Tenement House of 5 Rooms, 20 Acres in Timber, one-half Acre in best quality of Grapes, 800 Peach and Pear Trees, very best, large Orchard of Apple Trees, one-fourth Acre in Raspberries, Sugar Camp of 300 Trees, good Water, pike runs by the door, and is in a very pleasant neighborhood. Must be seen to be appreciated. We have seen the property and can give full information. Terms easy, or we will take city property to the amount of $5,000 or $6,000 in exchange. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—TWO LOTS OF GROUND now occupied by the Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company, and having a front of 120 feet on Duquesne Way, and extending back, preserving the same width, along Fifth, late Pitt street, 280 feet to a 20 foot alley. Possession can be given on February 15th, 1870. For price and terms inquire of GEORGE SHIRAS, Jr., No. 66 Grant street, Pittsburgh.

WEST VIRGINIA LANDS FOR SALE—5,000 Acres of West Virginia Timber and Farming Lands, in McDowell county. The Timber alone is worth double the price asked for it. The Lands lay on a stream large enough to raft the Timber to market. This is a rare opening for a set of men to make a sure fortune. The Timber consists of the finest Poplar known. Also Oak and Walnut. The whole plot is divided and will be sold as a whole or in parts, to suit purchasers. Some of the Lots have improvements on them, and part under cultivation. Draft showing location can be seen at our office. We will trade the Lands for City or Country Property. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

SNUG FARM OF 90 ACRES TWO AND A half miles from Hite's Station, Western Pennsylvania Railroad, and eighteen miles from this city. Good improvements, nice Orchard, and a very desirable neighborhood. We will sell it as a whole, or will sell 65 Acres with all the improvements, Orchard, &c. Persons wanting a nice little farm should not fail to examine this. Terms easy. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE FARM, CONTAINING 150 Acres, adjoining the town of Homer, a station on the Indiana Branch Railroad, in Indiana county, Pa.; 120 Acres of the Land is cleared and in a high state of cultivation, residue covered with choice White Oak, Walnut and other Timbers; 20 Acres good Bottom Land. Good two-story Frame House of 6 Rooms and Kitchen; large Barn, 72 by 45, with double Threshing Floors, in good order and conveniently arranged. Also, all necessary Outbuildings, and in fact everything to be found on a well regulated Farm. Large Orchard of choice Fruit of all kinds. This property cannot fail to please any one seeking a good Farm, as it is right alongside of Railroad, Schools, Churches, Stores, Mills and Postoffice. Terms easy. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

DESIRABLE ONE HUNDRED ACRE Farm for sale 1½ miles from Enon Station, P. Ft. W. and C. R. R., a Station where all trains stop. Ten Acres in good Timber, balance in cultivation and can all be cultivated by machinery; good Frame House of 6 large Rooms, good Frame Bank Barn, Orchard of 100 choice Fruit Trees, Farm well watered, Churches of all denominations, within 1½ miles; good soil, worth $100 per Acre, will be sold at $65 per Acre on easy terms. Apply to or address CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—WE HAVE a number of improved Farms that we will exchange for desirable city property. Persons wanting Farms or Houses of any kind will find it to their interest to call and examine our list. We are continually receiving property of all kinds, and as we, by personal examination, describe that which we offer, purchasers can rely on the description as being correct. We will also take pleasure in accompanying persons wanting to purchase, thus avoiding delay and trouble. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

MINNESOTA LANDS FOR SALE—ONE Hundred and Twenty Acres of Land, partly within and partly adjoining the city limits of Stillwater, Minnesota. Three Hundred and Sixty Acres adjoining Chengwatana, county seat of Pine county, Minnesota, and Eighty Acres of Mineral Land, near Superior City, Wisconsin. The above property is very valuable. For particulars inquire of CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. d*

FOR SALE—FARMS—IN WESTMORELAND, Allegheny, Fayette, Indiana, Armstrong, Washington, Beaver, Greene, Clarion, Lawrence and Butler counties, Penna.; also, in Eastern Ohio. Full information in the "Pittsburgh Real Estate Register," sent free to any one requesting it. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Publishers and Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—A SNUG FARM OF 100 Acres, in Washington county, Pa., three-quarters of a mile from Burgettstown Station, Pan Handle Railroad. Frame House of 6 Rooms, nice Orchard of good Fruit, 20 acres of good Timber. Land is underlaid with a 4½ foot vein of excellent Coal, with a bank open. For further particulars apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE PROPERTY—Consisting of 12 acres and 58⅝ perches of good Land, with a good House of 5 rooms; also good Stable and Orchard of bearing Fruit Trees. There are two never failing springs near the House. This property will be sold on terms to suit purchasers. Inquire of or address RICHARD WOODS, Oakdale Station, Allegheny county, Pa. w

FOR SALE—OVER $1,200,000 WORTH of Farms, Mills, Stores, Coal Lands, City and Country Residences, Houses and Lots. Full information in the "Pittsburgh Real Estate Register." Sent free to any address. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Publishers and Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—FARM OF 128 ACRES, 16 miles from the city, on Pan Handle Railroad. A Station on the Farm, two improvements on the place; Orchard of about three acres, 20 acres in Timber. Railroad runs through the land; only 40 minutes ride from the city. Will be sold low. Apply to or address CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

MISSOURI LANDS—UNIMPROVED, for sale or exchange for City or Country Property, in large or small quantities, at from $3 to $5 per Acre. Apply to or address CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—OVER ONE HUNDRED farms of all sizes, prices and locations. Full particulars in the "Pittsburgh Real Estate Register," given away *gratis* or sent *free* to any address. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Publishers and Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—EATING HOUSE—AFTER January 1st 1870, the Railroad Eating House, at Kane, Pa., will be for Lease. For particulars thereof and further information, address J. W. REYNOLDS, Superintendent Western Division Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, Erie, Pa.

FOR RENT—WAREHOUSE—NO. 55 Market street, next door to N. Holmes & Sons, with or without a large three-story Building in the rear. Front Building suitable for a Banking or Insurance Office or Dry Goods Store. Inquire of N. HOLMES & SONS, or of JOHN WAY, Jr., Sewickleyville, Pa. MWF

FOR RENT—ROOM—THAT FINE large second story Room, No. 102 Wood street, near Fifth avenue, suitable for any light business. Apply at 102 Wood street.

FOR RENT—OFFICES—FOUR WELL lighted Offices in the second story of the Safe Deposit Company's Building, for rent. Also, one large front Room in third story. The entire Building will be heated by low steam. Apply to S. F. VON BONNHORST, Treasurer, 83 Fourth avenue. tf

THE WEEKLY COMMERCIAL
A LARGE SHEET CONTAINING ALL THE
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☞ Postmasters are requested to act as Agents.

☞ Communications designed for publication should be addressed to the Editor.

☞ Letters on Business, Subscriptions, &c., address COMMERCIAL, PITTSBURGH.

MONEY TO LOAN.

$20,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND Mortgage, in large or small amounts. THOS. K. PETTY, 189, Mortgage and Real Estate Broker, 179 Smithfield street.

$50,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND Mortgage. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

Checkered Front.
The Largest Flour House
WEST OF NEW YORK.
The Only Receiver in Pittsburgh.
FLOUR AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES AND FREIGHT.
Reduction Again on White River,
And many other of our Brands.
Teas and Coffees
AT NEW YORK PRICES.
No occasion of Complaining now of high prices of above articles.
HEAVY DISCOUNTS FOR CASH.
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Send for Prices Current giving full Explanations, Brands, Prices, &c.
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273 and 275 Liberty Street,
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Holiday Sales!
NEW GOODS,
NEW STYLES,
LOW PRICES.
We have now in Store a New Stock of
PLAIN AND FANCY
Suits and Overcoats,
FOR BOYS AND CHILDREN,
Specially Selected for Holiday Sales.
OUR ASSORTMENT OF
MEN'S WEAR
Is still large, and will be found to contain every Garment in the Clothing Line that can be called for.
Remember that we are offering special inducements during the Holiday Season.
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Fine Holiday Books
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THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
Illustrated Books,
Bibles, Testaments
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Plain and Fancy
Stationery,
Writing Desks and
Fancy Inkstands,
Latest Religious Publications.
☞ PLEASE CALL AND EXAMINE.

Magnolia Grove Plantation.
WE ARE NOW GIVING
12 PER CENT TARE
ON
New Orleans Sugar
WILL RECEIVE ON THURSDAY,
50 hhds. Sugar;
50 bbls. Molasses.
Choice Goods and Prices Low.
CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.
J. S. Dilworth & Co.
NOS. 130 AND 132 SECOND AVE.

DIAMONDS.
SILVER WARE.
96 "SANTA CLAUS" 96
OPENS HIS PACK ON TUESDAY
AT
M'FADDEN'S,
Federal Street, Allegheny.
Diamonds, Clusters and Solitaires,
Watches, all makes and grades,
Jewelry, an endless variety,
Sterling Silver and Plated Ware,
Bohemian Goods and Vases, the choicest selections.
Bronze and Parian Statuary, entirely new designs in Groups, Figures and Busts, Classical, Antique and Modern.
Clocks, Paintings, etc., etc., all purchased last week at the Lowest Gold Rates, and will be sold correspondingly low.
☞ Orders from a distance promptly filled.
96 T. M'Fadden, Jr. 96
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JOHN HALL & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Cast, Wrought and Steel Moul-board Plows, Wrought Iron and Wood-beam Plows. All kinds of Plow Castings, Cultivators, Steel Shovel Moulds, &c., &c.
Our Castings being made in an AIR FURNACE are SUPERIOR to all others made in a Cupola or Blast Furnace.
NOS. 121 AND 123 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

POINT LACE HANDKERCHIEFS,
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Embroidered Linen Sets,
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Cashmere Scarfs,
IN GREAT VARIETY AND OFFERED AT LOW PRICES BY
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 FIFTH AVENUE.

BUTTER, EGGS, PRODUCE—
500 bbls Russets.
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100 bbls Dried Apples.
50 bbls Dried Peaches.
100 tubs fresh Roll Butter.
10 bbls fresh Eggs.
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HENRY REA, Jr.,
MWF 285 Liberty street, opposite Seventh ave.

KRYOLITE
For sale in lots to suit purchasers.
PENNA. SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
121 Walnut street, Philadelphia;
Or, CLIFFORD PEMBERTON, AGENT,
Pittsburgh, Penna.

RARE OPPORTUNITY.
Desirable Dwelling for Rent and Furniture for Sale.
Dwelling very desirably located in Allegheny city, contains 8 Rooms, finished Attic and Bathroom. The entire furnishment being almost new, will be sold on the most reasonable terms. For further information inquire of JOHN D. BAILEY & BRO., 113 Fourth avenue.

The Daily Commercial.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1869.

THE communication in another column on the subject of the tax on tobacco and cigars is worthy of perusal, and we direct attention to it.

CINCINNATI, after a vast deal of tribulation and lobbying, seems at last to be in a fair way of getting its Southern Railroad bill, giving the right of way, through the Tennessee Legislature. It has had the opposition of Louisville, Nashville and Memphis to contend with, but dispatches announce the bill is now certain to pass both houses by a handsome majority.

THE Boston Republicans adopted as their candidate for Mayor, Mr. SHURTLEFF, elected last year by the Democrats, but whose administration has been unexceptionable. At this, the Democrats put up a new candidate of their own, who would be sure to antagonize with the Republicans. The result is that the non-partizan Democrat, voted for by Republicans, beats his straight-out opponent some seven thousand votes, in a city that generally goes Democratic. This is about up to the average of Democratic brains these days.

THE colored members of the Alabama Legislature appear to have the capacity to teach common sense to some of their white colleagues. Pending the consideration of a bill compelling railroads and steamboats to provide common and equal accommodations for blacks and whites, an amendment was offered that the accommodations might be separate but equal. This proposition was warmly supported by the only colored member of the Senate, Mr. ROYAL, who declared that sensible negroes did not demand social equality, and denounced the bill as a bit of demagogueism.

THE reception of Mr. PEABODY's remains on the British iron clad Monarch took place on Saturday last with appropriate and impressive ceremonies. Mr. MOTLEY, as the representative of the relatives and executors of the deceased, made a brief and pertinent address to the commander of the ship, in which he alluded to the honors being paid to Mr. PEABODY's remains by two great nations. The Monarch and its American consort had not left Portsmouth yesterday, owing to the prevalence of a heavy gale. We presume they may be expected in Boston or New York about the first of January.

WYOMING Territory, the latest territorial creation, is the first political organization in the Union to give form and effect to the demand for female suffrage. The law giving women the right to vote has passed both branches of the territorial legislature, and been approved by the Governor. Congress has the power of disapproving all laws passed by the legislatures of the various territories, and sometimes exercises it, but hardly will in this instance. As the proportion of female to male population in Wyoming is about as one to twenty, the Territory now opens a splendid emigration field to the ladies of the Rights' Associations.

THERE appears to be a good prospect that Senator TRUMBULL's bill to relieve Congressmen from the importunities of office seekers, will become a law. The Judiciary Committee of the Senate directed that the bill should be reported, and that it should be made even more stringent than Senator TRUMBULL suggested in the first place. As it now stands the measure prohibits Congressmen from making any recommendations for office, even when requested to do so by the heads of departments. Ten years experience of such a law will not only give us a better class of federal office holders, but will elevate the character of the national Congress, in point of the integrity and ability of its members.

THE audacious Treasury Ring have undertaken the tactics of laying claim to strength which they do not possess, and have no prospect of obtaining. In the East they claim everything in the West, and in the West everything in the East. For instance, they are pretending that they will obtain support from Lancaster county, a pretense which the *Express* disposes of as follows:

> "The impression attempted to be made by the friends of Mr Mackey, that the Lancaster delegation might not, under certain circumstances, be a unit against this ring, is entirely unwarranted, and as an unjust reflection upon the honor and integrity of the members of the delegation. There is not a man among them who is not above the suspicion of being tempted to betray his constituents at the behest of Mackey, Quay & Co., who have had the impudence to declare that their 'slate' shall go through at all hazards! If such an outrage should be perpetrated, Lancaster county will at least keep her skirts clear of the infamy."

THE Bedford *Inquirer* does not doubt the evidence that, under the present system, the office of State Treasurer has been "grieviously abused," and "the public funds deliberately misused." It maintains that no other than an honest man—one standing entirely above suspicion, with an elevation of character which will secure public confidence—should be elected Treasurer this winter. It is due to public sentiment, to the future of the Republican party, and the general welfare, that this should be done. The remarks of the *Inquirer* are so apt that we quote them, as follows, hoping that they will impress the members of the Legislature as foreshadowing the only course they should for a moment think of pursuing:

> "The Treasury business imperatively demands reform. It is true we have done far better than the Democracy in the management of the finances, but the leaks by which they drained the Treasury are not all stopped yet. We rejoice at and are proud of what the Republican party has done for our State, but we none the less demand that she shall do more. Let every newspaper in the State, that is not bought up by the ring, demand reform in this matter, and let every community hold its representative responsible. We want positive work. Who will begin?"

NEWS from Georgia indicates that the rebel element in that State is once more beginning to show its teeth. We have an amount of bluster and braggadocia that almost carries one back to the era of PIERCE and BUCHANAN. It will amount to very little, however. General GRANT sustained, and prompted if necessary, by Congress, will be very apt to teach these haughty reactionists a lesson that will bring them to a complete realization of the fact that there is a power in the land before which even Georgia must bow its rebellious spirit. The news from the State will confirm Congress in its intention of remanding it back to military government, from which it will hardly escape in the future by a double-dealing policy such as that which characterized its first reconstructed Legislature. We do not know but that the turbulent spirit now exhibited in Georgia may prove a substantial benefit, for it will enable the Federal government to make it clear that the reconstruction laws, with the new order of affairs at the South, is a substantial and fixed reality, not to be avoided by finesse, or overthrown by a revival of the old bullying pro-slavery spirit.

OUR city yesterday was the scene of a series of lawlessness with scarcely a parallel in our history. Two noted thieves and desperadoes, guilty of almost every crime in the calendar, forced an entrance into a house located on one of our principal thoroughfares, in open day, and began to demolish the furniture in the most wanton manner. The police being summoned, the rowdies met them in the most defiant manner, and with revolver and bowie not only threatened but attempted to murder the officers. A desperate and bloody struggle ensued, partly in the house and partly on the street, and the result was the shooting of two of the officers and one of the thieves—the latter being accidentally shot by his companion. The offenders were overpowered and taken into custody, but not until the citizens who witnessed the affair had become wild with excitement, and began to cry for summary vengeance upon the villains who had attempted the assassination of the officers of the law. It is almost miraculous that no murder was committed. That there was no killing, was not for want of the intention, or the means, on the part of the rowdies. These two men have been setting at defiance, for years, the laws of the community, and it is to be hoped that the crisis has been reached, that they will now be sent to the penitentiary and *kept there*. They should have been there long ago, and would have been there had the officers of justice not tampered with them. Let there be no more tampering with such desperate criminals. Let the officers of the law, both ministerial and judicial, take a hint from the tragic occurrence of yesterday, and see that not only ARNOLD, and HARTMAN, and ROBINSON are promptly tried and punished, but that others habitually given to rowdyism are checked up before they become equally desperate. Let there be an end to *tampering*.

LET THE PEOPLE ACT.

If the Republicans of the State could give expression to their greatest wish, it would be that the Treasury Ring, whose "slate" Mr. QUAY has given notice is "going through," might be broken up and the miserable faction scattered forever. Of their corrupt practices in using the "unexpended balance," in carrying on a system of Legislative Brokerage at Harrisburg, and in running the machinery of the State government so far as they can secure it in their hands for their private advantage, there is no disputing. We say—*these things are not doubted*; and the Republicans of Pennsylvania will be hopelessly crushed to the earth if they do not cut loose from the unscrupulous Treasury Ring. The people are thoroughly convinced that the "unexpended balance" is the source of immense corruptions, that it is the bond which holds together a most corrupt and corrupting faction, whose practices are as detrimental to morals as the welfare of the State, and destructive to the Republican organization within which they operate, and whose power they prostitute. These things being so, most men will marvel that the faction have any power, and that there should be any fear of their success in organizing the Legislature and disposing of the offices within its gift. Here we are brought to comprehend the power of money and the promise of it. In what manner its influence is applied, it is useless to discuss now. We only know that last winter, in an hour, and in the night time, when honest men slept, a combination was entered into, whereby Mr. MACKEY was made Treasurer, without previous announcement that he was a candidate. Common fame, which no one has yet had the hardihood to question, credits a few ring-managers with paying and promising to pay large sums of money, to members of the Legislature in both branches, which they could afford to do in view of the "unexpended balance" that would come into their hands if they were successful. Having it still in their hands, they are making reckless bids for new strength, and extravagant promises to pay off the unredeemed pledges of last winter.

Now the Republican constituency have a simple yet important duty to perform in this emergency. They must instruct, so that there can be no misunderstanding, their Representatives as to their wishes. There is not a single good reason why the Treasury Ring should not be overthrown, while there are ten thousand perfect ones why it should be. Republicans of Pennsylvania, do your duty!

SENATOR SUMNER.

An Inquisitive Correspondent Foiled—The Senator's Working Room.

Senator Sumner fell into the hands of a *World* interviewer last Friday, but the inquisitive gentleman got little satisfaction. He was referred on most points to the Senator's printed speeches, and others he declined to discuss. On foreign affairs—Cuba and the Alabama question—the Senator stated he stood by the President, and that the proper attitude of the Government was well expressed in the message. As to Cuba he is thus reported:

> "People who look into my speeches will find that I have always acted within the boundaries of international law. I am not disposed to act differently by the Cubans. A people who want help should first help themselves. That is my principle. This reminds me of an acquaintance of mine, a person who was very competent otherwise than that he had fallen into bad habits. I knew that he was worthy of the situation that he applied to me for, but I knew that he had come into the unfortunate habit of getting drunk. How could I recommend him for office, knowing that infirmity?"
>
> "This, then, is the situation in which you conceive Cuba to be—a drunken, rebellious province of Spain, who hasn't sober sense enough to serve her own interests."
>
> "I don't think she is in a position yet to be reorganized as a belligerent against Spain."

The correspondent gives us this glimpse into the working room of the distinguished Massachusetts Senator, where he found him in easy conversation with his colleague, General Wilson:

> "The library is Mr. Sumner's working room, and it was all in a ponderous litter. No disorder could have been more effective. It seemed fairly calculated to impress the visitors of the Senator with a stunning, vague idea of what an immense mass of affairs must be on his mind and hands, and of the erudition which he brings to bear on every subject. A massive but elegant table in the center of the room was covered with tomes, documents, piles of papers, and scattered letters. A desk, set against the wall on the right, had hardly a bare surface big enough for a man's elbow to rest on, all the space being taken up with books, pamphlets, and proofs, upon which I could discern at a distance the marks of that blue pencil which compositors curse. Smaller desks and tables sat between the windows. The walls were overhung more than half way to the ceiling with pictures, mostly engravings and photograph, which also depended from the book-shelves, shutting out the view of the books. But the seats of all the chairs, save four or five, were occupied by piles of books, and books lay about on the floor. The mantel and divers available places, stands, &c., supported *bijouterie* and curiosities, such as statuettes, a piece of the Atlantic cable, relics of foreign countries, and of the rebellion. 'These pictures,' said Mr. Sumner, 'have a special interest for me, and, I presume, for my friends. Some of them illustrate the progress of human right. There are some very odd engravings on the walls.' And he proceeded to describe some of them. 'There is an engraving of a scene at one of the old-time Congresses which changed the map of Europe. That will never be done again. The times are past when a company of men in knee breeches can assemble about a green baize covered table and alter in any such off-hand way the political situation or destinies of the European people. The people themselves have now a voice in their affairs.'"

MR. GREELEY denies *in toto* the account of the *Sun* reporter touching the Richardson matter—especially so much as represents him as using the name of the Supreme Being during the conversation. Mr. Greeley concludes his card of denial as follows:

> "What I did say with regard to the main point in controversy, was substantially this: That this marriage on a death bed, beside giving the woman a legal right to be a mother to Richardson's young and doubly orphaned children, was operative mainly in giving her a right, throughout her black and bitter future, to be called by the name of him who, for her sake, was so foully murdered, rather than that of his stealthy, cowardly assassin; and this small mitigation of her immeasureable woes I regarded as human and just. This is my opinion, and I propose to stand by it."

Mr. Beecher, in a note to Robert Bonner, says that he had no personal knowledge that McFarland had been guilty of "the only offense which is scriptural ground for divorce," but he had been told so, and the circumstances were not favorable for "sifting evidence." "The man was dying," says Mr. Beecher. "What was to be done must be done quickly. I asked only of such things as should determine whether I had a right to go forward. It was for my own sake, therefore, that I hastily inquired, and not to inculpate or exculpate anyone; but as you now call my attention to the fact that what I did for justification is hanging over McFarland to his injury, and tends to forestall a verdict against him, I agree with you that I ought not to let it remain uncorrected."

EMINENT judges in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York, Vermont and Massachusetts, have decided in suits for divorce, that the law cannot separate a man and wife for any cause, unless both parties have knowledge of the suit, and that a person obtaining a divorce in one State clandestinely and going to another Commonwealth and marrying again, can be sued for adultery, debauchery, or abandonment, and of course, bigamy. The general ruling in all the State courts is that a divorce obtained in another State is void, unless the divorced party was notified and appeared in such proceedings, or was a resident of such other State wherein suit for divorce was commenced. One of the ablest Chancellors of New Jersey has decided that it is the duty of a clergyman to inquire diligently whether divorced persons have been legally divorced before uniting them again in the sacred bonds of matrimony.

THE United States were not officially represented at the Suez Canal rejoicings last month. This fact appears to have impressed the American correspondents with great force. It appears that President Grant was duly invited, and duly answered his invitation, expressing his regret that the laws and usages of his country did not permit the sending of a special envoy to represent him on such an occasion, without the previous authorization of Congress. As Congress was not in session nothing could be done. Fault is found with admiral Radford, in command of the Mediterranean Squadron, that he did not send Commodore John Rodgers, with the Franklin—one of the noblest vessels of our navy—to participate in the ceremonial. The Franklin was lying idle in the harbor of Marseilles.

THE arguments as to the legality of the cotton tax before the Supreme Court have been concluded. Attorney General Hoar and Mr. Field represented the Government, and Mr. Phillips, of Washington, and Judge Curtis, of Boston, argued against the constitutionality of the tax. The sum involved in this particular case pending is only twenty-five hundred dollars, but the total amount to be affected by the decision is estimated as high as twenty millions of dollars. It does not follow, however, even if the unconstitutionality of the tax be affirmed by the court, that this entire sum will be at once refunded. Probably only the moneys will be promptly refunded where the parties made regular protest and appeal as required by law.

WE learn from the New Orleans *Picayune* that a Philadelphia company, duly chartered by the Legislature of this State, proposes to utilize the immense quantity of waste beef that now roams over the Texas prairies. The design of the company is to pack fresh beef in Texas for exportation to various parts of the world. Meat put up in Texas by this process can be laid down in New Orleans for six cents a pound. The proposed mode of packing beef has been tested with success, and there certainly seems to be in it a stimulus towards industry in a branch of commerce for which Texas, in common with the great *pampas* of South America, is so bounteously provided by nature.

PORT SAID, the terminus of the Suez canal on the Mediterranean, is the maritime capital of the Isthmus. The *Herald* correspondent at the canal celebration, says Port Said, with "its tall chimneys of brick and stone and its iron stacks, looks as if a part of Pittsburgh had been planted in the Isthmus." It already contains 20,000 inhabitants, but not a vestige of a dwelling existed within miles of the spot when M. de Lesseps and his few adventurous companions first pitched their tent upon this barren coast.

KITCHEN ECONOMY.

Some Results of Co-operative System.

It was the remark of a curious observer that a French family would live and fare well on the waste of English and American kitchens. In France cooking is reduced to an art, and in that art is to be found a wholesome practical illustration of economy. It is owing to this that a correspondent writes:

> "I have, for sixteen cents, enjoyed a complete dinner, after the French style, including a rich maccaroni soup and wine, a plate of meats, vegetables, dessert and bread."

The French Government not only fosters economy—it provides for it, teaches it, develops it. An example of the operations of the system pursued is to be found in the co-operative kitchen of Grenoble, the principal city of the Department of Isere. The kitchen furnishes repasts for sixteen cents to workingmen and women, to business agents, architects, artists, ecclesiastics, professors, retired military officers, proprietors in easy circumstance, and students. Large numbers of housekeepers, not wishing to come to the refectories of the Society, send their checks and waiters for the delicious steaming dishes of this great family kitchen, and partake of them in their own apartments, instead of performing themselves the drudgery of small-scale cooking. The price of a full quart of soup, unstinted measure, is two cents. One can have it of bread, of maccaroni, of vermicelli, or of legumes, at his choice. They are all richly seasoned with butter of the best quality, and the price is invariable. A dish of meat, whether of beef, veal, pork or fish, is four cents; a quart of wine, pure and long kept in the Society's spacious cellars, costs eight cents; bread is three cents a pound. The average wholesale price for beef is 11 cents ℔ lb; veal the same; maccaroni, 46 fr. the 200 lb; beans, 36 fr.; wheat, 45 fr.; rice, 35 fr.; salt, 8 fr.; potatoes, 6 fr. The average price of butter is 20 cents ℔ lb. Coal, the chief fuel, is 50 cents ℔ 200 lb. Pork, 15 cents ℔ lb. Cheese, 30 cents ℔ lb, and eggs $1 20 the 100.

A comparison of these prices with American prices excites the utmost surprise. Here we have fallen into the habit of supporting an army of middle men, hucksters, peddlers, who are not only non-producers, but a barrier to direct traffic—a break-water—an absorbent rather—between buyer and seller, a class taking a heavy toll from both. When a man buys a loaf of bread in this country, he is sure of the weight. At Grenoble a plate of meat whether of beef, pork, veal or fish is sure to weigh 150 grains. The entire business is based upon equitable principles.

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

Practical Common Sense Views from the Secretary of the Interior.

Secretary Cox, one of the clearest headed members of the Cabinet, is strongly in favor of remodeling the civil service, as nearly as may be, outside of all political influence, and upon the basis of competitive examinations, open to applicants at large. He stated recently in a conversation on the subject that nearly two-thirds of a Cabinet minister's time is employed in receiving and considering applications for office, to the exclusion of work of the greatest importance to the Government. For the first four months after entering office, Secretary Cox says, he was compelled to his whole attention night and day to applications for office. Further, he stated:

> "In all that time I never even found a moment to visit the model room in the Patent Office. It is so in all the departments, and the Government and people are robbed in this manner of the services which they demand to be performed by Cabinet Ministers. Congressmen, who now have the duty imposed upon them of making application for the various offices have their time absorbed in the same way. The ablest Representative understands it very well that nothing is so damaging both to their usefulness and their popularity as the necessity procuring appointments to office. The best man cannot stand up under it long. Every appointment averages a half a dozen disappointments, as many personal enemies to a Representative in consequence. Scores of our best Representatives tell me that their greatest trouble for reelection has its origin in this indorsing and pressing claims for office."

The Secretary does not hold to the opinion that Congressmen desire to maintain their office dispensing prerogative, as it is one of weakness to them rather than strength. Some of the Federal offices, the Secretary thinks, should be made elective, and he names Postmasters as coming under this class.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

A Scotch paper recently offered prizes for the best poem, the best tale, and the best letter written by a boy or girl. It received three times as many poems as tales, and three times as many tales as letters. The poems were three times as bad as the tales, and the tales three times as bad as the letters.

The predictions of a high tide, with which Captain Saxby disturbed the peace of all ports and harbors, reached Singapore in due course, and incited the merchants and the municipality to erect barriers to stem its anticipated invasion. The alarmed citizens expended about $10,000, and on the day of the expected inundation the tide was not quite so high as usual.

Russia is doing her best to trample the Polish language out of existence. A ukase ordains that whenever a Polish parent sends his child to school, he shall pay to the authorities a sum of 200 roubles as a guarantee that the child shall not speak Polish in the school. If in conversation with another pupil, or under any other circumstances, the child utters Polish words he is fined.

Sweden is sending emigrants to South Carolina in increasing numbers. Hitherto most Swedish emigrants have gone to the Southwest.

Gold has been arriving at the Philadelphia Mint for several months past from a tract of land in the State of Guayana, Republic of Venezuela, said tract being owned and worked by residents of Philadelphia, under the title of the Orinoco Exploring and Mining Company. Altogether $114,000 have been sent to the Mint since April of this year; $50,000 of this amount was the product of fifty-eight days' work of one mill running twenty stamps.

A great deal of astonishment is expressed in Paris at the number of Spanish orders and decorations which have recently made their appearance on the breasts and in the buttonholes of very obscure individuals. The secret has recently been explained by the curious fact that one of Queen Isabella's courtiers, who has more debts than he can pay, liquidates his bills by telling the merchants that, if they will give him receipts in full, and something to boot, he will procure them crosses of the various Spanish orders at the disposal of Queen Isabella the Second.

PERSONAL.

The arrival of Bishop Domenec, in Rome, is noted with that of the other American bishops, who are all in excellent health.

Dr. Ricord announces, officially, that the recent illness of the Emperor Napoleon has entirely vanished, and left his constitution stronger than before. This is a singular statement, and the eminent physician who makes it says he is agreeably astonished at the result of the malady. Napoleon calls it "destiny." Dr. Cumming denominates it "Appolyonism"—*anglice*, devilishness.

Joseph Berg, *alias* Professor DeHoun, the one-legged rope walker, had a serious fall while performing at Vincennes, Ind., a few days since. He lost his left leg at the battle of Middleburg, Tenn., while serving in our army during the rebellion, and by this last fall he has had both arms broken in several places, and has had his face terribly lacerated. He was a daring gymnast, and wears two medals, one as champion of France, and another as victor over two hundred and forty-three tight-rope walkers in Great Britain. He is now in a critical condition at the Cincinnati Hospital.

The Empress Eugenie, as she appeared on the imperial yacht, at the crowning point of the Suez celebration, is thus sketched by an American correspondent: "Eugenie, of whom all men speak extravagantly, seems but a fine woman, with nothing very remarkable about her except her glorious form and unsurpassed grace of movement. Her eyes are glassy, and give at first sight an impression that she squints, which is by no means so. Her eyebrows are a peculiarity seldom seen, but yet do not detract from her good looks. Her mouth is neither classical nor Roman, nor of any particular kind. The upper lip is cut straight across the face, and contains several seams in it as she speaks, which is never pretty. The under lip is ill-formed in every way. The mouth is positively too large, and the way it exhibits the teeth when open does not seem nice. Her nose, though not faultless, does not necessarily command criticism. It is the narrow forehead, the glassy, expressionless eyes and the coarse mouth, which evokes a critic's dislike, but these objections are all lost sight of when one gazes at the magnificent bust of the Empress and the glorious undulations of her form. The dress she wore exposed her bosom rather more than a decent man might like his wife to do, and I must say there were hungry eyes in that vast crowd which were gloating on that fair waxen breast that should have been veiled with all its treasures."

Mrs. Blackwell said in Detroit the other day that there are 15,000,000 women in America who wanted their rights, and were going to have them, with the aid of their 15,000,000 tongues.

In a charge of assault brought by M. Aurelin Scholl against Count du Bisson, in a Paris court, the latter was asked whether a knife he carried about with him was poisoned. The Count said he did not know, but would see, and thereupon stabbed himself in the left arm so violently that the blood spurted out in abundance, the wound being nearly two inches in depth. The President rebuked M. du Bisson for this novel mode of vindicating himself, and characterized the act as unnecessary and improper.

Porte Crayon (General D. H. Strother), is said to have on hand an unpublished series of graphic sketches illustrating John Brown's raid into Virginia.

According to Professor Denton, of Massachusetts, the people of this globe are not so smart as they think they are. The Professor says that Mars is much older than the earth, and its people farther advanced in intelligence than we are.

"Admiral" Raphael Semmes having failed as an editor almost as badly as he failed as a fighter, now deplores the "weakness" of Southern journals generally.

A foreign correspondent thus corrects a mistake: "In my last was a mistake. It said that the river Reuss fell in a succession of cataracts 6,000 *miles!* It should have been 6,000 *feet!*"

The Rochester *Chronicle* is authority for the statement that it will be shown in the trial now in progress in that city, that Fisk offered to play Ramsey a game of "seven up" to see who should have possession of the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad.

An Englishman has taken out a patent to preserve meat by dipping it in fluid India rubber. There is no necessity for it whatever. The amount of india-rubber steak in the market exceeds the demand.

Mrs. Blair, of Boston, "bangs" all the clairvoyants we have heard of. The rare endowment is put a good use in her case. She paints pictures, saleable pictures, while blindfolded, which is more than some people can do with all their eyes. A paper, in speaking of her, says: She makes either landscapes or floral pictures with remarkable celerity, without looking at the work until completed. They are said to be beautiful specimens, colored and shaded with an exactness that an open-eyed artist might well envy. She chats freely while engaged in her work, and readily detects any removal or exchange of the dishes containing the prepared colors.

THE TOBACCO TAX.

Abuse of the Tobacco Manufacturers and Dealers by the Present Tobacco Laws.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

The imposition the makers and dealers of tobacco have been and are subjected to, has become so great and grinding in its workings, that unless the present Congress now assembled comes to their relief, there will be great trouble among all dealers, and, in all probability, an open hostility will be manifested towards the Government officials. The law has been either wilfully misconstrued, or it was framed by men who had not the slightest idea of the workings of this business, or who intended it to accomplish the destruction of the tobacco trade, which should be treated properly, as in all probability the one-sixth of the desired revenue is gained from this source.

Now, for instance, the law has been construed by the Commissioner that tobacco must be sold from the original boxes, *i. e.*, the boxes they were first exposed for sale in. Now let us take "Natural Leaf" chewing tobacco. To small dealers this is very and inhumanly oppressive for this reason: This brand is sold more rarely than any other, and it is more than probable that the small dealer or rather the retail dealer would not be able to sell a fifty pound box in two or three years which for this time is *dead stock* on his hands. Now, there are about a dozen different brands, and any person with the smallest share of common sense will soon see the oppression of this law, and there are not one-half of the retail dealers who, even if willing, that are able to purchase in the abovequantity.

In reference to the loss to the trade by the annual destruction of cigar boxes, let us say one word. It is outrageous, even allowing the loss to fall on either the maker or consumer, and to this I respectfully beg leave to call the attention of the Government, (or whoever the power may belong,) or Government officials. From the pen of Hon. D. J. Morrell, M. C., we clip the following figures:

The amount of cigars annually made...500,000,000
Tax of $5 00 per M...$2,500,000

This is exclusive of imported cigars, but goes a long way towards making the total. The above tax is paid by consumers, as a matter of course. Manufacturers do not object to paying this tax, but object strenuously to a loss that falls so heavily on them as the above (destruction of boxes). These once used are thereafter useless. Now let us look at the figures for one moment. It will take 5,000,000 boxes annually, 20 cents per box, allowing 100 to each box, which will cost in the aggregate $40,000,000.

Now you see the loss from destruction of boxes is four times as great as the amount of tax collected, and there should be some alteration made in this law to remedy this abuse, and aid towards a further collection of the tax. The above I propose to remedy in this manner: Use this box five times (this is all the stamps that can be placed parallel on the lid), and when it is first filled stamp and cancel it, and upon subsequent refilling stamp and recancel until the five stamps are used, and by this time the box will probably be destroyed. Compel by law the destruction of the five or six stampings, and this will lift from the shoulders of the trade an oppressive burden, and will add materially in a further collection of the revenue.

There is an item which has not probably occurred to the authorities: It is as easy to refill a box in a factory cigar case that has been stamped from one in the factory that has not been stamped, as it would be to fill it from the maker's table, as fast as they are made or needed. The box they are exposed for sale in is stamped, and they have complied with all the requirements of the law. It is almost an utter impossibility to detect fraud from this source. This is intended for cigars.

Now about plug tobacco. This is the easiest thing in which to defraud the Government imaginable. It is simply this: They are compelled to sell from original boxes. Open your box; take off three or four layers; cut it into the necessary sized plugs; place it upon the top of the box, and when this is sold bring a little from the factory from an *unstamped box*, and you have your revenue collectors defeated by millions of dollars annually, and by the grinding oppression of the laws (if they are properly construed) you defeat the very object the law was framed to accomplish. Now by this method the non-manufacturers are very much oppressed, and it gives the manufacturer the advantage of a stock to resort to which will compel retail dealers to shut up shop, as they are compelled to sell both cigars and chewing tobacco from the original boxes. Let the tax be paid directly by the maker, and not hold retail dealers responsible, but compel them by law to purchase no goods that are not properly stamped, and pay strict attention to factories.

Now, as far as this is concerned, I propose to remedy it in this manner: Compel each and every employer in all tobacco factories to state under oath whether any tobacco has gone out of the shop that has not been properly stamped; compel every maker to keep an accurate account of all his business; compel retail dealers to make a monthly statement of all goods purchased and where; compare both reports and fraud would soon be detected. The law would be less objectionable to the manufacturers, and I am confident would yield a greatly increased revenue to the Government.

A severe penalty of both fine and imprisonment would soon have its effect on dishonesty, and should, in the above comparing of reports, the assessor, collector or maker be found acting dishonestly and in complicity, defrauding the people, make the penalty the same on both parties, and enforce it to the extreme rigor of the law. By this action an increased yield by honest collection would enable Congress to remove the tax from some other branch of industry.

M.

THE action of the Committee on Ways and Means on the Tariff bill is summed up as follows: Drugs have been partially considered, but the additions to the free lists have not yet been considered, nor has Mr. Kelley's list been fully adopted. The duty on pig iron has been reduced from nine to seven dollars per ton; upon scrap iron from eight to six dollars per ton. Most classifications of manufactured iron have been changed from *ad valorem* to specific rates of duty, and the classes so changed as almost to preclude the possibility, without deep study, of determining whether it effects a reduction or increase of the rates. A warm debate was had in committee upon the subject, Mr. Kelley maintaining that the rates were not altered in the change of classification, while Mr. Marshall insisted that the result was a material increase. All the work of the committee may be subject to a revision in making up the final report to the House.

THE Chicago *Journal* has the following startling item of local news: "A terrible warning to 'fast' young men is found in the case of John F. Purck, a bank clerk of this city, who, having become demoralized by 'wine and women,' committed suicide at a house of infamy early this morning. There are scores of young men, of respectable standing, outwardly, who are going to destruction in the same way, only less precipitately."

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REMEMBER

That neglected Colds are frequently dangerous, and often result in incurable diseases. A cold is followed by coughing, pain in the side, difficulty of breathing and finally ends in consumption, therefore

COUGHS AND COLDS

Should not be allowed to run on uncared for. No one should rest in fancied security.

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Is the best remedy in the world for the cure of all diseases of the Lungs. *A single dose will always relieve* and often break up a most distressing cough.

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Though powerful and speedy in its action, is perfectly harmless, and can be taken by the most delicate woman or child, or the strongest man.

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Manufactures of Lathes, Planers, Drills, Presses and Iron Working Machinery. Blacksmithing and Repairing attended to promptly.
Office and Works: Corner FIRST AVENUE and FERRY STREET.

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Jos. Horne & Co.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
NOTIONS, TRIMMINGS,
Straw Goods, Hosiery, &c.
Stock always complete. Orders promptly filled.
77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

GRAND SALE
AT
HORNE'S
ON MARKET STREET.
Heavy Decline in Price!
NEW GOODS
FOR THE
Holidays!
Our Special Holiday
AND
CLEARANCE SALE
FOR THIS SEASON, BEGAN
Monday, December 13,
And we are now offering
OUR WHOLE STOCK
At Prices to conform to the present Low Rates prevailing in New York.

Every Department has been replenished during the past week with
New and Choice Goods,
SUITED TO THE HOLIDAY SEASON.

In addition to our regular lines of Desirable Goods, we shall offer AS A SPECIALTY the Best Line of
HANDKERCHIEFS
AND
LACE ARTICLES
Ever shown in this city, and at REAL BARGAINS.

We invite everybody to this sale, promising to all prompt and polite attention.

Jos. Horne & Co.,
77 and 79 Market Street.

N. B.—500 Pairs of the "DANTON" KID GLOVE, as good as any made, in White and Opera Shades, at $1 25 per Pair, which is less than the gold cost of importation.

Holiday Goods!
We have just opened a large and elegant stock of Goods, consisting in part of
Diamonds, French Clocks,
Watches, Parian Ware,
Silverware, Jewel Stands,
Jewelry, Toilet Sets,
Bronzes, Vases,
And a Splendid Collection of
FANCY GOODS,
SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON.
J. B. M'Fadden & Co
95 MARKET STREET.

Jolly Christmas to You!
Come and See the Beautiful
HOLIDAY GOODS
AT
SLOAN, KING & CO.'S.
BEAUTIFUL NEW GAMES.
ELEGANT SETS OF CHESS, CHECKERS and DOMINOES.
PRANG'S CHROMOS, a large variety.
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PRIEST AND NUN, $2 50.
DORE'S WANDERING JEW, $10.
LONGFELLOW'S DANTE $15.
THE POETS, in a dozen styles.
Large variety of British and American BIBLES, from $2c to $25 00.
HYMN BOOKS for all denominations.
FABER LEAD PENCILS 75c a dozen.
DIARIES from 20c to $2 50.
FAIRCHILD'S CELEBRATED GOLD PENS.
JUVENILE BOOKS in endless variety.
SPLENDID TOILET CASES AND WRITING DESKS.
NEW YEAR'S CARDS PRINTED.
And a host of elegant
BOOKS AND CHRISTMAS GOODS,
Too numerous to name. No trouble to show goods. Great inducements to dealers.
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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Booksellers, Stationers and Printers,
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THE HOLIDAYS
ARE COMING,
And everybody is invited to call and examine our splendid assortment of
New Books,
Games, Puzzles and
Fancy Articles.
J. R. WELDIN & CO.,
101 WOOD STREET.
N. B.—New Styles Initial Note Paper at Wholesale.

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FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS
W. W. WATTLES,
NO. 26 FIFTH AVENUE,
HAS RECEIVED A VERY LARGE STOCK OF
FINE WATCHES,
IN GOLD AND SILVER CASES, which for variety and elegance will equal any display made this season. We have marked them at prices that will satisfy the closest buyers, as we are anxious to make quick sales. We have a 14k full jeweled Lever Watch that we have reduced from $36 to $30 50, and we believe it to be the best Watch in the market for the price. We recommend them as good Timekeepers. Please call and see for yourselves.
W. W. WATTLES,
26 FIFTH AVENUE.

HOLIDAY GOODS.
Wright's Mince Meat.
Winslow's Green Corn.
Yarmouth Green Corn.
French Peas.
French String Beans.
"Edwards'" Tomatoes.
"Edwards'" Green Peas.
"Stout's" Fresh Peaches.
"Stout's" Fresh Cherries.
Pine Apple Cheese.
"Gordon's" Pure Jellies.
"Stout's" Asparagus.
"Stout's" Fresh Strawberries.
Fresh Pine Apple.
Fresh and Spiced Salmon.
Fresh Lobster.
Queen Olives.
Boneless Sardines.
Young America Cheese.
CHOICE LEAF LARD, for family use, put up in caddies and buckets, for sale by
GEORGE W. M'CLURE,
346 LIBERTY STREET.
Goods delivered free.

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ADVERTISING AGENCY.
143 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CARPETS.

Woolen Druggets
AND
FELT CARPETS,
1⅛, 2, 2¼, 3, 3¼, 3½ and 3¾ Yards Wide.
BORDERED SQUARES,
SUITABLE FOR PARLORS.
Dining Room Crumb Cloths,
Woolen, Linen and Cotton.
At Lower Prices than Last Season,
Notwithstanding the undiminished Tariff on these Goods.
McFARLAND & COLLINS
71 AND 73 FIFTH AVENUE.

CARPETS.
NEW FALL STOCK.
Oil Cloths, Window Shades
DRUGGETS,
DRUGGET SQUARES;
Ingrain Carpets,
At the Lowest Prices Ever Offered.
Bovard, Rose & Co.
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DRUGGETS,
CRUMB CLOTHS
EXTRA QUALITY.
Brussels Carpets,
DIRECT IMPORTATION.
McCallum Bros.,
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ABOVE WOOD STREET.

ELEGANT
CARPETS.
The Latest and Most Beautiful Designs Ever Shown in
TAPESTRY OR BODY
BRUSSELS,
Just Received by Direct Importation from England.
DRUGGETS
Of the Latest Styles in Large Quantities.
OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & COMPANY,
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

HATS AND CAPS.

WHOLESALE
HATS
AND
CAPS.
A Full Assortment
OF
FUR CAPS
AND
MUFFLERS,
AT
LOW PRICES.
CALL AND EXAMINE.
R. H. PALMER,
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WOOD STREET.
Goods Received Daily.

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A LARGE STOCK OF FRUIT and ORNAMENTAL TREES, EVERGREENS, VINES, ROSES, BULBS, &c.
For sale by J. R. & A. MURDOCH, 112 Smithfield street.
Catalogues mailed free on application.

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IRON COMPANY,
MANUFACTURERS OF
NEUTRAL AND COLD SHORT
PIG IRON.
By varying the admixtures of their Native Ores, they are prepared to furnish either
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Neutral Metal,
TO SUIT CONSUMERS.
Pittsburgh Office: 133 Wood Street.
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EDMUND C. PECHIN, President.
Furnace: Dunbar, Fayette county, Pa.
HOT BLAST FOR SALE—Fifty-six UPRIGHT PIPES, 8 feet long, 4½ inches diameter. Thirty-six GOOSE NECKS and BED PLATES to suit, all in good order. For sale cheap. Apply at 133 WOOD STREET.

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ENGINE, LOCOMOTIVE AND ROLLING MILL BRASSES,
MADE PROMPTLY TO ORDER.
BABBIT'S METAL made and kept on hand. Proprietors and Manufacturers of John M. Cooper's IMPROVED BALANCE-WHEEL STEAM PUMP. Office and Foundry—563 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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MANUFACTURERS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF
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Successors to Anderson, Cook & Co.,
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Refined German Plow and Spring Steel.
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RAILWAY SPRINGS and SPRING STEEL,
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Also, WINE POSTERS AND MINERAL WATER BOTTLES. Office, 18 and 20 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
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PEET PATENT VALVE.
WE CALL THE ATTENTION OF
Engine Builders, Steam Fitters, Oil Refiners, Brewers and others to this Valve.
It has but recently been patented, and is rapidly superceding all other Valves now in use.
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A Large and Varied Stock always on hand.
Newspapers, Periodicals and Books, both Foreign and American, furnished at Publisher's Prices. The Pittsburgh Daily Commercial, delivered to subscribers on the arrival of the mail.

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FRANKSTOWN ROAD, NEAR THE GREENSBURG TURNPIKE, EAST LIBERTY.
Keeps constantly on hand a Large Assortment of CIGARS, OF THE VERY BEST BRANDS, TOBACCO, SNUFF, &c.
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Orders for THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL received and promptly attended to.

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SOLD ONLY BY
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Practical Furniture Manufacturers,
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WHERE MAY BE FOUND A LARGE AND COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF PARLOR, CHAMBER AND KITCHEN FURNITURE.

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We are now receiving our Fall Stock of
GAS FIXTURES,
Which is the largest ever offered in the two cities, and comprises the FINEST AND LATEST DESIGNS FROM ONE TO TWELVE LIGHTS, which we are offering at REDUCED PRICES.
WELDON & KELLY,
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Between Fifth and Sixth avenue.

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Carriage, Plow, Machine, Square Head, Bridge and Skein
BOLTS,
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PLOW HANDLE EXTENSION RODS, ETC
Bolts, Spikes and Wrought Iron Shapes,
For Bridges, Dams, Piers, Breakwater and other permanent structures made promptly at a small advance in price of iron.
FOUNDATION BOLTS FOR DAMS, with ends slit by machinery.
HOOK AND EYE SCREW AND SCREW AND STRAP HINGES.
Originators and Patentees of their new line of
Wagon Hardware,
Comprising Patent Wagon Box, Strap Bolts and Wrought Iron Bolster Plates, Large Head Wagon Rivets, Neck Yoke Eyes, King Bolts, Box Rods, Rubber Plates, Axle Bolts, Queen Bolts, Tongue Cap, Sand Band, Hinge Tree, and other Labor Saving odd Shapes of Iron. Send for Prices to
LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS,
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MADE PROMPTLY TO ORDER.
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Throttle, Safety and Check Valves,
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BRASS WORK, of every description for Steam, Water and Gas.
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Agents for DREYFUS' PATENT OILERS, the best in the market.
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Steam Engine Building.
A. HARTUPEE,
Having removed to the new and commodious building
COR. FIRST AV. AND REDOUBT ALLEY,
Is prepared to build STATIONARY and MARINE STEAM ENGINES and MACHINERY on the shortest possible notice. Special attention is invited to his PATENT COMBINED ENGINE. Where regularity of motion is required and fuel is an object, these engines cannot be surpassed, are very neat in appearance, and will accomplish the same amount of work with one-half the fuel that the ordinary engine will.
Have on hand a great set of new and improved patterns suitable for Rolling Mills and Factories. Also, ENGINES FOR OIL WELLS, &c.
Parties wanting Engines will consult their own interest by examining these engines before purchasing elsewhere.
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Manufacturers of Every Variety of
COOK, PARLOR AND HEATING
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OUR STATES COOK
IS THE ONLY COMPLETE ANTI-DUST STOVE IN THE MARKET.
We call particular attention to our
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Send for Catalogue.

STOVES, GRATES,
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Manufacturers of the Largest Variety of
COOKING RANGES,
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GRATE FRONTS,
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COOKING STOVES for Coal or Wood, PARLOR STOVES, HEATING STOVES, for Churches, Halls and Offices.
LAUNDRY STOVES,
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OVEN DOORS,
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Circulars, Cuts, and all information promptly furnished.
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BOLT WORKS.
HUBLEY, ADAMS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CARRIAGE AND TIRE BOLTS,
SKEIN BOLTS,
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FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS,
Iron City Works,
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MANUFACTURERS OF
BLAST ENGINES,
ROLLING MILL ENGINES,
SAW, GRIST AND PLANING MILL ENGINES;
ROLLING MILL AND OTHER MACHINERY
CASTINGS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
Prompt attention given to REPAIRS.

Mitchell, Stevenson & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
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AMONG WHICH ARE THE CELEBRATED
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The only perfect Anti Dust Cook Stoves in the market.
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Wrought Iron Turntables, Roofs, &c.
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Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,
SANDUSKY ST., Allegheny City, Pa. Manufacturers of Steam Engines, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Tobacco, Oil Mill and Machine Castings. Also, Repairing done on short notice. Also have on hand Engines of all sizes.

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MANUFACTURERS OF
American and Clair Bar, Hoop Sheet and Plate Iron.
Bridge Iron, Angle and T Iron,
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T Rails, 12, 16, 20, 28 and 40 lbs per yard
Tram Rails, Punched and Countersunk,
Boiler, Bridge and Tank Rivets,
Cut Nails and Spikes,
Ship and Boat Spikes, Railroad Spikes,
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts,
Railroad Car Wheels and Axles,
Street Car Wheels and Axles,
Coal-Pit Car Wheels and Axles,
Patent Cold Rolled Shaftings,
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Mower and Reaper Bars.
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120 WATER AND 120 FRONT STREETS.
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Hugh M. Bole & Co.
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Engine Builders, Founders
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MACHINISTS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Steam Engines and Machinery for Mills, Factories and Steamboats, Oil Well Steam Engines and Well Rigs.
All kinds of MACHINERY made to order. ENGINES of almost any size, new and perfect kept ready made and so constructed that each part can be used either right or left.
Castings of all Descriptions,
MADE TO ORDER.
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H. M. BOLE & CO.,
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We study to please.

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TUBULAR DOUBLE-FLUED FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER
STEAM BOILERS,
Chimneys, Oil Stills,
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Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.

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COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Iron, Nails, Steel,
AXLES AND SPRINGS.
DUQUESNE, X L AND JUNIATA.
Flat Bar, Round and Square Iron,
Band, Hoop, Sheet and Tank Iron,
Boiler Plates and Heads,
Guard Iron, Bang and Dropper Bars,
Flanged Cutter Bars, Cylinder Iron,
T and Flat Rails for Coal Roads,
Crowbars, Wedges and Harrow Teeth,
Spring, Plow and Cultivator Steel,
Steel Wings and Moulds, cut to pattern,
Steel Tires, Steel Shafting, A. B. Steel.
Coach, Buggy and Wagon Springs and Axles. Cut Nails and Spikes.
All Goods First-Class and Warranted.
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Fulton Foundry,
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Rolling Mill Castings,
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PLAIN AND GROOVED
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NAIL MACHINES, Ernest's Patterns.
MILLS FOR GRINDING FIRE BRICK, IRON ORE, &c.
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Castings made out of Gun Iron when ordered. Rolls turned.

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Foundry and Machine Works,
27, 33, 38 and 40 Water Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
Anderson Maxwell & Porter,
SUCCESSORS TO
Anderson & Bro., and Andersons & Maxwell,
FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS.
Have on hand and make to order from 10 to 25 horse-power PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES, for Boring Oil Wells and Saw Mill purposes, AIR ENGINES, for Agitating Oil, and all sizes of STEAM ENGINES for Rolling Mills, Planing and Saw Mills, BRICK PRESSES and PORTABLE SAW MILLS, and all kinds of MACHINERY, HOUSE FRONTS, SASH WEIGHTS and all kinds of MACHINE CASTINGS made to order on short notice.
Prompt attention to orders for Repairs.

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A. GARRISON. JOHN H. RICKETSON. WM. HOLMES.
A. GARRISON & CO.,
Successors to Bollman, Garrison & Co.,
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MANUFACTURERS OF
CHILLED ROLLS, all Sizes,
Of acknowledged superior quality, at the Lowest Current Prices.
FOR IRON, STEEL, BRASS, COPPER, ZINC, SILVER, GOLD PAPER AND INDIA RUBBER WORK, ETC.
ROLLING MILL CASTINGS, of every description.
Office and Warehouse—209 LIBERTY STREET.

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MANUFACTURERS OF
Rolling Mill and Blast Machinery,
STEAM ENGINES, RETORTS, IMPROVED NAIL MACHINES, and CASTINGS OF ALL KINDS.
Special attention is called to the
Cameron Direct Acting
BLOWING ENGINE,
Manufactured solely by us.

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PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Brass Founders
AND
IRON PIPE FITTERS.
Special attention paid to the Fitting Out and Repairing of OIL REFINERIES, ROLLING MILLS, BLAST FURNACES AND MANUFACTURERS GENERALLY. Agents for A. S. CAMERON & CO'S STEAM PUMPS. These Pumps are suitable for every purpose to which Steam Pumps can be applied. Also, BLOWERS for Oil Refineries and other purposes.

LYON, SHORB & CO.,
SLIGO IRON WORKS.
Warehouse, 121 Water Street,
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UNION IRON MILLS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Patent Solid Rolled Wrought Iron Beams,
GIRDERS AND CHANNEL IRON,
BRIDGE IRON,
Hammered and Rolled Railroad Axles (Kloman), Splice Bars, &c.
All sizes Merchant Iron.
Lithograph or Sections furnished on application.
Office and Works—BUTLER AND BOUNDARY STREETS, Twelfth Ward, Pittsburgh.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,
(Successors to S. Jones & Co.)
COR. FOURTH AND WOOD STS.
BANKERS,
BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF
Government Securities,
GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS
ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.
MONEY LOANED ON GOVERNMENT BONDS
AT LOWEST MARKET RATES.
☞ Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.
JAS. T. BRADY & CO.

Ira B. M'Vay & Co.
Cor. Fourth ave. and Smithfield St.
BANKERS,
DEALERS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
City of Pittsburgh Seven Per Cent.
Water Main Extension Bonds,
EXEMPT FROM STATE, COUNTY AND CITY TAXATION.
For sale at Par and Accrued Interest from October 1st
IRA B. M'VAY & CO.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

TUESDAY EVENING, December 14, 1869.

There has been quite a number of finance bills already brought before Congress. It seems that certain members assume that if they do not make haste in pressing their pet measures the country might be ruined. Take your time, gentlemen. There is less danger if you can only be persuaded to let the finances alone. Would it not be wise to pursue the policy of masterly inactivity in all this business of the currency? Are we not steadily advancing to specie payments without the aid of Congressional enactments? Gold has returned to figures which are the lowest since the summer of 1862. In all probability the decline will go on in the same ratio and bring us to resumption without the dangers of a commercial panic. Who demands such measures of Congress? Secretary Boutwell is in perfect accord with Gen Grant in the opinion that the question is not one for immediate legislation. The present session of Congress should devote itself to the work of perfecting a plan to fund the national debt at a lower rate of interest. The people at large are more desirous of a reduction of their taxes than of a return to specie payments. If any change is made let the banking system be made free, each institution to deposit non-interest bearing Government bonds as security for its issues. It is a deliberate imposition of the present banking system to tax the people about twenty millions a year for the privilege of its existence. In this connection the New Yord *Times* observes that without reference to the various or particular forms of legislation which may be moved in either House and finally perfected, it is highly satisfactory to business people generally and to the yet unfinished enterprises of the country, that the administration are opposed to disturbing the currency in any abrupt or doubtful way whatever, and that their continued aim will be to reach the desired end by reducing the public debt, by economizing the public expenditures and by faithfully collecting, without hastily reducing the Internal Revenues or disturbing the tariff, now yielding the ample customs in gold which enable the Treasury to support the sinking fund, and encourage the hope of a lower rate of interest on the six per cent. stocks long before the close of Gen. Grant's first term of office. We believe the National banking system, by certain practical amendments, rendering it more free and elastic and relieved of the tax upon its circulation, can be rendered not only subsidiary to this object but entirely satisfactory, as well as useful, to the South and West now fairly claiming a more liberal share in its currency.

—The following stocks were sold last evening, on second floor of Commercial Salesrooms, 106 Smithfield street, by A. McIlwaine, auctioneer;

Bank of Pittsburgh	$71 75
M. and M. National Bank	70 50
Citizens' National Bank	69 75
Citizens' National Bank	69 00
Western Pennsylvania Oil Co	85

—Government bonds show a lower range of prices to-day all around. It may be that the $2,000,000 to be purchased on Wednesday, (to-morrow) will cause a reaction, but the opinion is prevalent among large dealers in New York that lower prices are imminent. It is remarked that while the late "bull" movement has been a failure, there is as little disposition to enlist in any effort to "bear" gold, so that the influence of the daily sales of gold and purchase of bonds by the Treasury is to hold the market comparatively steady. In this, the Secretary of the Treasury has worked well; for while we do not think it any part of the legitimate business of that officer to consult the operations of "bulls" and "bears" in his public sales of coin—nor have we seen any attempt on his part of that kind—yet the country does look to him to protect the public interest, and to obtain as much for his gold as do individuals selling their gold in the open market. And if in his endeavor to do this he contributes in any degree to steady the gold market, and prevent fluctuation, so ruinous to business, an additional good is done, and so much the better.

Messrs. Ira B. McVay & Co., report the following quotations of Government bonds in New York to-day, as furnished them by Jay Cooke & Co., their correspondents:

	Morn.	Noon.	Close.
U. S. Bonds '81	119¾	119¾	119½
U. S. Bonds '62	114½	114½	114⅜
U. S. Bonds '64	112¾	112⅝	112⅞
U. S. Bonds '65	113	113	113
U. S. Bonds, new, '65	115⅜	115⅜	115⅜
U. S. Bonds '67	115¾	115¾	115⅞
U. S. Bonds '68	115¾	115⅝	115¾
10-40s	110¼	110¼	109⅞
Gold	122⅜	122⅜	122¼

—At Cincinnati the *Commercial* says: The discount market retains its stringent features, and in some cases the demand for money was reported even more pressing than yesterday. Local checking continues heavy, and, notwithstanding the fact that the bankers were in receipt of currency from New York, they generally reported a decrease in balances this evening. In the open market money is worth 15@24 per cent., though depositors in good standing are supplied at 10@12 per cent. The whisky dealers are very importunate in their demand for money, and a very large amount of currency is being absorbed by the pork trade.

—In Chicago, we learn from the *Republican*, that the money market has not been active, though there has existed a good, and in some instances a pressing, demand for loans, but the supply of money in the hands of bankers is small and prevents activity, hence we quote a stringent and very close market, and indications are decidedly favorable that no improvement of consequence will occur for some time to come. The low prices of grain are partly attributable to the reduced supply of funds in the market, as many dealers are prevented from operating, owing to the inability of the banks to lend them money. An increased number of buyers would give stability to the market, even were they for the most part composed of speculators. Many would like to purchase grain as an investment, to hold for some time, which would reduce the aggregate supply on the markets, and tend to enhance values. Packers and provision dealers are the most urgent borrowers at the present time, and as they only want money for a short time bankers are disposed to favor their applications, though they do not lend any more than they are obliged to. A large number of grain dealers are out of the trade altogether at present, being unable to negotiate loans for speculative purposes. Deposits are very low, and until there is an improvement in this line we cannot very well anticipate an easier loan market.

—James W. Kennedy, Broker, No. 80 Fourth avenue, (Apollo Building,) dealer in United States Bonds, State and Municipal Securities, Railroad, Bank, Insurance and Miscellaneous Stocks. Being represented in the New York Stock Boards every day while in session, he purchases and sells on commission any stocks on the regular lists on the same terms as the New York brokers. Governments, Gold and Railway Stocks purchased for customers on the usual margin.

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL,
TUESDAY EVENING, December 14, 1869.

Trade to-day was a little more active, but prices are without much change from those last reported. The following are the wholesale store prices unless otherwise noted:

APPLE BUTTER—Dull at 75@80c ℘ gallon.

APPLES—Receipts good with a moderate demand. Sales of good to extra at $2 25@3 25 ℘ barrel, and some fancy extra assorted, in a retail way, at $3 50@3 75 ℘ barrel.

BUTTER—The receipts are good and prices weaker. We quote good to choice at 30@34c ℘ ℔. Common grades are entirely nominal.

BEANS—Prime new navy beans command $2 75@3 00 ℘ bushel, and good to choice $2 50@2 75 ℘ bushel.

BACON, LARD, ETC—There is but a moderate demand for articles coming under this head. New sugar cured hams are quoted at 22½@23c; new shoulders 17c; new sides 19½c. Lard in tierces 19c½, and in buckets 20½@21c ℘ ℔. Mess pork ℘ bbl $33.

EGGS—Strictly fresh are scarce and selling at 40c ℘ doz, and preserved at 35@37c ℘ doz.

CORN MEAL—Good to choice may be quoted at $1 05@1 10 ℘ bushel.

CRANBERRIES—We quote fair to extra cultivated at $12@16 ℘ bbl.

CIDER—Prices run from $5 00@8 30 ℘ bbl as to quality. The receipts are liberal.

CHEESE—The market is quiet and unchanged. We quote Western Reserve at 17½c; Hamburg at 18c; Ohio Factory at 18½c; Ohio Goshen at 19½c; New York Goshen at 20½c; Sweitzer 20@22c; and Limberger 19@20c ℘ ℔.

HAY—Sales from country wagons at $15@22 ℘ ton, as to quality.

STRAW—Sales at $12@14 ℘ ton.

HUSKS—Sales at 2¾@3c ℘ ℔.

DRIED FRUITS—There is a fair demand for dried apples at 8½@9c for choice bright; extra 10c, and fair to prime 7½@8c ℘ ℔. In peaches fair halves command 11c; choice halves 11½@12c, and quarters 9@10c ℘ ℔. Pealed peaches 19@20c ℘ ℔. Pitted cherries may be quoted at 31@32c; blackberries at 15@16c ℘ ℔, and peas at $2 75 ℘ bushel.

LARD OIL—There is a good demand for Pittsburgh winter strained at $1 47@1 50 for No. 1 and $1 00@1 05 ℘ gallon No. 2.

HOMINY—We quote at $6 00@6 50 ℘ bbl.

DRESSED HOGS—The receipts are fair and sales are making at $12 00@13 00 ℘ cwt, as to quality and size.

POULTRY, GAME, ETC.—Live chickens by the coop sell at 45@50c ℘ pair as to quality; dressed chickens 10@11c ℘ ℔; dressed turkeys 16@17c; dressed ducks 16c ℘ ℔; dressed geese 50@75c each; quails ℘ dozen $2 50@2 75; wild ducks ℘ dozen $4 50@5 00; deers—whole carcass 12c ℘ ℔., and saddles 25c ℘ ℔.

ONIONS—There is a fair demand at $2 75 ℘ barrel for good, and $3 ℘ barrel for extra.

POTATOES—There is a moderate demand from store for Irish potatoes at 55@60c ℘ bushel; and from country wagons sales are making in a retail way at 60@65c ℘ bushel. Primeto choice Jersey sweets sell al $5 00@5 50 ℘ bbl.

FEATHERS—Choice No. 1 geese feathers sell at 95c@$1 00 ℘ ℔, and good to prime 80@90c ℘ ℔.

SALT—There is a fair retail demand at $2 00 ℘ barrel, and to the trade at $1 90 ℘ barrel.

SEEDS—There is little doing in seed. Cloverseed is nominal from store, (and only selling in a retail way,) at $7 75@8 25 ℘ bushel for good to choice. Timothy seed is hardly ever inquired for and prices are entirely nominal—say from $3 50 to 3 75 ℘ bushel. Flaxseed quoted nominally $2 30@2 45 ℘ bushel.

FLOUR—The market is moderately active for supplying current local wants. Good to choice brands of winter wheat flour sell at $5 50@6 25 ℘ barrel; fair to choice spring $5 25@5 75 ℘ barrel. Low and common grades are dull and entirely nominal in price.

RYE FLOUR—We quote rye flour at $5 25@5 50 ℘ bbl.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Sales at $4 00@4 50 ℘ cwt, as to quality.

MILL FEED—We quote bran at 85c@$1; shorts at $1 20@1 25, and middlings at $1 65@1 90, as to quality ℘ cwt.

WHISKY—Market quiet but firm. We quote highwines at $1 05; common rectified $1 05, and proof rectified $1 15 ℘ gallon.

GRAIN—Market dull. There is so little doing in grain that anything like correct quotations cannot be given. From cars we quote red winter wheat at $1 15@1 18 ℘ bushel; new corn of a good quality 73@75c; old shelled or ear 95c, with some lots in elevator held at $1 00; oats on the track 47@48c; Rye nominal at from 90c to $1 00 ℘ bushel as to quality. Barley is nominal at from $1 10 to $1 25 ℘ bushel as to quality, very little selling above the latter figure and some below the former.

PITTSBURGH OIL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL,
WEDNESDAY MORNING, December 15, 1869.

There were considerable transactions yesterday in crude oil, and a slight decline in prices. There seemed but little inquiry for other than December deliveries. Refined oil was very quiet, and but few transactions were reported. A special dispatch, by Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph, dated Philadelphia, December 14, 5 P. M., says "the market opened steady and quiet, with 30⅝c bid; eased a little toward noon with no bid above 30½c, but no sellers offering. It strengthened again, closing firm at 31c bid, and nothing offering. Sales in Philadelphia of 4,000 bbls at 31c. Crude at 18c." In this market January and February was offered at 31½c. The sales reported were as follows:

CRUDE OIL.

2,000 bbls S. O. December at	15¾c
1,300 bbls spot at	15⅝c
1,000 bbls S. O. December at	15¾c
1,000 bbls S. O. December at	15¾c
1,000 bbls S. O. December at	15½c
2,000 bbls S. O. December at	15¼c
1,000 bbls S. O. December at	15¼c
3,000 bbls S. O. December at	15¼c
1,000 bbls S. O. December f. o. b. cars at Venango City	$5 35
5,000 bbls S. O. 60 days on lower creek	5 00
2,000 bbls S. O. 60 days on lower creek	5 00

REFINED OIL.

500 bbls December at	30¾c
1,000 bbls December at	31 c
1,000 bbls December at	31 c

DISPATCHES.

[By Western Union Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, December 14—Closing on 13th.—Market very much depressed, and scarcely any inquiry; more oil offering but at prices above the views of exporters. Speculators are above the market; most business reported is settlement of contracts, embracing 1,000 bbls refined standard white at 31¾c; 1,000 bbls do at 31½c, and 1,000 do do at 31c, closing at 31@31¼c. Crude in bulk 17½c; also, Philadelphia delivery, 1,000 bbls refined standard white at 31¼c; 1,000 bbls do at 31c, and 2,000 bbls do at 30¾c, closing at 30¾c.

NEW YORK, December 14, 11:00 A. M.—Petroleum dull and lower. Crude in bulk 17¼@17½c without buyers; crude in bbls 22@22½c, nominal. Refined 31c, offering large.

ROUSEVILLE, December 14.—Market quiet and prices lower; offering and selling at $5 00@5 10.

OIL CITY, December 14, 10:20 A. M.—Market excited and panicky. Speculative offers to sell large lots on lower creek at $4 95, and no takers. There have been sales of several thousand barrels at that price.

TITUSVILLE, December 14.—The market has a downward tendency; can quote nominally at $4 70@4 80; buyers not disposed to operate; $4 75 is the best bid to-day, and only for small lots. Refined at Titusville is flat and unquotable at all.

NEW YORK, December 14, 12 M.—Crude quiet and weak at 17¼c, refined 31c.

PHILADELPHIA, December 14.—Market weak. P. L. S. to W. 30c; S. W. 30¾c. Crude 18c.

NEW YORK, December 14, 2:00 P. M.—Quiet and weak at 17¼c, 30¾c.

[By Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph.]

PHILADELPHIA, December 14, 11:20 A. M.—Market quiet and steady; buyers indifferent and sellers holding off; December 30⅝c bid, and 31c asked; June 32@32¼c; crude 18c.

NEW YORK, December 14, 12 M.—Petroleum dull and nominal; crude 17½@17¾c; refined 30¾@31c. Liverpool—1s 4d for crude, and 1s 7¾d for refined. Antwerp—quiet at 60¼f.

TITUSVILLE, December 14, 12:45 P. M.—Market weak and dull, with nothing doing, and nominal at $4 95.

PLEASANTVILLE, December 14, 12:15 P. M.—Market very dull; nothing doing; nominal at $4 50@4 60.

OIL CITY, PA., December 14, 12:15 A. M.—Market very dull. Broad gauge offering at $5 30; no buyers. Sales of 500 bbls gravity oil on Valley cars, Venango City, at $6 10.

ROUSEVILLE, PA., December 14, 12:15 P. M.—Market very dull and drooping hourly; offering very freely at $5 00, with no inclination to buy at that or lower figures.

Oil Receipts per River and Rail.

Fairview Oil Works	2,640	J A McKee & Co	240
Standard Oil Works	1,574	Wagner & L	100
Fisher Bros	800	Commercial O. works	166
Penn Oil Works	400	Brooks & Co	83
Owston & S	492	P R R	20
Brilliant Oil Works	720	D Bly & Co	56
S Lewis	332	J Spear	52
J Wilkins	320		
Total			7,995

Oil Shipped East by Penna R. R.

December 9.

Hutchison Oil and Refining Co, 20 bbls refined to E B Habing & co, Philadelphia.

J S Ramsey, 10 bbls refined to Semple & Johnson, Philadelphia.

December 14.

Fleming & co, 1,043 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia.

J M Riter, 100 bbls residuum to W & G Laird, Philadelphia.

Lockhart, F & co, 453 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia.

B W Morgan, 203 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia.

Keystone Oil Works, 154 bbls refined to Warden, F & Co, Philadelphia.

Liberty Oil Works, 127 bbls ref to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia.

Fawcett L S & Co, 208 bbls refined to Fawcett, L S & co, Philadelphia.

Tarentum Oil Works, 263 bbls refined to Fawcett, L S & co, Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined	2,483 bbls
Total shipments Residuum	100 bbls

Oil Shipped East by Western P. R. R.

Mentzer, Hepler & Co, 212 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.

Another Run of Coal.

The swell in the Allegheny and Monongahela have made quite a stir among the coal men. As we mentioned in Tuesday's COMMERCIAL several of the towboats having light tows have taken their departure, all for Cincinnati, viz: 8 towboats, 70 boats of coal and 4 flats of coke, amounting in the aggregate to 704,000 bushels of coal and 19,000 bushels of coke.

FOR CINCINNATI.

Towboats.	Boats.	Flats.	Bushels.
Blue Lodge	4	...	44,000
Blue Lodge	...	2	9,000
Coal Valley	10	...	100,000
Coal Valley	...	2	10,000
Clipper	6	...	60,000
Fearless	10	...	100,000
Whale	10	...	100,000
Coal Hill	10	...	100,000
Coal City	10	...	100,000
Leopard	10	...	100,000
Total	70	4	723,000

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, December 14, 1869.

EASTERN EXCHANGE—⅛ off buying, and par to ⅛ premium selling.

FLOUR—Quiet; sales of spring extras at $3 75@5 25.

WHEAT—More active; sales of No 1 at 88c; No 2 opened firm and 1½@1¾c higher; sales at 87@87½c; the advance was subsequently lost, and closed at 85½@85¾c; this afternoon market irregular, with free sellers of No 2 at 85¼c cash and seller December; 86¾c seller January.

CORN—Quiet and firmer; early sales of No 2 at 79@80c for regular and fresh receipts, closing quiet at 77½c; rejected, in favorite houses, 80c; no grade 70c; this afternoon the market was dull at 77½c for No 2.

OATS—In fair demand and ½c higher; sales of No 2 at 42¾@43c cash; 42¼@42½c seller the month and seller last half.

RYE—Firmer and 1@2c higher; sales of No 2 at 73@75c, closing at 74@75c.

BARLEY—Dull and nominal at 79@80c for No 2.

HIGHWINES—Firm and steady at 95c.

SUGAR—12@14½c for common to choice Orleans.

PROVISIONS—Less active. Mess pork steady at $31 50 cash; $32 25@32 37½ seller February. Green hams quiet at 15½c; short rib middles steady at 15c for round lots. Lard quiet and firmly held, sales at 18¼@19c. Sweet pickled hams quiet and unchanged.

DRESSED HOGS—Moderately active at $12 50@13 50 dividing on 200.

LIVE HOGS—Firm at $9 65@9 90 for common; $10 50@10 65 for fair to medium; $11 50 for good to choice; $11 25@11 60 for fancy.

CATTLE—Quiet and firm at $4 37½@5 00 for fair to good cows; $5 75@6 12½ for good shipping steers.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, December 14.—Flour unchanged; family $5 35@5 65. Wheat dull; No 1 $1 10; No 2 $1 05@1 06. Corn steady at 74@75c for new; receipts large, but chiefly from Kentucky. Oats dull at 52@57c. Rye unchanged at 90@95c. Barley dull at $1 35@1 40 for fall. Whisky dull at 97@98c. Cotton unchanged; middlings 23¾@24c. Tobacco in good demand; sales 165 hhds at $7 80@18 25. Hogs quiet at $10 25@10 75; receipts 4,700. Green meats dull at the close; shoulders 11@11¼c; sides 14@14¼c; hams 15¼@15½c; weather wet, which is the chief cause of dullness. Mess pork dull at $31 00. Bulk meats quiet; those twenty days in salt are held at 12½@12¾c for shoulders, and 15½c for clear rib sides, and 16¼c for clear; fully cured shoulders scarce and held at 13c, all packed. Bacon in moderate demand at 14½c for shoulders, and 17¾@18¼c for clear rib and clear sides. Sugar cured hams 22c. Lard dull and drooping; sales 700 tierces steam at 17½c; kettle offered at 18½c. Butter 1c lower and dull at 29@31c. Cheese drooping at 17½@18½c. Linseed oil dull at 88c. Lard oil 3c higher at $1 53@1 55 for No. 1 to extra. Sugar ⅛c lower but with fair demand. Coffee unchanged and quiet at 18@24c. Gold 122 buying. Exchange dull at ⅛@⅙ discount buying.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, December 14.—Tobacco dull and heavy. Cotton quiet at 23½c for low middling. Hemp dull and unchanged. Flour very quiet at $4 00@4 25 for superfine; $4 50@4 75 for X; $4 85@5 25 for XX; $6 00@7 25 for choice to fancy family. Wheat dull; No 2 spring at 82½c; No 1 do 95c; No 2 red fall $1 00@1 05; choice $1 27½. Corn better for best qualities; yellow bulk 74c; old mixed, sacked, 88c; new white 84c; fancy 92c. Oats scarce and higher at 52½@56½c. Barley dull at $1 45 for prime fall. Rye scarce and firm at 82@83c. Whisky firm at $1 00. Groceries quiet and unchanged. Pork quiet at $30 00@30 50 for light; $31 00 for heavy. Dry salted shoulders 12¼@12½c; clear rib 16c; clear sides 16¼c; loose clear rib up river 15c. Bacon—small sales clear sides at 19c; shoulders nominal at 15½c; clear rib do 18¾@18¾c. Lard firm at 18c for prime steam. Cattle quiet and unchanged at 2¾@6½c. Hogs firm at 9¾@10½c, and extra heavy 10¾c.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, December 14.—Flour—Market dull and unchanged. Buckwheat flour—market steady and demand good; $7 75@8 50. Wheat dull and inactive; no sales; No 1 red offered at $1 14 and $1 13 bid; No 2 red held at $1 10@1 11, $1 09 offered, but buyers were not disposed to raise their bids. Oats dull and nominally unchanged; old No 1 shelled at $1; No 2 do at 98c; new ear corn in light demand; held at a range of 85@90c, the outside for that in good condition. Rye dull and nominal at 95c@$1 for No. 1; 90c for No 2. Barley market dull and nominal; Canada offered at $1@1 15, without buyers. Petroleum market is easier but unchanged for refined; held at a range of 28½@29½c in large lots; 31@32c for small lots; crude is again lower; held at $6 35 ℘ barrel.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, December 14.—Sales 73 hhds tobacco at $7@15 50 for new, and old sound lugs $9@12 75. Cotton—sales 50 bales middlings at 23¼c. Red wheat $1 05; white do $1 20. Corn 65@70c. Oats 56c. Rye 80c on arrival. Hogs firmer at $10@10 35; receipts 2,360; killed 4,800. Provisions firm; mess pork $31. Bacon—shoulders 15¼c; clear rib 18⅜c; clear sides 18⅞c. Bulk—shoulders 12⅝c; clear rib 16¼c; clear sides 16¾c. Hams—sugar cured 23c. Lard 18¾c. Whisky—raw 97c.

Nashville Market.

NASHVILLE, December 14.—Cotton quiet and prices easier; low middling 23c; good ordinary 22½c. Bulk meats—clear sides 16¾c; clear ribbed sides 16¼c; shoulders 12½c. Rump pork $27. New cured hams 23c. Lard 18¾c. Wheat—red $1 10; amber $1 15; white $1 20. Corn $1 00. Oats 75c. Rye $1 00. Barley $1 10. Flour $5@7 for superfine to fancy.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, December 14.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat dull; regular white Michigan $1 07; amber $1 09; No 1 red $1 12; No 2 do $1 07. Corn dull; nominally 1@2c lower; No 1 90c; no sales; No 2 86½c; no grade 75c. Oats dull and unchanged; No 1 held at 52c, 51c bid; No 2 49c. Dressed hogs dull at 12@13c. Cloverseed $8 10.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, December 14.—Flour steady and fairly active; western superfine $4 75@5. Wheat dull; red $1 25@1 40. Corn firm; white 88c; yellow 90c. Oats 58c. Provisions unchanged. Whisky firm at $1 02½@1 03.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, December 14.—Flour nominally unchanged. Wheat weak at 86½c for No. 1; 84½c for No. 2. Oats nominal. Corn firmer. Barley steady at $1 20 for prime delivered. Rye nominal. Dressed hogs nominal at $12 25@13.

Memphis Market.

MEMPHIS, December 14.—Cotton steady at 23¾c; receipts 1,600 bales; exports 1,124 bales. Flour steady. Corn 92c. Oats 62@65c. Hay $26@27. Bran $22@23. Pork $31@31 50. Lard 18½@19½c. Bacon nominal; bulk shoulders 13c; sides 17c.

New York Finance and Trade.

Gold Closed at 122.

NEW YORK, December 14—P. M.

THE BOUNTY BOND FRAUDS.

The day closed without any further important developments in regard to the New York bounty loan frauds, although some small alterations were brought to light.

THE EXPRESS COMPANIES.

The executive committee of the Adams, United States and American Express Companies, it is stated, will shortly meet to decide on the question of allowing the Adams Express Company to run an express line over the Pennsylvania Central and Fort Wayne roads to Chicago. The Adams Company is also negotiating for a return of those lines which they surrendered on compromise with the Merchants' Union Company.

MONEY.

The stringency in money increased this afternoon, and many bank accounts were not made up until after three o'clock. Call loans sharp at 7 ℘ cent. gold, and late in the day there were some transactions at 1 16 to ⅜ ℘ cent, ℘ diem. The bounty loan frauds have disturbed confidence among banks and many lenders to such an extent that many loans were called in to-day, and the money not again loaned out. Some parties were also calling in loans for to-morrow. This action is simply for protection, until the full extent of the frauds is discovered. Some banks report a demand for currency from the South and Southwest. Discounts dull, quoted at 10@12 ℘ cent.

STERLING.

A shade firmer at 108½@108⅝.

GOLD.

Lower, opening at 122¼ and closing at 122. The rates paid for carrying were 6⅛@7 ℘ cent, currency, 7 ℘ cent, gold, 1-32 and 8 ℘ cent. Clearances $37,000,000.

GOVERNMENTS.

Heavy and lower. Coupons '81, 119¾@119⅞; do '62, 114⅜@114½; do '64, 112⅝@112¾; do '65, 113@113⅛; do new, 115⅜@115½; do '67, 115⅝@115⅞; do '68, 115⅝@115⅝; 10-40s, 109⅞@110; Pacifics, 108⅝@109.

STATE BONDS.

Tennessees and North Carolinas are easier; South Carolinas and Louisianas higher. Missouris 90⅝. old Tennessees 50, new Tennessee 42; old Virginias 49; new Virginias 54; old North Carolinas 42⅝; new North Carolinas 28; new South Carolinas 72; Louisiana levee bonds 60⅝.

STOCKS.

Active and lower under increased pressure to sell, closing weak and unsettled. Canton 50⅝; Cumberland 26; Western Union Telegraph 34⅝; Quicksilver 17; Mariposa 7½; do preferred 15⅝; Adams Express 62⅝; Wells-Fargo 17⅝; American 40; United States 51⅝; Pacific Mail 51⅝; New York Central consolidated 88⅝; Erie 26¼; do preferred 45; Harlem 134; Hudson River scrip, 81⅝; Reading, 99⅝; Michigan Central, 124; Lake Shore, 84⅝; Illinois Central, 133⅝; Pittsburgh, 82⅝; Northwestern, 71⅝; do preferred, 83⅝; Rock Island, 105⅝; St. Paul, 72; do preferred, 85; Wabash, 55¼; do preferred, 70; Fort Wayne 88⅝; Terre Haute 25; do preferred 57⅝; Chicago and Alton 141⅝; Ohio and Mississippi, 25⅝.

MINING SHARES.

Dull. Sub-Treasury balance $87,974,694.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, December 14.—Cotton steady; sales 2,700 bales at 25⅝c for middling uplands. Flour—receipts 26,120 bbls; flour dull, heavy and 5c lower; sales 7,300 bbls at $4 40@4 75 for superfine State and western; $5 15@6 10 for extra State; $4 90@6 10 for extra western; $5 75@6 30 for white wheat extra; $5 20@6 10 for round hoop Ohio; $5 75@6 50 for extra St. Louis, $6 50@8 50 for good to choice do, closing heavy. Rye flour quiet and heavy; sales 250 bbls at $4 00@5 85. Corn meal quiet; sales 300 bbls white western at $5 10. Whisky firm; sales 300 bbls western at $1 02½@1 03¼. No receipts of wheat; very quiet and 1@2c lower; sales 28,000 bush at $1 24 for No 2 spring; $1 30@1 33 for winter red and amber western; $1 43@1 48 for white western. Rye dull. Barley quiet; sales 8,500 bush four-rowed State at $1 18. Barley malt dull. Receipts of corn 642 bush; corn a shade firmer; sales 49,000 bush at $1 10@1 11 for unsound mixed western; $1 11@1 13 for sound do; $1 03 for new yellow southern. Oats a shade firmer, closing dull; sales 32,000 bush at 63c for western; 64½@65½c for State. Rice dull; sales 48 tcs Carolina at 6¾@7¾c. Coffee quiet. Sugar nominal. Molasses quiet; Porto Rico 62c. Hops quiet at 15@27c for American. Petroleum quiet at 17¼@17½c for crude, and 31c for refined. Linseed oil dull at 91@93c. Turpentine dull and unchanged. Pork heavy and lower; sales 330 bbls at $32 00@32 50 for new mess; $32 50@32 75 for old do, $24@26 for prime, and $28@30 50 for prime mess; also, 1,000 bbls new mess, seller February, at $32@32 50, and 100 bbls city prime, seller December on private terms. Beef steady; sales 175 bbls at $5@13 for new plain mess, and $12@17 for new extra mess. Tierce beef steady; sales 375 tierces at $25@28 for prime mess, and $27@30 50 for India mess. Beef hams steady; sales 110 bbls at $30@31 for new. Cut meats dull; sales 90 pkgs at 12@13c for shoulders, and 17@17½c for hams. Middles quiet; sales 30 boxes Cumberland cut at 15½c; 30 boxes short ribbed at 16½c. Dressed hogs heavy at 13½@13¾c for western. Lard heavy; sales 370 tierces at 18@19c, chiefly at 18¾@18½c, for steam, and 19½@20c for kettle rendered; also, 250 tierces steam, seller February, on private terms. Butter dull at 20@33c for Ohio. Cheese quiet at 16@17½c. Freights to Liverpool nominal.

LATEST.—Flour closed dull and slightly in buyers' favor. Wheat dull, heavy and 1c lower; winter red and amber nominal at $1 30@1 32; No 2 spring $1 21@1 24. Rye quiet and heavy. Oats dull at 63c for western. Corn quiet at $1 11@1 13 for sound old mixed western. Pork quiet and firm at $32 for mess for January and February. Beef steady with a moderate demand. Cut meats in limited request and unchanged. Bacon nominal. Lard dull at 18¾@18⅞c for good to prime steam. Eggs quiet without material change.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, December 14.—Dry goods—Although inertia seems the prevailing feature of trade, the market is nevertheless steady and firmer for heavy brown sheetings. Indian Head and Appleton 4-4 brown have risen to 16c, a shave; Amoskeag A and Blackstone 4-4 bleached muslins have risen from 15 to 15½c. Printed calicoes, especially Sprague's, Oriental and Lancaster, are selling at low prices, but more freely than other brands.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, December 14.—Provisions quiet; mess pork new $32 50@33. Lard 19¾@19½c. Flour dull. Wheat dull; red $1 27@1 30. Rye $1@1 10. Corn dull; old yellow $1 09; new do 86@88c. Oats 55@58c. Petroleum—crude 23½c; refined 30¾@31c. Whisky dull at $1 02@1 04.

For Additional Telegraph Markets See First Page.

IMPORTS BY RAIL.

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. R.—P. R. R. Lessee.

F Sellers & co, 100 tcs lard; Sheerberger & co, 3 cars 1 stone; Hoffman & H, 1 portable organ; Price & S, 3 bbls hdware; Van Gorder & S, 3 kgs butter; Laughlin & co, 2 cars 1 stone; Parthy & N, 79 doz brls; E L Moore 55 e oil bbls; J P Hanna, 10 hogs; Godfrey & co, 25 rms sp paper; Woodworth & L, 3 bbls onions, 2 sks do; W H Graff, 16 bbls turnips, 5 kgs butter, 1 do lard; Pier, D & co, 200 bgs barley; J M Mueller, 215 do do; Dithridge & Son, 250 pigs lead; Spencer & McK, 197 bgs barley; M Leoncha, 1 csk eware; S D Stumsberger & co, 20 bxs bottles; W Sumner & co, 1 wagon; Meanor & D, 11 bgs rye; Johnson & C, 12 doz brooms; Dilworth, H & co, 34 do do; Cunningham & I, 1 bbl and 1 csk cuttings; M Kelly, 1 lot old lead; Colman, R & co, 18 kgs spikes; A Knit, 52 bdls spokes, 5 do hubs; Elder & P, 15 bdls frames; E Heazelton, 1 bbl oil; Pyth & O, 31 sks rags; J S Dilworth, 3 bbls sugar; A Kirkpatrick & co, 14 bbls flour; J Grier & co, 100 do do; T C Jenkins & Bro, 200 do do; Schmyer & V, 100 do do.

Allegheny Station.

J Sanderson, 1 bbl and 1 keg sundries; W Ralston, 1 d hog; C Davis, 1 bx sundries; Harper, G & co, 20 bdls spokes, 41 bdls trees; J Craig, 1 stand hutter; Fullerton & co, 2 sks wool; R Knox & Son, 26 bgs bw flour; J K Holmes, 1 car lime; Superior Iron co, 4 cars 1 stone; B Matthews, 7 bbls broom corn; W F Townsend, 10 casks rivets, 5 bgs do; Lemon & Weise, 1 car lumber; Frazier & M, 150 bdls paper; J B McKee, 1 lot stove castings; Speng, C & co, 10 bars iron, 1 bdl do; Beymer, B & co, 11 sks kgs.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

H H Collins, 1 car pipe; Graff, H & co, 1 car brick; R A Clark & co, 1 car lumber; Jos Jenny, 1 do do; Fairbanks, M & co, 16 bxs scales; C C Baer, 10 bxs tobacco; Voight, M & co, 5 bbls beans, 40 cases c fruit, 25 bbls apples, 4 bbls d peaches, 3 do butter; Bedford C co, 11 bdls c stuff; Graham & M, 97 sks oats, 2 d hogs; J Spear & co, 52 bbls oil; Geo Morton, 144 bbls cement; B D Moore, 100 e oil bbls; J A Graff, 38 sks oats, 15 do barley, 3 do feed; H Rea, 8 kgs butter; C A Warmcastle, 41 e oil bbls; Van Gorder & F, 7 bbls cider; H Ridde, 3 do do; S Devall, 2 bbls beans, 24 do d apples, 4 do poultry; P Duff & Son, 6 bbls beans, 8 do d apples, 1 bx butter, 1 do eggs; Lewis, O & P, 30 kegs nuts; Beymer & Bro, 20 bxs crackers.

Allegheny Station.

Beymer, B & co, 715 pigs lead; George Stewart, 100 bbls flour.

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis R. R.

J Conner, 25 hf and 14 qr bbls fish; J Dalzell, 50 tcs lard; E H Myers, 20 bbls flour, 2 tcs sausage, 2 csks bacon; A Kirkpatrick, 50 bbls flour; H McSwiggen, 16 bbls whisky; F Sellers & co, 10 kgs pigs feet, 1 hhd bacon; Daize is & co, 2 tcs beef; Union Woolen Mills, 2 bbls oil; J Freiderburg, 12 bbls liquor; M Hyle, 3 hhds tobacco; H Berger, 6 bbls h and f boards, 6 do slats, 3 do rails, 7 toy beds; Arbuckles & co, 40, 40 bxs c tobacco; E H McGinnis, 8 pkgs do; W L Jones, 45 do do; Hamilton & A, 2 bbls varnish; A Schaub, 6 hhds tobacco; R Maginnis, 48 locust boards; Lapple & W, 30 hides; F G Craighead, 69 bgs c feed, 2 bxs butter; McHenry & H, 11 sks barley; J Gangwisch, 122 do do, 2 bdls bags; W H Hagan, 44 sks oats, 23 do e corn; W J Meek, 45 sks rye; Hitchcock & McC, 192 do do; J List, 196 do oats; Hall & Speer, 4 bbls beans, 1 bbl cider; L Heilbruner, 5 bbls liquor; P Schwartz, 10 cases tobacco; J Bryan, 5 bbls liquor; J H Parker, 2 cases shoulders; L J Brecht, 1 bx frames; Drape & R, 10 e bxs; Harris & E, 2 e carboys; Hastings & D, 2 air stoves; F Schild, 358 bgs barley; G Stewart, 100 bbls flour; Day & Co, 2 bbls feed; M Twidle, 3 bureaus; Woodworth & D, 1 pkg butter, 9 bbls nuts.

Oil Receipts Per A. V. R. R.

Wagner & L, 160 bbls crude to Wagner & L; Lockhart, F & Co, 240 do do to J A McKee; Same, 492 do do to Owston & S; Fisher Bros, 1,574 do do to Standard Oil Works; Ross Bros, 166 do do to Commercial Oil Works; J Marching, 332 do do to Sam'l Lewis; Same, 83 do do to Brooks & co; Lockhart, F & co, 1,920 do do to Fairview Oil Works; Fisher Bros, 720 do do to Fairview Oil Works; Lockhart, F & co, 400 do do to Brilliant Oil Works; Wagner & L, 160 do do to Brilliant Oil Works; Owston & S, 160 do do to Brilliant Oil Works; E H Long, 500 do do to Fisher Bros; Fisher Bros, 240 do do to Fisher Bros; Same, 400 do do to Penn Oil Works; Philadelphia & Boston P Co, 320 do do to J Wilson; P R R Co, 20 do lubricating; J Kunkle, 56 do do to D Bly & co.

Freight Receipts Per A. V. R. R.

Adams & A, 36 sks oats; J Patterson & Son, 20 sks potatoes; W McKee & Son, 40 do wheat; Scott & G, 31 do rye; D Hutchison, 9 do potatoes, 6 busk do; M W O'Connor, 11 sks potatoes; Munhall & McG, 25 do do; J & W Farley, 99 sks oats; J Anderson, 12 sks potatoes; Mrs M H Fleck, 1 lot h h goods; R S Davis & co, 1 bx books; E Shearer, 14 sks wheat; R Christy, 15 sks rags; Monongahela House, 6 pkgs marketing, 2 cans cream; D S Reynolds, 1 car lime; J Callery, 30 sh pelts, 3 bbls tallow; W Flaccus & Son, 3 bbls grease; Seibert & B, 3 rolls leather; Consignees, 1 bdl s pelts, 5 calves, 28 pkgs butter, 3 lots marketing, 12 d hogs, 17 bxs butter; 1 hd sheep, 3 sks rags, 1 lot onions, 1 bbl c berries, 2 pkgs eggs.

Western Pennsylvania R. R.

Rogers & B, 156 bdls sheet iron; Liggett & co, 1 car wheat; Hipley & B, 20 bbls salt; D Dunlevy, 60 sks bw flour; W H Kirkpatrick, 3 bbls butter; W Brown, 22 sks oats; J P Hanna, 2 d hogs; J R Weldon, 3 sks rags; Watt, L & co, 1 bx d g, 1 bale batting; Epping & co, 1 steam pump; Knable & P, 19 e boxes; F Lutz, 1 car coal; J Panter, 1 car brick; G Bennett & co, 5 cars s iron.

Glass Manufacturers' Imports.

Chrystal Glass Manf'g Co	1 car sand.
Semple, R & Co	1 car sand.
Campbell, Jones & Co	1 car sand.
Johnston, King & Co	1 car sand.
W McCully & Co	1 car lime.
C Ihmsen & Co	1 car lime.
Cunningham & Ihmsen	34 casks soda ash.
A & D H Chambers	53 casks soda ash.
S McKee & Co	16 casks soda ash.
King, Sons & Co	14 casks soda ash.
W McCully & Co	6 casks soda ash.

Receipts of Pig Metal, Blooms and Ore, for the Past Twenty-four Hours.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD
P. R. R. CO. LESSEE.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	47	Brady's Bend I Co, m	3
J Wood, Sons & Co, m	7	Superior Mills, metal	2
Bryan & Caughey, m	3	Zug & Co, m	1
Total			69

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Jno Moerhead, metal	4	J W Porter, m	2
Bryan & Caughey, m	2		
Total			8

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

Lewis, B, D & co, o	2	Wm Clark & Co, o	1
Shoenberger, B & Co, o	4	McKnight, P & Co, o	1
Everson, P & Co, o	2	Painter & Son, ore	1
Brady's Bend I. Co, o	1	Graff, Byers & Co, o	1
Total			13

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

Nimick & Co, m	3	Reese, Graff & Dull, m	2
J Moorhead, m	2		
Total			7

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Spang, C & Co, m	2	Graff, Bennett & Co, m	2
Total			4

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

Pittsburgh, Brownsville and Geneva Packet Co.

A S Carlile, 200 bdls straw boards, 5 bbls coloring, 2 do whisky, 2 do crackers; H Denney, 1 box sundries; A Jones, 2 bxs mdse; T Musgrave, 1 bx g ware; Campbell & Coulson, 36 sks oats; A T Crosdale, 1 bale pelts; Geo McCune, 1 bx butter; J L Metz, 1 bx chickens; M W Rankin, 1 bx butter, ½ bbl do, 5 bbls cider; J Fullmer, 38 sks oats, 2 bxs poultry, 1 do a butter, ½ do butter; J W Craig, 1 bx butter; P H Burns, 2 bbls whisky; J B Holley, 17 bales hay, 181 sacks corn; John Malley, 11 bbls cider, 9 e boxes; H W Buffum & co, 1 bx bottles; Jas Torrens, 125 bxs w glass, 1 do butter; Bucker & co, 21 bales hay; R C Schmertz, 154 boxs w glass; R Patterson, 2 bdls sheep pelts; 1 bbl tallow; Lott Winnett, 73 bbls apples; H Rea, Jr., 26 bbls apples; John Porter, 1 bbls apples, 1 bbl poultry.

PAINTERS.

206 LACOCK STREET, ALLEGHENY,
JOHN STULEN, Jr.,
PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND FRESCO PAINTER
Church, Parlors and Public Halls Decorated in every style of the art.
Interior House Painting tastefully executed.

BARRY & BROTHER,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,
No. 12 SMITHFIELD STREET.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Ironton, O.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.
IRONTON, O., December 14, 1869.

Boats passed down to-day: Fleetwood at 9 P. M. Passed up: Ohio No. 4 at 2 P. M. River falling; weather cloudy and warm. H.

Brownsville.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.
BROWNSVILLE, PA., December 14, 1869.

River on a stand, with about five feet of water in the channel. Weather clear; thermometer 35° at 4 P. M. C.

Greensboro.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.
GREENSBORO, PA., December 14, 1869.

River on a stand, with about four feet of water in the channel. Weather clear; thermometer 38° at 6 P. M. F.

Morgantown.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.
MORGANTOWN, December 14, 1869.

River stationary, with two feet of water in the channel. Weather cloudy; thermometer 43° at 4 P. M. W.

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Arrived.

Belle	Richey	Parkersburg
E. Bennett	Carmack	Geneva.
Chieftain	Phillips	Geneva.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.

Departed.

Elector	Bougner	Geneva.
Chieftain	Phillips	Geneva.
E. Bennett	Carmack	Geneva.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
St. Charles	Dravo	Cincinnati.
Julia No. 2	Stull	Zanesville.

MONONGAHELA—Seven feet six inches.
ALLEGHENY—Nine feet.

THE MARKS LAST EVENING.—The Monongahela pier marks indicated seven feet six inches and rising very slowly. The weather was very mild for the season. Business on the landing was very active, freights for the South being plenty.

THE steamers Maggie Hays and Ironsides arrived at St. Louis on Sunday.

THE steamer R. C. Gray, Capt. Whitaker, arrived at Cincinnati on Monday morning.

THE steamer Camelia, Capt. Mason, left Cincinnati on Monday for St. Louis.

THE Julia No. 2, for Zanesville, left on time with a good trip.

THE steamer St. Charles left yesterday for Cincinnati with an excellent trip and a large number of passengers.

THE steamer Ida Stockdale reshipped her Pittsburgh freight in the Argosy at Cincinnati. She would return to New Orleans.

THE United States mail packets on the slack water leave daily at 8 A. M., and 5 P. M. for all ports.

THE hull of the W. R. Arthur was built at Shoustown. She was completed at Louisville. Captain H. Campbell was her commander the first season.

DAVID MCCLURE, of Madison, Indiana, has received the appointment of Government storekeeper, vice George Sheets, disqualified on account of insanity.

CAPT. FINK and others have contracted for a new hull at Cincinnati for the Golden Eagle's machinery. Length 250 feet; beam 40 feet; hold 5½.

THE fine steamer Kate Putnam, Capt. Russell, takes her departure this day at 4 P. M., positively. Passengers and shippers can rely on this.

THE old wharfboat of the Keokuk Packet Company was sold at St. Louis to Mr. Scribner, and will be towed to Louisville and loaded with cement for the St. Louis Bridge Company.

THE punctual packet Belle, Capt. Richey, takes her departure this day at 12 M. for Wheeling, Marietta and Parkersburg. To persons going that way a fine opportunity is presented. Mr. Richards has charge of the office.

STEAMER SUNK.—The Knoxville *Whig* says the new steamer Lucy Coker was sunk, on the 6th inst., by striking a snag in Hiawassee river, near Kincannon's ferry. The boat was near the shore at the time, and at last accounts the lower deck was under water. No freight lost.

THE fine passenger steamer Mollie Ebert, Capt. G. W. Ebert, is announced for Cairo, Memphis and New Orleans. This boat has unsurpassed accommodations, and is in charge of careful and attentive officers. Capt. S. Peppard will do the honors in the office.

THE punctual packet Kate Putnam, Capt. James Russell, is announced for Cairo and St. Louis this day. This boat is noted for fine speed, superior accommodations and attentive officers. Mr. Harbison, who has charge of the office, will see that passengers are well cared for.

THE Nashville *Union* of Saturday says: The Robert Moore departed yesterday with a good number of passengers, but little freight. Lord Palmerston has engaged for her, however, one hundred tons pig iron for Pittsburgh and fifty tons blooms, with a *carte blanche* for all the iron she can carry to Cincinnati. Her first trip will gladden the hearts of the "home office."

JUST LIKE HIM.—Mr. Charles Fairman, the accommodating clerk of the Parkersburg wharfboat, saved the life of a person whose name we did not learn. The individual mentioned, not having the fear of a cold bath before him, walked off the steamer St. Charles into the river, and would undoubtedly have been drowned if Mr. Fairman had not came to his assistance.

LOUISVILLE.—The *Courier-Journal* of Friday says: The following towboats arrived yesterday: Stella, Simpson Horner, Dick Fulton, Alps, Tom Rees, A. J. Baker, Mary Ann, Wild Cat, Hyena, Star, Hercules, Keystone, Diamond, Panther, Jas. Blackmore and Ella, with sixty-eight boats and seventy-one barges, containing 1,600,000 bushels, will be taken to points below. The Tom Rees, in descending the falls, struck a crib erected by Gen. Weitzel on the falls and sunk in six feet of water at the head of Sand Island. It contained about 22,000 bushels of coal and was valued at $3,000. A portion of the coal will be recovered.

THE St. Paul *Press*, of Sunday, says: Mr. O. E. Garrison, who is engaged in a Government survey of the Upper Mississippi pine country, in the vicinity of Prairie river, is gathering information for the Historical Society, and is desirous that next season an expedition be sent out by the society to explore the tributaries of the Mississippi and Crow Wing rivers.

Mr. Garrison is of opinion that a canal can be cut from an arm of Pokegoma Lake to the river, so that steamboats can pass; and has sent a map of the proposed canal to General Warren.

A BIG WHARFBOAT.—A Cairo dispatch says: Captain Hind has just closed a contract with Captain Wm. Hambleton, of Mound City, for the building of the largest and most complete wharfboat ever built for the West. It is over 300 feet long and 52 feet beam, and to have two stories or decks the whole length. The upper one is to be used for the reception of furniture for re-shipment—that item having swollen to a very huge proportion since the war. The hull is to be fastened and secured according to the combined experience of Captain Hind and Captain Hambleton, and is expected to be a masterpiece of workmanship, and different in many respects from any similar boat ever built.

FLOUR AND GRAIN.

Pearl Steam Mills
FLOURS,
Possessing all the latest improvements in Machinery, with a Cooling Room and Bolting Cloths
UNEQUALED IN THE CITY,
A CAPACITY OF
1,000 Barrels Daily,
And a System in purchasing Wheat by our regular Traveling Agent, Mr. S. KENNEDY,
Which has many advantages and not followed by any other Mill in the two cities.
Warrants us in asserting that no other Mill in this section CAN DUPLICATE OUR SALES on the same grades of Flour.
PEARL 3 STAR GREEN BRAND,
Unequalled in the city as a PASTRY AND BISCUIT FLOUR, being made from the Cream of the BEST WHITE WHEAT to be found in this country.
PEARL DOUBLE EXTRA 2 STAR BLUE BRAND,
Acknowledged to give better satisfaction than any Family Flour in the market. Made from STRICTLY PRIME WHITE and SOUTHERN AMBER or HILL WHEAT.
PEARL 1 STAR RED BRAND,
Is made from SOUTHERN RED and AMBER WHEAT, and is the best Low-priced Flour to be had.
Our Flour can be obtained at all the Best Groceries in the two cities and suburbs.
☞ All Sacks are Sealed and Labeled with Name of Firm and Date of Manufacture.
R. T. Kennedy & Bro.,
PEARL STEAM MILLS,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

CORN AND RYE.
10,000 BUSHELS SHELLED CORN;
10,000 BUSHELS RYE,
Arriving and for sale by
D. WALLACE,
353 LIBERTY STREET.

Fruits, Vegetables, &c.
300 packages prime new Layer Raisins.
50 mats new Seedless Raisins.
100 boxes new Valencia Raisins.
100 boxes prime old Layer Raisins.
100 boxes prime old Valencia Raisins.
50 mats prime old Seedless Raisins.
20 casks prime new Currants.
15 bbls prime new Prunes.
300 drums prime new Figs.
10 bbls prime Havana Oranges.
20 kegs prime Malaga Grapes.
2,000 dozen canned Peaches.
1,600 dozen canned Tomatoes.
1,500 dozen Winslow's Corn.
500 dozen fresh Peas.
200 dozen fresh Blackberries.
200 dozen Pickles, in jars, assorted sizes.
100 dozen Green Pepper Sauce.
300 dozen Tomato Catsup.
10 casks German Cherries.
50 bbls Pickles in Vinegar.
5,000 Cocoa Nuts.
150 bags Almonds, Filberts, Walnuts, Brazil Nuts, &c., &c.
FOR SALE BY
REYMER & BROS.
126, 128 AND 130 WOOD STREET.

VINEGAR.
DEPOT FOR THE UNITED STATES OF
BOLLMAN'S
IMPERIAL FRENCH WINE VINEGAR.
So justly celebrated for its preserving qualities and fine flavor, at
BOLLMAN & CARL'S,
63 South Gay street, Baltimore.
Depot for Pittsburgh, Pa., with
WATT, LANG & CO.,
172 and 174 Wood street.
☞ Beware of spurious imitations. MWS

NOTICES.

☞ OFFICE MONONGAHELA VALLEY RAILROAD—ANNUAL MEETING.—The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Monongahela Valley Railroad Company for the election of President, Vice President and Seven Directors, to serve for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before them, will be held at the office of said Company, at No. 134 Water street, Pittsburgh, at 12 o'clock M. on the SECOND MONDAY, the 10th day of January, A. D. 1870.
J. R. JAQUES, Secretary.
Pittsburgh, December 15, 1869.

☞ FARMERS' DEPOSIT NATIONAL BANK.—The annual election for Seven (7) Directors of this Bank, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, No. 66 Fourth avenue, on TUESDAY, the 11th of January, 1870, between the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock P. M.
F. L. STEPHENSON, Cashier.
Pittsburgh, December 13, 1869.

☞ SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH.—The annual election for Nine Directors of this Bank to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, corner of Liberty and Ninth streets, on TUESDAY, January 11th, 1870, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
ROBERT J. STONEY, Cashier.
Pittsburgh, December 11, 1869. MW

☞ PITTSBURGH NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE.—An election for Nine Directors of this Bank, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, corner of Wood street and Sixth avenue, on TUESDAY, January 11, 1870, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
JOS. H. HILL, Cashier.
Pittsburgh, December 11, 1869.

☞ ELECTION NOTICE.—THE SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF ALLEGHENY—The annual election of this Bank will take place at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 11th, 1870, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
J. N. DAVIDSON, Cashier.
Allegheny, December 11, 1869.

☞ TRADESMENS' NATIONAL BANK.—The annual election for Directors of this Bank, will be held at the Banking Office, on TUESDAY, January 11th, 1870, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M.
CYRUS CLARKE, Jr., Cashier.
Pittsburgh, December 13, 1869.

☞ THE EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK.—The annual election for Thirteen Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 11, 1870, between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock P. M.
A. LONG, Cashier.
Pittsburgh, December 11, 1869.

☞ PEOPLE'S NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH.—An election for Eleven Directors of this Bank will be held at its Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 11, 1870, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
F. M. GORDON, Cashier.
Pittsburgh, December 11, 1869.

☞ FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BIRMINGHAM.—The annual election of Seven Directors of this Bank will be held at the Bank on TUESDAY, January 11th, 1870, between the hours of 1 and 4 o'clock P. M.
JOHN P. BEECH, Cashier.
Birmingham, December 11th, 1869.

☞ MERCHANTS' AND MANUFACTURERS' NATIONAL BANK.—The annual election of this Bank will take place at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 11th, 1870, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
JOHN SCOTT, Jr., Cashier.
Pittsburgh, December 11, 1869.

☞ CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH.—An election for Nine Directors of this Bank, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, 11th January, 1870, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
J. E. BRADY, Jr., Cashier.
Pittsburgh, Pa., December 11, 1869.

☞ PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK OF ALLEGHENY, CORNER OF FEDERAL AND LACOCK STREET.—An election for Nine Directors, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at this Bank on TUESDAY, December 21st, 1869, between the hours of 3 and 5 P. M.
E. P. YOUNG, Cashier.
December 7th, 1869.

☞ OFFICE OF THE CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY—An election for Fifteen Directors of this Company, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at this office on MONDAY, the 20th inst., between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M.
WM. A. SHEPARD, Secretary.
Pittsburgh, December 4, 1869.

☞ A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE SUPERIOR IRON COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 358 Penn street, on TUESDAY, December 28th, 1869, at 2 o'clock P. M., to hold an election for Seven Directors, and to transact any other business that may come before them.
By order of the meeting of Stockholders.
JOHN SCOTT, Secretary.

☞ CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY.—Office of Secretary and Treasurer. ANNUAL MEETING.—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before them, will be held at the office of the company in Cleveland, at 10 o'clock A. M., on WEDNESDAY, January 5th, 1870.
The transfer books will be closed on SATURDAY, December 25th, 1869, and reopened THURSDAY, January 6th, 1870.
G. A. INGERSOLL, Secretary.
CLEVELAND, Ohio, December 1st, 1869.

☞ ACTION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE CINCINNATI, SALEM, YOUNGSTOWN AND EASTERN RAILWAY.

Resolved, That owing to the illness of our Chief Engineer, Mr. Hosea Paul, and the consequent unfinished Survey of that part of the route lying between New Philadelphia and the Pan Handle Road, that the letting to Contractors, as contemplated on this, the 30th day of November, 1869, be and is hereby deferred until the 12th day of January, 1870, and that bids will continue to be received until 2 o'clock P. M. on said day, and on the same terms as embraced in the original notice.
L. SCHILLING, Secretary.
Salem, O., November 30, 1869.

DIVIDENDS.

☞ DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS OF THE BIRMINGHAM GAS COMPANY have declared a Dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT. upon the Capital Stock, payable on and after the 17th instant, at the Banking House of Robinson Bros., No. 78 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh.
D. ROBINSON, Treasurer.
Pittsburgh, December 7, 1869.

☞ OFFICE OF THE CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY.—DIVIDEND NOTICE.—The President and Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of FOUR DOLLARS PER SHARE, free of United States tax, payable on demand.
WM. A. SHEPARD, Secretary.
Pittsburgh, December 3, 1869.

GROCERIES, &C.

SPECIAL BARGAINS
IN
TEAS,
COFFEES and
SUGARS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AT
J. KOHEN'S
Red Front Grocery and Tea House,
69 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
☞ Having the Largest and Best Selected Stock of Goods in the city, I can offer inducements to Families and Dealers.

GEO. W. DILWORTH. ALBERT M. HARPER.
JOSEPH DILWORTH.
Dilworth, Harper & Co.,
Wholesale Grocers,
NO. 243 LIBERTY STREET
Opposite head of Wood street, Pittsburgh,
HAVE OPENED WITH A VERY LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
GROCERIES,
TO WHICH THEY RESPECTFULLY INVITE THE ATTENTION OF PURCHASERS.

KNOX & ORR,
Wholesale Grocers
268 Liberty Street,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
Have always on hand and are receiving daily additions to a large and well selected Stock of GROCERIES, BOUGHT FOR CASH, to which the attention of Buyers is solicited. 4p

ALLEN KIRKPATRICK. JOHN J. M'DERMOTT.
REMOVAL.
Allen Kirkpatrick & Co.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
Flour and Seed Dealers,
Have Removed from No. 243 Liberty Street, to their New Warehouse,
No. 231 LIBERTY STREET,
OPPOSITE THE HEAD OF WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

City and Country Merchants
WANTING
FANCY, CHOICE, OR PRIME
Rio Coffee,
Can Select from the Largest Stock in the City and at the Lowest Prices,
AT
LITTLE & BAIRD'S,
112 AND 114 SECOND AVENUE.

NOTICE TO THE CHEESE TRADE.
60 cases Young America;
75 boxes English Gloucester, mild;
80 boxes English Cheshire, mild;
50 boxes New York Factory, mild;
30 boxes New York Goshen, mild;
In store and arriving, for sale with full stock of Groceries.
H. RIDDLE,
Liberty street.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

Tradesmen's National Bank,
WOOD STREET, CORNER SECOND.
INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.
GOLD, COUPONS,
Bonds and Stocks,
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
A. BRADLEY .... President.
W. VANKIRK .... Vice President.
CYRUS CLARKE, Jr .... Cashier.

REMOVAL.
HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
COR. FOURTH AVE. AND WOOD STS.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
(Successors to HANNA, HART & CO.)
Dealers in Exchange, Coin, Coupons, &c.
Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of Government Bonds.
☞ Sight Drafts on London.

INSURANCE.

$35,000,000.
PITTSBURGH
General Insurance Agency.
ESTABLISHED 1850.
No. 63 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.
COMPANIES REPRESENTED:
Conn. Mutual Life { Assets nearly $30,000,000 / Surplus over 7,000,000
Ætna, Fire, - - - - 5,300,000
Albany City, Fire, - - 400,000
Ætna, N. Y., Fire, - - 500,000
Lancaster, Fire, - - - 225,000
Travelers', Accident, - - 1,500,000
FIRE AND INLAND TRANSPORTATION RISKS taken at the Lowest Rates consistent with fair profit and reliable indemnity.
ACCIDENT POLICIES ISSUED.
LIFE INSURANCE effected in any of the various forms.
LIBERAL ARRANGEMENTS made by SALARY or otherwise with SUCCESSFUL Life Insurance Solicitors for Districts in Western Pennsylvania.
Correspondence and applications for Insurance solicited.
S. S. CARRIER,
AGENT AND MANAGER.
GEO. S. SWARTZ,
Special Agent and Surveyor.

MONONGAHELA INSURANCE CO.,
OF PITTSBURGH.
INCORPORATED 1854.
CASH CAPITAL .... $175,000.
Insures against Fire and Marine Losses.
Office, No. 98 WATER STREET.
WM. A. CALDWELL .... President.
JNO. McDEVITT .... Vice President.
JNO. H. CLANEY .... Secretary.
Capt. F. A. DOHRMAN, Genl. Agent and Surveyor
DIRECTORS:
W. A. Caldwell, James A. Hutchinson,
John McDevitt, William Rea,
George A. Berry, Robert Dalzell,
John Atwell, William Means,
James Woodburn, R. Wallace,
Samuel B. Robison, John B. Canfield,
B. H. Palmer, D. S. H. Gilmore,
James McCandless.

CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office corner Market and Water streets, second floor
WM. BAGALEY .... President.
WM. A. SHEPARD .... Secretary.
Insures Steamboats and Cargoes. Insures against loss and damage in the navigation of the Southern and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous, and the navigation of the Sea.
Insures against loss or damage by fire.
DIRECTORS:
Wm. Bagaley, John Shipton,
James Park, Jr., James M. Cooper,
W. G. Johnson, S. Harbaugh,
B. F. Jones, J. Caldwell, Jr.,
Samuel Rea, John S. Dilworth,
Capt. Thos. Snowden, George Bingham,
Barclay Preston, Wm. A. Rodgers,
S. M. Kier.
Capt. J. ATKINSON, General Agent.

PEOPLES' INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, N. E. corner Wood and Fifth sts., second floor.
Insures against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.
Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats and Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.
DIRECTORS:
Wm. Phillips, Samuel P. Shriver,
John Watt, Capt. J. L. Rhodes,
John E. Parke, Wm. Vankirk,
Jared M. Brush, James D. Verner,
Wm. F. Lang, Samuel McCrickart,
C. H. Love, Charles Arbuckle.
WM. PHILLIPS .... President.
JOHN WATT .... Vice President.
WM. F. GARDNER .... Secretary.

WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF PITTSBURGH.
ALEX. NIMICK .... President.
WM. P. HERBERT .... Secretary.
Capt. GEORGE NEELD .... General Agent.
Office, No. 92 WATER STREET, Spang, Chalfant & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.
Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home institution managed by Directors who are well known in the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality, to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.
DIRECTORS:
Alex. Nimick, Reuben Miller, Jr.,
James McAuley, Andrew Ackley,
Alexander Speer, David M. Long,
Wm. Morrison, John R. McCune,
Charles J. Clarke, D. Ihmsen,
Wm. S. Evans, Joseph Kirkpatrick,
Philip Reymer.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

AS OUR SPACE IS LIMITED,
AND
We are Crowded with Goods
WE DESIRE TO
Reduce Our Stock of Staples
Prior to the Holidays, and will offer to the Trade at the Prices affixed, until December 15, (after which date prices will positively be as before) the following
REMAINDERS!
14 Reams 14 ℔ Foolscap first class $4 75
14 Reams 12 ℔ Foolscap, first class 4 20
16 Reams 12 ℔ Foolscap 3 00
23 Reams 8 ℔ Foolscap 2 20
41 Reams 10 ℔ Foolscap 2 30
56 Reams 6 ℔ Commercial Note, first-class 1 85
56 Reams 6 ℔ Commercial Note, second-class 1 50
36 Reams 5 ℔ Commercial Note, first-class 1 55
72 Reams 5 ℔ Commercial Note, second-class 1 35
79 Reams 4 ℔ Commercial Note 95
11 Reams 3 ℔ Commercial Note 1 00
31 Reams 3 ℔ Commercial Note; good 1 10
72 Reams 3 ℔ Commercial Note 80
85,000 Envelopes, such as we have advertised to sell at $1 80 1 50
30,000 Envelopes, canary color, flat-class and 6 inches long 2 50
675 Boxes Initial Paper and Envelopes, in lots of not less than 100 boxes 22½
1,250 Oxford Pocket Bibles, gilt edges 34
56 Gross good Black Lead Pencils 1 60
30 Gross first-class Hexagon Lead Pencils, a job lot and very cheap 4 75
25 Gross Common Lead Pencils, black 90
97 Gross Accom. Penholders, best 48
72 Quarto Family Bibles, strongly bound in Sheep; References, &c., &c 2 00
22 dozen Diaries for 1870, on special terms, which we will state on application by the trade only
1,300 Quires Full Sheep Bound Cap Blank Books, per quire 25
1,208 Quires ½ Bound Cap Blank Books, per quire 13
17 Gross School Ink, black per gross 3 00
7 Cases Assorted Slates; discount, 40 ℘ ct.
The prices quoted are to the Trade only, and cash must accompany all orders. As the most desirable items will be taken first, our own trade will see the necessity of ordering at once.
J. L. Read & Son,
WHOLESALE
Booksellers and Stationers,
No. 102 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
tf

NEW PAINT.
To Dealers and Consumers of Paint.
Harris Patent Paint
Fire and Weather Proof,
LETTERS PATENT JULY 3, 1866.
Is an entirely new article, produced under Letters Patent granted to JOS. B. HARRIS, in the United States and Great Britain.
It is as near AN ABSOLUTE NON-CONDUCTOR OF HEAT as can be produced, and as far superior to all other so-called
FIRE-PROOF PAINT,
As Pure White Lead is to Byraties. It spreads fifty per cent. more (while costing 25 per cent. less) than the best White Lead, does not blister or peel, and is entirely free from the poisonous character of Lead and other Paints. The material from which this Paint is produced has never been used in commerce before, and is an additional illustration of the wise economy of nature. All that is asked is
A FAIR TRIAL,
And to that end we offer it to the public, CHALLENGING COMPETITION AS TO ECONOMY, DURABILITY, PROTECTION FROM FIRE, as well as ease and comfort to the Painter working and using this Paint. ☞ Liberal Discount to the Trade.
BUY AND TRY
The Harris Patent Paint.
ADDRESS
HARRIS PATENT PAINT CO.,
Twenty-sixth and Railroad Streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
tf

FINANCIAL.

HARVEY FISK. A. S. HATCH.

OFFICE OF
FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS
AND DEALERS IN
Government Securities.

No. 5 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK,
November 8, 1869.

To our Customers and Correspondents:

The surprising development of our national resources and the rapidity with which the Government is now enabled to reduce the national debt, by weekly purchases, render it apparent that the time is approaching when the Five-Twenty bonds may be funded at not over four or four and a half per cent. interest.

Meanwhile their high price, as compared with other classes of securities paying an equal rate of interest, is leading to general inquiry for more profitable forms of investment in which money may be safely invested.

During the war the necessities and peril of the government, and the consequent cheapness of its securities rendered them so attractive that, from this cause, combined with the patriotic faith of the people in their safety, they absorbed almost the entire floating capital of the country, and diverted attention from other classes of securities which had before been deemed sufficiently conservative and sound to meet the wants of the most cautious investors.

The Government is no longer a borrower. It no longer needs the country's capital, but desires gratefully and honorably to repay it.

The rapid accumulation of capital for investment, and the reduction of the national debt and improvement of the national credit—rendering it certain that hereafter but a comparatively low rate of interest can be derived from investment in Government Bonds—is compelling the search for other safe and well-guarded channels into which capital not employed in business may wisely flow.

The enterprises of Peace, no less needful in their time and place, for the common welfare, than were the waste and cost of War, now call for the capital which the Government no longer needs, and offer for its use a remuneration which the Government need no longer pay, and in some cases, a security as stable and enduring as the faith of the nation itself.

The desire to capitalize the premium which may now be realized upon Five-Twenty Bonds, and which a material decline in Gold toward par, and the ability of the Government to fund them at a lower rate of interest, may at any time extinguish, is felt by many holders who desire some satisfactory assurance as to which of the many lower-priced securities in the market would afford the necessary safety to justify an exchange.

The applications for information and advice which are addressed to us daily, show how univeral is the desire for this assurance, as to what forms of investment more profitable than Government Securities at present market rates, are entitled to the confidence of investors.

The pressure of this want has led us to feel the importance of directing our own attention as bankers, our large experience, and our facilities for obtaining reliable information—to the work of supplying it in some measure, and to offer the results of our inquiries to those who may be disposed to confide in our good faith and judgment.

We are unwilling to offer to our friends and the public anything which according to our best judgment is not as secure as the national obligations themselves, with which we have hitherto principally identified ourselves.

Since closing the GREAT CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD LOAN, which meets all these requirements, we have carefully examined many others, but have found no other which would fully do so, until the following was placed in our hands:

FIRST MORTGAGE

Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds

OF THE

WESTERN PACIFIC R. R. CO.,

OF CALIFORNIA.

The Western Pacific Railroad connecting Sacramento with San Francisco, furnishes the final link in the extraordinary fact of an unbroken line of rail from the shore of the Atlantic to that of the Pacific.

It is 150 miles in length, including a short branch, and it will be the

METROPOLITAN LINE,

OF THE PACIFIC COAST.

Connecting its chief cities, and traversing the garden of the rich and growing State of California, receiving in addition to an immense and lucrative local traffic, the through business over the Union and Central Pacific Railroads—between the Eastern States and Sacramento.

It is completed, fully equipped, and in successful operation, and its earnings in October, the first full month, amounted to $105,000 in coin. The net earnings will, by a moderate estimate, amount to $600,000 per annum, in coin, while the interest on its Bonds will be but $168,000.

The value of the property and franchises is not less than

TEN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS,

And the amount of the mortgage is

$2,800,000.

The Bonds are of $1,000 each, have thirty years to run, and will be sold at

Ninety, and Accrued Interest.

In currency. They are made payable, PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST, IN GOLD COIN, in the city of New York. Coupons due January and July 1st.

The near approach of the time when the United States can probably fund the greater portion of its Six-per-cent. debt, is naturally causing inquiry for other forms of investment, which will afford satisfactory security with the same rate of interest. THE WESTERN PACIFIC RAILROAD FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS must have an immense advantage over all other securities based upon merely local or uncompleted railroad, and may be held with as much confidence as Government Bonds, or as first-class mortgages on New York City Property.

The loan is small in amount. Its claims to confidence are apparent. It will be rapidly taken. Bonds will be delivered as the orders are received.

Government Bonds received at their full market value in exchange.

FISK & HATCH, Bankers.

We buy and sell Government Bonds and receive the accounts of Banks, Bankers, Corporations and others, subject to check at sight, and allow interest on daily balances.
MWF

VARNISHES AND JAPAN.

DEALERS SUPPLIED WITH
WM. HARLAND & SON'S
CELEBRATED ENGLISH
VARNISH and JAPAN,
BY THEIR ONLY FORWARDING AGENTS IN THE UNITED STATES,
WALKER & SON,
GUM MERCHANTS,
And Importers of Acetate Lime, Glue, &c., &c., &c.,
57 CEDAR ST., NEW YORK.
P. O. BOX 3,947.

RIVER PACKETS.

BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA.
U. S. MAIL LINE.
PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET CO.
LEAVES DAILY, 8 A. M., 5 P. M.,
For all Points on the Monongahela River
STEAMER ELECTOR .... CAPT. DOYLE BOUGHER.
STEAMER CHIEFTAIN .... CAPT. ROBT. PHILLIPS.
STEAMER E. BENNETT .... CAPT. Z. W. CARMACK.
For further particulars, inquire on Wharfboat, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.
N. B.—No Commission charged on Eastern Freight.
A. S. CARLILE, Agent.

PARKERSBURG.
Wheeling, Marietta and Parkersburg.
LEAVES MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS AND FRIDAYS, 11 A. M.
THE FINE STEAMER
NEW STATE,
W. H. HARLAN .... Commander.
Will leave as announced above.
Freights and Passage at Reduced Rates.
For Freight or Passage apply on board or to
GHRIEST & PORTER, Agents.

Wheeling, Marietta and Parkersburg.
LEAVES PITTSBURGH
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY—12 M.
RETURNING LEAVES PARKERSBURG
MONDAY AND THURSDAY—7 A. M.
THE SWIFT PASSENGER STEAMER
BELLE,
JOHN RICHEY .... Commander,
Leaves as announced.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board or to
JAS. COLLINS, Agent.

MUSKINGUM RIVER PACKET LINE.
For Wheeling, Marietta and Zanesville.
Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY TUESDAY, 4 P. M.
Leaves Zanesville EVERY FRIDAY, 8 A. M.
THE NEW AND SPLENDID Passenger Steamer JULIA No. 2, Captain C. R. STULL, will leave as announced above.
For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent.

CINCINNATI.
Cincinnati Weekly Packet.
Leaves Pittsburgh, TUESDAY—4 P. M.
Leaves Cincinnati, SATURDAY—4 P. M.
THE NEW AND SPLENDID Sidewheel Passenger Steamer ST. CHARLES, C. A. DRAVO, Commander, GEO. L. REPPERT, Clerk, will leave as announced.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
JAMES COLLINS, or
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

NASHVILLE.
For Evansville, Clarksville and Nashville.
TUESDAY, December 21—4 P. M.
THE FINE PASSENGER Steamer ARGOSY, GEORGE D. MOORE, Commander, will leave as announced above.
For Freight or Passage apply on board or to
JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

ST. LOUIS.
For Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis.
THIS DAY, December 15—4 P. M.
THE FINE PASSENGER Steamer KATE PUTNAM, JAMES RUSSELL, Commander, will leave as announced above.
N. B.—The Kate Putnam will take Nashville Freight and Passengers.
For Freight or Passage apply on board or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, or
GHRIEST & PORTER, Agents.

NEW ORLEANS.
For Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans.
THURSDAY, December 16.
THE FINE PASSENGER Steamer MOLLIE EBBERT, GEO. W. EBBERT, Commander, will leave as announced above.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board or to
JAS. COLLINS,
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, or
GHRIEST & PORTER, Agents.

STEAMSHIPS.

BOSTON AND PHILADELPHIA
STEAMSHIP LINE.
THE STEAMSHIPS
Roman, Norman, Saxon and Aries,
FORM A SEMI WEEKLY LINE, SAILING FROM PHILADELPHIA ON
Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A. M.,
AND FROM
Boston on Same Days, at 3 P. M.
For Freight or Passage apply to
HENRY WINSOR & CO, Philadelphia, or
WHITNEY & SAMPSON, Boston.

THE LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN—INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.
Rates of Passage by the Saturday Steamer:
First Cabin, Payable in Gold. | Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown .... 100 00 | Liverpool or Queenstown $35 00
Passage by the Tuesday Steamer, via Halifax.
Liverpool or Queenstown .... $80 00 | Liverpool or Queenstown $30 00
Halifax .... 20 00 | Halifax 15 00
St. John's, N. F., by branch Steamer .... 45 00 | St. John's, N. F., by branch Steamer 30 00
Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland and the Continent at moderate rates. Excursion Tickets reduced rates.
For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York, or
WM. BINGHAM, JR.,
No. 143 Smithfield street, near Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh.
Where plans of the Cabins may be seen and Berths secured. Send for Circular.

CHARLESTON, S. C.
The South and Southwest
FAST FREIGHT LINE.
Every Thursday,
THE STEAMSHIPS
PROMETHEUS,
CAPTAIN GRAY,
J. W. EVERMAN,
CAPTAIN VANCE,
Form a Regular Weekly Line, leaving PHILADELPHIA on THURSDAYS of each week.
Through Bills of Lading given in connection with S. C. R. R. to points in the South and Southwest. Insurance at Lowest Rates. Rates of Freight as low as by any other route. All Goods forwarded free of Commission. For Freight apply to
E. A. SOUDER & CO.,
Dock Street Wharf, Philadelphia.
tf

THE PITTSBURGH
VINEGAR
WORKS.
Ballou & Adams,
167, 168, 169 and 170
SECOND AVENUE,
Are now prepared to furnish VINEGAR at the LOWEST MARKET RATES. Attention is particularly called to our
EXTRA WINE VINEGAR.

THE HENDERSON
PROCESS,
FOR PRODUCING
IRON AND STEEL
OF
Great Strength and Cheapness.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR.
PLAYER & HENDERSON,
NO. 30 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

PATENTED 1862 AND 1868.
CHALMERS'-SPENCE'S PATENT
NON-CONDUCTOR
And HEAT RETAINER for covering Steam Boilers, Steam and Hot Blast Pipes, &c. It saves from 20 to 30 per cent. in full on low and marine boilers. After a series of experiments it was adopted as the best covering by the British government in 1865 and by the United States government in 1867. It is non-combustible and durable, therefore a permanent covering. It is a SUBSTITUTE for FELTING. Send for pamphlet containing particulars, references, &c., to
L. M. HART, Sole Agent,
522 Walnut street, Philadelphia.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after 11 P. M. SUNDAY, November 14, 1869. Trains arrive at and leave the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

ARRIVE.		DEPART.	
Mail Train	1:20 a m	Southern Ex	5:20 a m
Fast Line	1:45 a m	Pacific Ex	2:10 a m
Wall's Ac. No. 1	6:20 a m	Wall's Ac No 1	6:30 a m
Brinton Ac No 1	7:50 a m	Mail Train	8:10 a m
Wall's Ac No. 2	8:50 a m	Brinton's Ac	10:20 a m
Cincinnati Ex	9:20 a m	Braddock's Ac No. 1	5:10 p m
Johnstown Ac	10:50 a m	Cincinnati Ex	12:35 p m
Braddock's Ac No. 1	7:00 p m	Wall's Ac No 2	11:51 a m
Pittsburgh Ex	1:30 p m	Johnstown Ac	4:05 p m
Pacific Ex	1:50 p m	Braddock's Ac No. 2	8:20 p m
Wall's Ac No. 3	2:50 p m	Phila. Ex	3:50 p m
Braddock's Ac No. 2	9:55 p m	Wall's Ac No 3	3:05 p m
Wall's Ac No. 4	5:50 p m	Wall's Ac No 4	6:05 p m
Brinton Ac No 2	1:10 p m	Fast Line	7:40 p m
Way Passeng'r	10:20 p m	Wall's No 5	11:00 p m

The Church Trains leave Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:05 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:05 a. m. Returning leave Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m., and arrive at Wall's Station at 2:10 p. m.
Cincinnati Express leaves daily. Southern Express daily except Monday. All other Trains daily, except Sunday.
For further information apply to
W. H. BECKWITH, Agent.
The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will not assume any Risk for Baggage except for Wearing Apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All baggage exceeding that amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—On and after NOVEMBER 14, 1869, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and depart from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows:

Leave Allegheny City.		Arrive at Allegheny City.	
Mail	7:00 a m	Springdale Ac. No. 1	6:40 a m
Freeport Ac. No. 1	9:20 a m	Freeport Ac. No. 1	8:20 a m
Sharpsburg Ac	11:20 a m	Express	10:40 a m
Express	2:20 p m	Sharpsburg Ac	1:20 p m
Springdale Ac No. 1	3:10 p m	Freeport Ac. No. 2	4:05 p m
Freeport Ac. No. 2	5:20 p m	Mail	5:50 p m
Springdale Ac. No. 2	6:30 p m	Springdale Ac No. 2	6:20 p m

Above Trains run daily except Sunday.
The Church Train leaves Allegheny Junction every Sunday, at 7:40 A. M., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 A. M. Returning, leaves Allegheny City, at 1:20 P. M., and arrives at Allegheny Junction at 3:40 P. M.
The Train leaving Allegheny City at 6:20 A. M. makes direct connections at Freeport with Walker's Line of Stages for Butler, Hannahstown and Saxonburg. Through Tickets, too, may be purchased at the office, No. 8 St. Clair street, near Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, and at the Depot, Allegheny City.
For further information apply to
JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent,
Federal Street Depot.
The Western Pennsylvania Railroad will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for Wearing Apparel, and limit their responsibilities to One Hundred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceeding this amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY, PAN HANDLE ROUTE.—After NOVEMBER 14, 1869, Trains leave from and arrive at Union Depot, Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh Time.

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Mail	2:08 a m	Mail	12:13 p m
Southern Ex	2:28 p m	Southern Ex	5:00 a m
Fast Line	9:48 a m	Fast Line	7:18 p m
Mixed Ac	5:43 a m	Mixed Ac	6:58 p m
M'Donald's Ac	7:28 a m	M'Donald's Ac	7:58 a m
Steubenville Ac	3:43 p m	Steubenville Ac	9:48 a m
M'Donald's Ac	5:53 p m	M'Donald's Ac	3:23 p m
Sunday Church Train	12:58 p m	Sunday Church Train	9:58 a m

2:28 p. m. Express will leave daily.
12:13 p. m. Mail will arrive daily.
S. F. SCULL, General Ticket Agent, Columbus, Ohio.
W. W. CARD, Supt., Dennison, Ohio.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY, AND CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.
From NOVEMBER 14th, 1869, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, City Time, as follows:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Chicago Ex	2:08 a m	Chicago Ex	1:53 a m
Erie & Ygn Ex	7:28 a m	Pacific Express	12:08 p m
Cl. & Whg Mail	6:28 a m	Wheeling Ex	1:18 p m
Chicago Mail	6:58 a m	Cin&St Louis Ex	7:18 p m
Fast Line	9:58 a m	Chic Ex & Mail	2:18 p m
Cl. & Whg Ex	2:08 p m	Cleveland Ex	3:38 p m
Chicago Ex	3:28 p m	Erie & Ygn Ex	6:03 p m
W'lle & Ygn Ex	4:03 p m	Cl. & Whg Ex	8:08 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
BeaverFalls Ac	5:58 a m	Leetsdale Ac	6:53 a m
Leetsdale Ac	10:18 a m	Beaver FallsAc	8:28 a m
Leetsdale Ac	11:53 a m	New Castle Ac	10:28 a m
Rochester Ac	2:18 p m	Enon Ac	9:13 a m
Enon Ac	4:28 p m	Leetsdale Ac	9:00 a m
Leetsdale Ac	5:18 p m	BeaverFalls Ac	4:53 p m
BeaverFalls Ac	6:13 p m	Leetsdale Ac	4:23 p m
Leetsdale Ac	9:28 p m	Leetsdale Ac	7:33 p m
Fair Oaks, Sunday Church	1:13 p m	Fair Oaks, Sunday Church	9:58 a m

2:28 p m Chicago Express will leave daily.
12:08 p m Chicago Express arrives daily.
J. N. McCULLOUGH, General Manager.
F. R. MYERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

ALLENTOWN ROUTE TO THE EAST, SHORTEST AND FASTEST LINE between Pittsburgh and New York, via Harrisburg, Reading, Allentown and Easton. NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN PITTSBURGH AND NEW YORK. SLEEPING CARS ON NIGHT TRAINS.
Trains leave Union Depot of Pennsylvania Railroad in Pittsburgh Daily.

Leave		Arrive	
Pittsburgh	2:10 a m	New York	6:35 p m
Pittsburgh	5:20 a m	New York	10:00 p m
Pittsburgh	12:35 p m	New York	6:45 a m
Pittsburgh	3:50 p m	New York	10:15 a m
Pittsburgh	7:40 p m	New York	12:50 p m

Leave New York for Pittsburgh, from Station, Central Railroad, of New Jersey, foot of Liberty street.

Leave		Arrive	
New York	9:00 a m	In Pittsburgh	1:45 a m
New York	5:00 p m	In Pittsburgh	2:50 p m
New York	8:00 p m	In Pittsburgh	5:30 p m

On Sunday, leave Pittsburgh at 12:30 p. m. only, and New York at 8 p. m. only.
Baggage checked to all points between Pittsburgh and New York.
H. P. BALDWIN,
General Passenger Agent.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.
THE ONLY DIRECT ROUTE TO THE OIL REGIONS WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.
On and after MONDAY, November 22, 1869, two through Trains daily (except Sunday), will leave Pittsburgh Depot, corner Eleventh and Pike streets, for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

Leave Pittsburgh.		Arrive at Pittsburgh.	
Day Express	7:15 a m	Day Express	6:55 p m
Night Express	8:00 p m	Night Express	5:00 a m
Brady's B'd Ac	3:25 p m	Brady's B'd Ac	10:05 a m
Freeport Acc'n	9:30 a m	Freeport Acc'n	3:05 p m
Soda Works Ac	6:30 p m	Soda Works Ac	6:55 a m
1st Hulton	6:50 a m	1st Hulton	6:25 a m
2d Hulton	11:50 a m	2d Hulton	9:00 a m
3d Hulton	4:15 p m	3d Hulton	1:50 p m
4th Hulton	11:00 p m	4th Hulton Ac	5:35 p m
Church Train	1:00 p m	Church Train	10:10 a m

Express Trains stop only at principal points.
Accommodation Trains stop at all stations.
J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen'l Supt.
THOS. M. KING, Asst. Supt.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.
On and after TUESDAY, Nov. 17, 1868, the Trains will leave the Depot, corner Grant and Water streets, as follows:

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Mail to and from Uniontown	7:00 a m	8:00 p m
[illegible] Accommodation	11:00 a m	3:00 p m
Express to and from Uniontown	3:00 p m	10:10 a m
M'Keesport Accommodation	3:00 p m	1:20 p m
West Newton Accommodation	3:30 p m	8:25 a m
Braddock's Accommodation	6:15 p m	7:00 p m
Night Accommodation to McKeesport	10:30 p m	6:45 a m
Sunday Church Train to and from West Newton	1:00 p m	10:00 a m

For Tickets apply to E. M. RAYMOND, Agent.
WM. B. STOUT, Supt.

PETROLEUM.

ECLIPSE PETROLEUM REFINERY
HERBERT W. C. TWEDDLE,
MANUFACTURER OF
Lubricating and High Test Burning Oils.
Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil,
Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.
Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop,
Will cut Screws.
Saw Mill and Planing Mill Oils,
Adapted for high speed.
Spindle Oil, Wool Oil, Tanners' Stuffing & Finishing Oil, Harness Oil.
Head-Light Oil, Benzole, Gasoline, Parrafline.
ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from Rust.
These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patents by Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET, Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

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R. S. WARING, Pittsburgh. HENRY H. KING, Philadelphia.
WARING & KING,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND BROKERS IN PETROLEUM AND ITS PRODUCTS.
Office No. 4 DUQUESNE WAY, Pittsburgh, Pa.

PHILOSOPHY OF MARRIAGE.—A NEW Course of Lectures, as delivered at the New York Museum of Anatomy, embracing the subjects: How to Live and What to Live For; Youth, Maturity and Old Age; Manhood generally reviewed; The Cause of Indigestion, Flatulence and Nervous Diseases accounted for; Marriage Philosophically Considered, &c. Pocket Volumes containing these Lectures will be forwarded to parties unable to attend on receipt of four stamps, by addressing SECRETARY NEW YORK MUSEUM OF ANATOMY AND SCIENCE, 618 Broadway, New York. MWF

The Daily Commercial.

CITY MATTERS.

UNPARALLELED ROWDYISM.

A Series of Murderous Assaults.

Desperate Encounter Between Officers and Roughs.

Two Policemen Shot—One Rowdy Shot Accidentally by Another—An Excited Populace—Narrow Escapes from Lynching—Snibbs Arnold and Len. Hartman.

The numerous and flagrant outrages perpetrated by William (*alias* "Snibbs") Arnold, have made him notorious throughout the county; and, indeed, his evil fame has spread throughout the principal cities of the land, as he has pursued his "profession" of pickpocket in almost every city in the country, and has had more or less notoriety wherever he has gone. Pittsburgh will have to bear the odium of his nativity, and as he had lately been permitted to do pretty much as he pleased here, he became very fond of "home," and could only be induced to leave on threats of being too kindly cared for. His outrages in Allegheny, committed a week or ten days ago, and his arrest and banishment from the city, on a promise not to return again, were narrated in these columns. He was not long gone until his name figured in an Oil City paper, in connection with an assault committed upon a resident of that place. Snibbs, after getting out of the clutches of the officers in Oil City, appears to have struck a bee line for this city, where, judging from his experience in the past, he could reasonably expect to commit several thefts, a burglary or two, and indulge in numerous "knock downs" before he would be compelled to leave.

HOME AGAIN.

On Monday evening it was announced in police circles that the notorious law breaker had actually arrived, and had been seen on the streets. That he would speedily commit some outrage was just as certain as that he was here; and, in view of his late violent assaults, for which he was compelled to leave, instead of being kept in prison, the police might well be filled with alarm at his presence here. Chief Hague accordingly gave orders for his prompt arrest, as soon as an opportunity was presented, and during the night he was looked for anxiously by the police.

A NIGHT ENCOUNTER.

Before morning, Lieutenant David Campbell heard a disturbance at a house of ill-repute, on Third avenue, between Smithfield and Wood, kept by Mollie Beach. The officer, on repairing to the house, demanded admittance. When the door opened, Campbell found himself confronted by Arnold, who immediately drew a revolver, and defied arrest. "Get out of this, you ——, or I'll blow your brains out," was the emphatic warning. The officer, knowing the desperate character of the ruffian, and having but one arm, did not deem it safe to attack him in his entrenched position, especially as he was backed by two or three other roughs, who kept urging him to shoot the officer. Unquestionably Arnold would have shot Campbell had he attempted to arrest him, and being without a pistol he deemed it prudent to retire and get assistance. As soon as he summoned help, the Lieutenant returned, but as the party had become quiet, and as no signs of disturbance were observable about the house, an entrance was not attempted—the officers having no warrant, and not being justified in arresting except "upon view."

SNIBS AND LEONARD HARTMAN—A DAYLIGHT ATTACK.

The night passed without further demonstrations, the villain doubtless requiring a few hours sleep after his adventure at Mollie Beach's. At nine o'clock yesterday morning he turned up at Jennie Lieb's, an infamous den at No. 58 Market street, near the corner of Fourth avenue. He had entered this place, in company with an equally desperate characted named Leonerd Hartman, and not finding the proprietress at home, had begun to amuse themselves by demolishing the furniture and smashing things generally. On the return of Jennie she saw at a glance how things were, and knowing the desperate character of the men, she dispatched a messenger for the police.

THE POLICE MET WITH PISTOL AND KNIFE.

Officers John Moore and Thomas Moorhead, two day patrolmen on duty at the corner of Market street and Fifth avenue, were summoned to arrest the intruders, and on reaching No. 58 they entered and found that they had no other personages than Arnold and Hartman to contend with. Neither of the officers was armed, as they do not deem it necessary to carry pistols while on day duty on the streets. Hartman had been lying on a bed, but got up, and stood near the middle of the room. Arnold was partially behind the bed. Moore told Hartman that he must surrender, while Moorhead advised Arnold to go peaceably to the lock-up. Both men defiantly refused. Hartman drew a large knife and brandished it about Moore's head. The latter, however, with remarkable courage, made a grab at Hartman and attempted to pull him out, when he made a violent thrust at him with the knife. Just then Moore raised his mace and dealt Hartman a blow on the head, which leveled him to the floor. At the same moment Arnold, from behind the bed, raised his revolver and fired, the ball taking effect in Moore's right shoulder. Moorhead, a moment or two before, had run out to call assistance; and the pistol shot, disabling Moore, gave Arnold and Hartman a chance to escape from the room, which they promptly did.

THE PURSUIT—EXCITING SCENE.

The noise of the pistol shot had already attracted a crowd, and as Arnold appeared in the street, flourishing a revolver, followed by Hartman, bleeding profusely from his wounds, and both hotly pursued by the bleeding officer, the excitement became intense. Arnold and Hartman fled to Elijah Hall's saloon, on Third avenue, and took refuge there—Officer Moore following them thither, and standing guard at the door until help would arrive. Officer Moorhead soon appeared on the spot, with other officers, but the desperadoes had escaped by a back door and ran down to Liberty street, turning up toward Fifth avenue. The pursuit was renewed with vigor, but officer Moore, becoming weak from loss of blood, had to fall out. On Liberty street it was observed that Arnold had taken the knife, and that Hartman had the revolver.

OFFICER MOORHEAD SHOT.

When the fugitives had reached a point opposite Hare's Hotel, officer Moorhead was close upon the heels of Hartman, who, seeing that he was about to be captured, suddenly wheeled round and fired at his pursuer. The cap did not explode, but the pistol was instantly snapped again, and the bullet struck the head of the officer on the right side, so near the top of the skull that it merely cut beneath the scalp, and passed under it to the left side of the head. The concussion to the brain was so great that the wounded man staggered a few steps, and fell to the ground. He was picked up and carried into Hare's hotel, where he received the best and kindest treatment.

THE SWELLING POPULACE—MORE SHOOTING—THE CAPTURE.

The crowd by this time had swelled to thousands, and the flight and the pursuit was continued with increasing determination. Not a single officer was armed, and no one in the crowd could use a pistol without danger of shooting some innocent spectator. The fugitives turned into Cecils alley, still brandishing their weapons, and fellowed by men shouting "hang them," "shoot them," "string them up to a lamp post," etc. When Duquesne Way had been reached, some one threw a brick at Arnold, but it missed him and struck officer Anderson on the side of the head, inflicting a severe but not a serious wound. This circumstance still further inflamed the populace, most of whom thought that Anderson had been struck by one of the rowdies. Several bricks were hurled at them, one of which hit Arnold on the head. This was followed by another shot from the pistol, now in the hands of Arnold, who aimed it at officer John Messner. Fortunately the ball missed the officer, and lodged in the leg of Hartman, whom it crippled so seriously as to bring him to the ground. Arnold's head by this time began to feel the effects of the blow from the brick, and he too went down. They were both pounced upon and disarmed, the desperate struggle was over, and both criminals were in the custody of the officers.

GOING TO THE LOCK-UP.

Now that the desperadoes were at the mercy of the officers, and without the power to make further resistance, the disposition to lynch them seemed stronger than ever. Chief Hague, assisted by the other officers, promptly resisted every suggestion towards summary vengeance, and had it not been for this resistance both Arnold and Hartman would undoubtedly have been hung upon the spot. Arnold, hearing the clamors for his life, bid defiance to the crowd, exclaiming "let them come on—I'd as soon be lynched now as at any time." Hartman was too badly crippled to display much spunk, and had to be carried along. The crowd that followed the prisoners to the Mayor's office, from Duquesne Way, up Fifth avenue, and along Wood to Diamond street, was immense. After the men had been placed in the cells, the crowd still lingered and talked over the scenes and incidents of the outrage.

THE PRISONERS.

There are few people in this community who do not know something of the history of Arnold. He has been a thief from his youth up, and perhaps never earned a dollar honestly in his life. He has been known to the police as a professional pickpocket for years, and one of the most successful in the country. He has been in jail here many times, but has been singularly fortunate in escaping punishment. He is generally believed to have been one of the party who murdered old Mr. Sproul and his sister, in Washington county, some years ago, but on the trial he was acquitted. There is also a strong presumption that he and Hartman were guilty of the Leatherwood bond robbery in Clarion county. Chief Bowden and officer Long, of Allegheny, were working up this case, and had already collected some facts which tended to fix the guilt on them. It is said that Arnold recently sold several five-twenty bonds, in this city, and that he lost a bond for a thousand dollars, in one of our gambling houses. Hartman is not so well known, but he is also a "professional" thief, and was arrested as such not long since. He was permitted to run, on a promise to leave the city, but it is about time that the police should cease to act upon the "promises" of such villains as these. Hartman resides in Allegheny city, and when here keeps the company of the most desperate of men and most abondoned of women. It is high time that their career in crime was brought to an end.

THE WOUNDED OFFICERS.

Officer Moore was shot through the right shoulder, the ball lodging under the shoulder blade. It was found impossible to extract the ball, and the result may be permanent injury to the arm, by stiffening the shoulder joint. This young officer behaved with great courage and coolness, and has shown himself equal to the most trying emergency. Officer Moorhead's wound is considered of a much more serious nature, as the physician, on examining it, found that the texture of the skull had been injured when the ball passed over it. It is thought that the upper surface of the bone will exfoliate, or scale off, and there is great danger that inflammation will ensue, which may prove very dangerous. If the inflammation is prevented, the wound will soon heal up. Dr. Huselton, of Allegheny, dressed the wounds of both these officers.

THE HEARING BEFORE THE MAYOR.

Soon after the arrest, Chief Hague made information, before Mayor Brush, charging Arnold and Hartman with felonious assault and battery. The Mayor concluded to postpone the hearing until the excitement should subside somewhat, but on receiving a note from District Attorney Pearson, to the effect that the Court desired the information to be sent to the Grand Jury as soon as possible, the hearing took place at eleven o'clock, the office being thronged with spectators. The prisoners were brought in, and, with their bleeding wounds and torn garments, presented a "hard" spectacle. Hartman could not stand up, owing to the pain in his leg. Dr. Murdoch had been sent for to dress the wound and extract the ball, but Hartman refused to permit him to examine it at all. Arnold also forbid the doctor "interfering" with him in any way, and his wounds were neither mollified nor bound up. They both acted badly, and pretended to be very drunk. Arnold used very bitter and taunting language, and expressed regrets that Moore and Moorhead had not both been killed. But three witnesses were examined. Jennie Leib testified to the assault at her house, and while she was on the stand Arnold used the vilest language towards her—indulging in the grossest vulgarity and profanity. Officer Moore testified to having been shot by Arnold, and Mr. James Hare testified to having seen Hartman shoot Officer Moorhead. This was sufficient for all practical purposes.

THE COMMITMENT.

Mayor Brush then informed the prisoners that, in default of $10,000 bail each, he would commit them for trial. Arnold, with a sneer, said, "is that all?" Hartman, straightening himself up, with an effort, responded: "Ten thousand—hell!" The two worthies were then removed to the jail, by way of Diamond street, followed by a large crowd, and guarded by a strong force of police.

TRUE BILLS FOUND.

We understand that the Grand Jury found true bills against the defendants yesterday afternoon, and their trial will probably take place to-day or to-morrow. We can safely leave them in the hands of Judge Collier. Under the 81st section of the penal code, felonious shooting or stabbing is punishable by imprisonment in the penitentiary not exceeding seven years.

The Shooting Affray.

We have seldom heard more indignation expressed within twenty-four hours than was expressed on the street, in the cars, and in business circles, yesterday, concerning the recent shooting affair. It was the universal topic; clerks, proprietors, salesmen, purchasers, paused to discuss the enormity of Arnold's offense. This thing of employing revolvers on the public thoroughfares is bad enough, but the idea of making targets of blue coats is simply beyond endurance. Let us hope that the villain, who perpetrated the crimes yesterday morning is in a fair way to meet his deserts; and we also hope that those of our manufacturing establishments whose stencils form quite a large item in their expense account will compare the work turned out by F. W. Dorman & Co., stencillists, No. 11 Market street, with the very best steel stamps and stencils hitherto made in this vicinity. Although Messrs. Dorman & Co. have only been in business in this city a short period, it is noteworthy that their work is to be found in the majority of our representative manufacturing establishments. The rule adopted by the firm is an excellent one. They permit nothing to go out of their hands that will not bear the closest scrutiny. Persons desiring anything in their line will find it to their advantage to give Dorman & Co. a call.

CENTRAL BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Monthly Meeting—Report of the City Superintendent—Condition of the Public Schools—Report of the Secretary, Teachers and Salaries, &c.—The Colored School Question, Etc., Etc.

The Central Board of Education held a regular meeting yesterday afternoon, at No. 81 Fourth avenue.

President Wilson occupied the chair, and the following members were present: Messrs. Anderson, Brush, Craig, Cuddy, Duncan, Fleming, Getty, Hartman, Humbert, Laufman, Mays, Mitchell, Nobbs, Sergeant, Sims, Shaw and Taylor.

Minutes of the previous meeting read and approved.

COMMUNICATION.

The Secretary read a communication from the officers of the Franklin Literary Society of the High School, requesting the use of room No. 7 of the High School one evening each week, for the purpose of holding the meetings of the Society. Communication accepted, and on motion referred to the Committee on High School, with power to act.

REPORT OF THE CITY SUPERINTENDENT—CONDITION OF THE SCHOOLS.

To the Central Board of Education:

GENTLEMEN: I beg leave to make the following report of the condition of the public schools of the city, and the work of the Superintendent for the month of November:

ENROLLMENT AND AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.

The schools were in session twenty-one days.

Total enrollment	8,848
Increase on enrollment of November, 1868	199
Total average attendance	7,466
Increase on average attendance of November, 1868	247
Increase on average attendance of October, 1869	108

This is the highest average attendance ever made in the city of Pittsburgh.

The Grant and Highland schools report an attendance of ninety-two per cent., which is the best attendance reported.

CORPORAL PUNISHMENTS.

The number of corporal punishments was 171. Decrease on the number reported for November, 1868, of 31 per cent; decrease on the number reported for October, 1869, of 15 per cent.

VISITATIONS.

During the month I visited thirty-one schools, making a total of fifty-seven since the 1st of September. Included in this number are all the schools in the Duquesne, Forbes and Franklin schools. Their condition will be the subject of a special report to their respective District Boards at some future time.

I visited the Colored School, which for some time has been in an unsettled state, owing to various local differences among the patrons of the school. Two new teachers, Miss Conley and Miss Dailey, have lately taken charge of rooms number one and three, which has greatly improved the discipline of the school, although but little advancement has, or can be made in the grade of the school, so long as these differences exist.

THE FRANKLIN SCHOOL.

As there is considerable public interest in regard to the abolition of corporal punishment in the public schools, I am led to make a few general remarks upon the discipline of the Franklin schools, where this plan of school government has been set aside.

Over two years ago the board of Directors of this District took from the teachers the rod, and as a more civilized and christian substitute, empowered the Principal to suspend from the privileges of the school the refractory pupil until he is willing to obey the rules of the Board.

The working of this plan is highly satisfactory to those concerned in this good work, there having been only fifteen suspended during the last year, most of whom returned the following day and were promptly reinstated upon the promise of future good behavior. Basing our estimates on reliable information we are convinced that before the adoption of this rule, not less than one thousand children were flogged annually in this school, and this number was not any larger in proportion to the number enrolled, than in most other schools, but I am glad to state that the method of reporting, adopted last year, has reduced the punishments throughout the city to a comparatively reasonable number.

Respectfully submitted,
GEORGE J. LUCKEY,
City Superintendent.

The report was accepted and filed.

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY.

The Secretary presented the following report:

PITTSBURGH, December 14, 1869.

GENTLEMEN: I would respectfully report that since your last meeting warrants on the Treasury have been drawn to the amount of $15,739 61.

A number of claims have been presented by parties for abatements on their taxes, some being on account of duplicated assessments. As the revision of assessments is entirely within the jurisdiction of the County Commissioners, I would respectfully suggest that the Secretary be authorized to allow the abatements promptly, as delaying the matter until the Board meets is attended with no advantages, and is vexatious to the applicants.

I would state that heretofore the Collectors have been accustomed to allow such abatements, depending on the Board to ratify the same at the time of making their final report of collections. Respectfully submitted.

JNO. A. SERGEANT, Secretary.

The report was accepted and filed.

Mr. Craig moved that the Secretary be instructed to draw warrants for the persons exonerated by the County Commissioners.

Mr. Brush moved an amendment that warrants be drawn, providing the person in whose favor it is drawn presents a certificate from the Commissioners. The amendment was carried and the motion as amended adopted.

On motion of the same gentleman, the President and Secretary of the Board were appointed a committee to confer with the City Treasurer, and have him so arrange his books as to add a column for the entering of school tax.

VARIOUS REPORTS.

Mr. Anderson reported that everything connected with the High School was working smoothly and harmoniously.

Mr. Mays reported that the Colored School Committee were making progress in the matter of the colored school difficulty.

COMMITTEE ON TEACHERS AND SALARIES.

Mr. Taylor, from the Committee on Teachers and Salaries, reported that they had authorized the employment of one teacher of the intermediate grade in the Lincoln district; one teacher each, of the primary grade, in the Washington and Highland districts, also, for the space of four months, the employment of a teacher of the primary grade in the Colfax district. Report accepted and approved.

MUSIC.

Mr. Craig reported that the pupils of the schools were making progress in the art of learning music, and suggested that a substitute be appointed to attend the schools when the music teachers are absent.

Mr. Mitchell moved that the Committee on Music be authorized to appoint a substitute. Carried.

HIGH SCHOOL RECORDS, &C.

The Secretary reported that in accordance with the instructions of the Board he had called on Prof. McLean, formerly High School Principal, and served a notice on him demanding the return, within thirty days, of the roll books, books of record, and other property in his possession belonging to the Pittsburgh High School. Mr. McLean complained of great injury done him by the publication of the matter in the city papers, and alleged that the statement that a former committee had demanded said papers, &c., was incorrect. He also stated that at the time of leaving the city he had but little time for preparation, and that the books, papers, &c., of the High School in his possession were placed in a box, and that he had not seen them since.

He further said that he would return everything in his possession but the large record book, which when taken from the officer had no writing in it; that he had endeavored to fill the records, but from sufficient data not being furnished him he had made errors, and that he therefore preferred paying the cost of said book to returning it as it is.

The books, &c., have as yet not been returned, nor have I received any communication from Mr. McLean in regard to the same, although I have, since our interview, written to him requesting the immediate return of the property. Very respectfully,

JOHN A. SERGEANT.

The report was accepted and filed.

Mr. Craig moved that the report be referred to the High School Committee with power to press the matter for the return of the records. Carried.

The Secretary read a number of bills, which, upon motion of Mr. Mitchell, were referred to the appropriate committees, the Secretary being instruced not to draw warrants for any persons until the bills were indorsed by the proper committees.

HOLIDAY VACATION.

Mr. Getty moved that a vacation of the public schools take place from Thursday, December 23, 1869, to Monday, January 3, 1870.

Mr. Taylor moved an amendment that the time be fixed for Tuesday, January 4th.

Mr. Anderson offered an amendment to the amendment making it Monday. The amendment was carried and Mr. Getty's motion, as amended, adopted.

LOST.

Mr. Sims offered a resolution, that when teachers are engaged in the grammar and intermediate departments at less salary than if employed in an inferior department, that said teachers be allowed the highest rate to which they would be entitled in a lower position, which, upon motion of Mr. Hartman, was laid on the table.

A CUSTODIAN WANTED.

Mr. Hartman desired to know if the Committee on High School had provided a custodian for the high school property, especially books. He thought such an officer was necessary, and suggested that some one be appointed.

Mr. Anderson replied that the books are very well taken care of by Prof. Dean, but he was of opinion that a custodian should be appointed. The Committee on High School expected by the next meeting of the Board to report the selection of a custodian.

Mr. Getty thought that some of the young men of the High School would willingly act as Librarian of the school. That was the kind of an officer the school needed, in order to have the books properly taken care of.

THE VISITING COMMITTEE.

Mr. Duncan, from the Visiting Committee, stated that he was the only member of the committee who had discharged his duty. He had visited the High School only, and it gave him pleasure to say that he had found everything working excellently.

Mr. Nobbs moved that the other members of the committee be allowed to explain why they had not visited the schools.

The President gave the members to understand that those serving on the Visiting Committee would hereafter be expected to discharge their duties.

THE COLORED SCHOOL DIFFICULTY.

Mr. Anderson presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That the President of the Central Board be, and he is hereby authorized to appoint a Committee of Visitation and Nomination for the colored school, whose duty it shall be to visit the school once a month, or oftener, if necessary; to name suitable persons for teachers, and suggest such amendments or alterations in its management as would enhance the efficiency of the school and render satisfaction to its patrons. That this committee shall be composed of five intelligent and respectable colored citizens, who shall report direct to the Central Board, or the Chairman of the regularly appointed Colored School Committee, as they may think proper.

DISCUSSION.

Mr. Anderson moved the adoption of the resolution, which was the signal for a prolonged debate.

Mr. Shaw moved an amendment, that the colored people be requested to appoint the Committee provided in the resolution.

Mr. Mays said he had not intended to say anything on the colored school question until next meeting, by which time it was expected the Colored School Committee would be ready to submit a report looking toward a settlement of the difficulty. However, he was opposed to the appointment of another committee, as the two committees would conflict.

Mr. Mitchell stated that at the meeting of the Colored School Committee and colored citizens, held some time since, they had held out that they wanted none but colored teachers. Finally it was agreed to allow an examination of colored teachers on December 20th ensuing, but the colored people had afterward said that it was "talent, not color," that they wanted.

Mr. Nobbs asked why the proceedings of that meeting were not reported to the Board.

Mr. Hartman stated the reason was that the meeting was an informal one, no Secretary having been appointed. In reference to the resolutions, he had to say that the colored people were perfectly satisfied with the proceedings lately had between the Colored School Committee and them, and he thought all existing difficulties would soon be settled.

Mr. Laufman stated that he thought the committee contemplated in the resolution would conflict with the Colored School Committee.

Mr. Fleming said that he believed that the Colored School Committee would settle the existing difficulties amicably to all parties concerned.

Mr. Mitchell was of opinion that the resolutions gave the committee more power than was vested in any of the local Boards of the city.

Mr. Craig agreed with the gentlemen last speaking, and quoted from the resolution to show that he was correct.

Mr. Anderson placed a different interpretation on the resolutions, and stated that the colored committee would have only to report to the Central Board, and consequently would have no power to order anything.

Mr. Craig said the Board had no right to appoint any committee outside of the Board.

Mr. Mitchell thought so too.

Mr. Shaw suggested that the Board invite the colored people to appoint a permanent Committee, to confer with the Colored School Committee.

Mr. Hartman coincided in the view of Mr. Shaw, and said the point taken by Mr. Craig, namely: that the Board have no right to appoint a Committee outside of the Board was correct. Mr. Hartman was proceeding to make a report of the conclusions of the Colored School Committee since the meeting held some time since, when Mr. Anderson called him to order.

Mr. Craig then stated that he had reduced Mr. Shaw's motion to writing, and, by permission, would now submit it: "That the Board recommend to the colored people the propriety of appointing a Committee of five, to act as an advisory Committee to the Colored School Committee."

Mr. Anderson moved to lay the resolution or substitute on the table. No second.

The resolution was then adopted.

ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION.

Mr. Duncan offered a resolution allowing the Secretary the sum of $500 compensation for extra services rendered.

Motions were made to refer to the Committee on Teachers and Salaries, and to the Committee on Finance, but no seconds were made.

Mr. Hartman said it was not a matter of salary; it was a question for extra services rendered. He thought, however, that the sum stated in the resolution was too much, and moved an amendment, that the sum be fixed at $300.

Mr. Getty seconded the amendment.

Mr. Mitchell said the matter had been sprung on the board, and he thought it ought to lie over a month.

Messrs. Cuddy, Getty, Taylor and others thought extra pay ought to be allowed, and called for the question on the amendment of Mr. Hartman, which was adopted.

VISITING COMMITTEE.

The Secretary announced the Visiting Committee for December—Messrs. Sims, Craig, Chadwick and Mays.

On motion, the Board adjourned.

Extinguishing Gas Lights Too Early.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

Will you permit me through the medium of your columns, to ask the City Councils of Allegheny what has become of the ordinance passed by them some time ago, (but which I think has become a dead letter,) viz.: That the street lamps should continue burning until half-past six o'clock A. M. during the winter months. They are still put out at five o'clock as usual, the time between which and six o'clock they are most needed, especially by working people. If our city guardians are remonstrated with for putting them out so early, and reminded of the ordinance, they generally reply in language more expressive than polite, both as regards the City Councils and the ordinance. By publishing this you will confer a favor on all whose occupation calls them abroad early in the

MORNING.

ALLEGHENY CITY, December 14, 1869.

UNIFORMLY EXCELLENT.—One of the secrets of the extraordinary demand for Marvin's crackers is to be found in the fact that every article made at 91 Liberty street is uniformly excellent. Marvin is not satisfied with middling or fair success—he is determined to do his best always. The result is that one always knows precisely what he is getting in dealing with him. All the first-class grocers act upon the knowledge gained through years of experience, and all keep Marvin's biscuit and crackers on hand.

NOTICE.—A meeting of the members of the Republican Executive Committee for Allegheny county will be held at the Court House, in the District Court Room, on Thursday, December 16, 1869, at 3 o'clock P. M., to receive reports of committees and attend to such other business as may be brought before the Committee. A full attendance of members is requested

W. S. PURVIANCE, Chairman.
GEO. F. MORGAN,
WALTER S. MCCUNE, } Secretaries.

TURNED UP.—John Stein, who has been missing from his home in Allegheny since Saturday night, turned up yesterday. He explains his absence by saying that soon after leaving his home he met a man who had some property to sell, and the property being in the country, he had to accompany the man forthwith, and consequently did not have time to tell his wife of his going. Very funny indeed.

CANTATA.—A cantata by the pupils of the Washington school, Seventeenth ward, under the direction of Prof. Wm. B. Hall, will take place on Friday and Saturday evenings next. A pleasant time is anticipated.

To the Public.

Non-resident parties have lately procured subscriptions and advertisements for a City Directory, representing that I had sold to them the good will of the Directory of the City of Pittsburgh, and had abandoned the business. The better to deceive using in some cases blank due bills printed payable to my order, surreptitiously obtained from my office, simply erasing my name with the stroke of a pen. *I have not abandoned the publication of the Directory, nor sold its good will.* The parties engaged in the attempt to deceive have, on my return after a temporary absense, left the city, thus escaping the legal penalty for obtaining the orders under false pretenses and the blanks illegally.

The Directory for 1870–71 will be issued as usual, canvassing for subscriptions and advertising having already begun. All orders for books and advertising will have my printed card, with terms on the face.

GEO. H. THURSTON.

A Great Story.

In another part of our paper will be found the opening chapters of a charming story, bearing the attractive title of "Buffalo Bill, the King of the Border Men." It is one of the most thrillingly exciting and interesting romances which we have ever read; and the lovers of romance will miss a rich treat if they neglect to peruse it. One of its chief attractions is, that its hero is not a myth, but a real flesh and blood character, who is even now fighting the savages on the western plains.

Juniper Tar Soap

Is a certain cure for Chapped Hands and all Roughness or Irritation of the Skin, Eczema, Ringworm, Salt Rheum, Pimples, and all other cutaneous affections, making the skin soft and smooth. Manufactured by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. Sold by all druggists. w*

Carriages to Operas and Concerts

Only three dollars, at Burns's, 149 Grant street.

Phrenology.

The rooms of Fowler & Wells, at Lafayette Hall, are still thronged day and evening. Examinations with full descriptions. What to do and how to rise in the world explained. tf

Carriages for Balls and Parties

Only four dollars, at J. & W. J. Burns's, 149 Grant street.

Keep the Circulation Active.

A free and regular circulation of the blood is essential to health. It places the whole system in a state of active defense against all unwholesome influences, and is an especial safeguard against the inimical effect of sudden changes of temperature, and of damp and cold.

If proper attention were paid to this important fact, there would not only be a great decrease in the number of cases of stomach, bowel and renal complaints, but also in the number of deaths by consumption and other pulmonary diseases.

At this period of the year, when the dividing line which separate a genial from an inclement season has just been passed, a course of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS will be found of invaluable service in improving the condition of the vital fluid and gently stimulating its flow. Violent coughs and colds, like intermittent fever, are the frequent effects of a chilly atmosphere upon a debilitated organization. Diseases of the kidneys often proceed from the same source. How essential it is, therefore, for persons of feeble constitution, to invigorate the vital organization at the commencement of winter. Fortified by warm clothing without and HOSTETTER'S BITTERS within, the frail and delicate may brave with impunity an amount of exposure and hardship which, under other circumstances, would prostrate them on a bed of sickness. Let them consider this and be wise in time.

Ned Buntline's Great Story!

THE GREAT LIVING SCOUT!

BUFFALO BILL.*

THE KING OF BORDER MEN!

The Wildest, Truest Story Ned Buntline ever Wrote.

An oasis of green wood on a Kansas prairie—a bright stream shining like liquid silver in the moonlight—a log house built under the limbs of great trees—within this humble home a happy group. This is my first picture.

Look well on the leading figure of that group. You will see him but this once, yet on his sad fate hinges all the wild and fearful realities which are to follow, drawn to a very great extent, not from imagination, but from life itself.

A noble looking, white-haired man sits by a rough table, reading the Bible aloud. On stools by his feet sit two beautiful little girls, his twin daughters, not more than ten years of age, while a noble boy of twelve or thirteen, stands by the back of the chair where sits the handsome, yet matronly looking mother.

It is the hour for family prayer before retiring for the night, and Mr. Cody, the Christian, always remembers it in the heart of his dear home.

He closes the holy book and is about to kneel and ask Heaven to bless and protect him and his dear ones.

Hark! The sound of horses galloping with mad speed toward his house falls upon his ear.

"It it possible there is another Indian alarm?" he says, inquiringly.

Alas, worse than the red savages are riding in hot haste toward that door.

"Hallo—the house!" is shouted loudly, as a large cavalcade of horsemen halt before the door.

"What is wanted, and who are ye?" asked the good man, as he threw wide open the door and stood upon its threshold.

"You are wanted, you black-hearted nigger-worshipper, and *I*—Colonel M'Kandlas—have come to fetch you! And there's the warrant!"

As the ruffian leader of the band shouted these words, the pistol already in his hands was raised, leveled, fired, and the father, husband and Christian, fell dead before his horror-stricken family.

"If them gals was a little older—but never mind, boys, this will be a lesson for the sneaks that come upon the Border—let's be off, for there's plenty more work to do before daylight!" continued the wretch, turning the head of this horse to ride away.

"Stop!"

It was but a single word—spoken, too, by a boy whose blue eyes shone wildly in a face as white a new-fallen snow and full as cold—spoken as he stood erect over the body of his dead father, weaponless and alone.

Yet that ruffian, aye, and all of his mad, reckless crew, stopped as if a mighty spell was laid upon them.

"*You*, Jake McKandlas, have murdered my father! You, base cowards, who saw him do this dark deed, spoke no word to restrain him. I am only Little Bill, his son, but as God in heaven hears me now, I will kill every father's son of you before the beard grows on my face!"

"Hear the little rooster crow. He'll fight when his spurs grow, if we don't cut his comb now," cried the leader, with a mocking laugh, and he raised his pistol once more.

"Monster, you have robbed me of a husband; you shall not kill my boy," shrieked the mother, as she sprang forward and drew her son up to her own bosom.

"Colonel, there's a big gang of men comin' over the prairie. We'd better git," cried a scout, riding in at this moment.

"Aye! For I don't want to kill a woman, if I can help it. Column to the right, boys, and follow me."

In a minute, at full speed, the party dashed away after their leader, and the wretched family were left alone with the dead.

Frozen with terror and awe, the little twins, Lillie and Lottie, crept out to the doorway, where their mother and brother knelt over the stiffening form of him who had been so good and kind—their dead father.

Oh, what a picture! Grief was still. Nor sob, nor tear, not even a moan arose. They were dumb with agony—paralyzed with a sense of utter bereavement.

* * * * * * * *

It is now 1861. The old log house has disappeared, but in the same noble grove a pretty white cottage is seen. Barns and haystacks all tell a story of good farming and profitable results.

On the embowered porch of this cottage sits the widow, still in her mourning garb, worn for him whose death we have already pictured, and near her stand two lovely girls—the twin sisters, Lillie and Lottie, now in the early bloom of beautiful womanhood.

They look alike, are dressed alike and are exceedingly beautiful.

Lillie had a letter in her hand which the mounted mail carrier had left as he swept by.

"Oh, mamma, mamma! brother is coming home! He says he will be here before the sun sets on the twenty-fifth! The letter is from Fort Kearney, and has been long in coming."

"Is not to-day the twenty-fifth?" asked Lottie.

"To be sure it is, and he will be here. Our William is wild, but he never tells a falsehood. He is too proud for that! Heaven bless him!" said the mother, in a low, earnest tone.

"He is not coming alone," said Lillie, "He brings two friends with him."

"It lacks scarce a half hour of sunset," said the mother.

At the same instant Lillie, who had been glancing through an avenue which led westward in the grove, cried out:

"They are coming! They are coming!"

And three minutes later, their horses frothy and hot, three riders at full speed dashed up to the gate fronting the cottage.

"Oh brother! brother!" cried the two sisters, joyously, and all heedless of the stranger eyes now looking on them, they rushed out to embrace and kiss him.

Buffalo Bill, for this was he, had learned to hide all his feelings, but with a gentle tenderness he shook himself out of their embraces, and presenting his two friends by name, hurried to meet the dear mother, who, with glistening eyes, waited to greet her idol and her pride.

"My good mother!" was all he said, as he pressed his manly lips to her white forehead.

"My dear son!" was all she said, but pages would not describe the reverence in his tone, or the undying love in her look.

Bill now presented his friends in more form to his mother than he deemed it necessary in the case of his sisters.

"This, mother," said he, presenting a young man who, in form and appearance, resembled himself very closely, though he was an inch taller and hardly so muscular, "this is my mate—this is Bill Hitchcock, the best friend I ever had, or ever will have, outside of our own family. Three times has he saved me from being wiped out. Once by the Ogallalas, once when I was taken with the cramps in the ice-cold Platte, last winter—and once when old Jake McKandlas and his gang had a sure set on me. He and I will sink or swim in the same river, and that's a safe bet. Bill, that's my mother, and a better never trod the footstool!"

Wild Bill, with a natural grace, bent his proud head and took the hand of the lady, saying, in a tremulous tone:

"I'm glad to see you, ma'am, for I've got a good old mother that I haven't seen this many a day, and this rayther brings her up afore me!"

"And this other," continued Bill, "is Dave Tutt. He is good on a hunt, death on the reds, and as smart as bordermen are made now-a-days. Now, boys, you're all acquainted, make yourselves at home. The darkey out there has got the horses, and he'll see them all right."

Three more perfect men in point of personal beauty never trod the earth.

Wild Bill six feet and one inch in height, straight as an ash, broad in shoulder, round and full in chest, slender in the waist, swelling out in muscular proportions at hips and thighs, with tapering limbs, small hands and feet, his form was a "study." His face, open and clean, had regular features, the nose slightly aquiline. His large bright eyes, now soft and tender in expression, were a bluish gray in color, shaded by lashes which often drooped over his bronzed cheek as he looked down, somewhat confused in female society, to which he was unused. His long brown hair fell in wavy masses over his shoulders, but it was fine, soft and glossy as silk.

The same picture will do for Buffalo Bill, only this difference noted. The eyes of the latter were nearer a blue in color, his height one inch less, and his hair a little more wavy and a shade lighter.

Dave Tutt, nearly of the same height, was equally well formed, but there the resemblance ceased.

His eyes were black as jet and deeply set, though his features were perfect, and, when he chose, his expression soft and winning. His hair, curling slightly, was black and glossy. But with all his beauty, there was a sensual expression about his mouth, so utterly different from that in the other two, and a fierce, passionate longing in his eyes, which made the two girls, instinctive in their purity, shrink from him.

After supper the reunited family and their guests were cosily seated in the sitting-room, when Mrs. Cody, whose face was toward the window, screamed out in sudden terror, and rose to her feet with a face so deathly pale that it seemed as if she was death-stricken.

"What is it, mother?" cried Bill, springing to her side.

"The window—*he* was there!" she gasped, and then she swooned away.

"*He?* Girls, look out for mother! I'll see what *he* was at the window!" cried Bill, and he sprang to the open casement.

As he did so, a bullet whistled past his ear and struck the opposite wall, while a hundred wild yells proclaimed that Indians had surrounded the house.

Wild Bill, cool and collected, instantly blew out both the lights, exclaiming:

"Darkness here and moonlight out thar! We'll be all right in a shake. Jump for your tools, boys; mine's handy. Gals, lay low out o' range, we'll soon let the reds know old hands are here."

The three young men, reinforced by three negroes and one white man, the farm hands, were ready for work in less than a minute, and as the Indians did not seem disposed to make a rush for the inside of the house, crept quickly to points where from the doors and windows they could pick the fiends out from their coverts among the trees around.

Meantime the twins had succeeded in restoring the mother to consciousness, and to the hurried inquiry of her son as to whom she had seen at the window, replied that she had recognized the face of Jake M'Kandlas, the murderer of her husband, glaring in with a look so full of hate and vindictive cruelty that she was completely horror stricken.

"There's too many reds out there, or I'd make a rush and settle his hash!" said her son. "If he'll only stay 'till we thin 'em down a few, I'll accommodate him with a private entertainment. Look out for yourselves, girls—the boys are giving 'em Jessie, and it's about time my hand was in!"

A rapid firing had been going on from the moment Wild Bill got to the door, the Indians shooting at random, for all in the house was dark except the flash of the guns, but every now and then a yell of agony told that the attacking party were not going unpunished.

They could only be seen as they sprang from tree to tree for cover, but their terrible yells ringing through the air told that in numbers they were at least ten to one of the defending party.

"Whar's the stock? Won't they try to run that off?" asked Wild Bill, as his mate, standing by his side, sent a Red to eternity with a shot from his favorite long rifle.

"I expect they will. I would almost as soon lose my hair as to lose Powder Face, for the insect has carried me through more bad scrapes than I've time to count," said Buffalo Bill, referring to his favorite horse.

"And I will lose my hair afore I'll lose Black Nell, for she never deserted me. She'll kick the head off any Red that tries to mount her. But can't we get to the horses?"

"Wait till I give Dave and the boys in here their orders, and then you an' me will get to the horses and come in on 'em like as if we were fresh hands in the fight."

"That's the talk, Bill—that's the talk. Only let me and Black Nell and you and Powder Face give 'em a charge in the rear and they're gone in!"

"Pepper into 'em then, till I tell the boys here where we're goin', so they'll be keerful how to shoot when we're a comin'."

Buffalo Bill now hurriedly told Dave Tutt and the men, who were firing at everything they saw move among the trees, what he and Wild Bill intended to do. The girls and his mother were to know nothing of it till it was all over, for the two Bills felt as sure of driving off the foe by their plan as if they were already in full chase of them.

Dave Tutt did not express any wish to go along, which rather surprised Buffalo Bill, for it was a duty that brave men would surely court. But there was a reason for this, as there is indeed for everything, as the reader will learn by and by.

The two friends, carrying their arms and bending low in the shadow of the garden bushes, crept away from the house until they reached a grain field beyond the trees, into which they moved swiftly. They had but a little distance now to go to reach the stock pasture, and they got to the last in the very nick of time.

A half dozen dusky figures were already there, and the horses, disturbed by the firing, were very uneasy as these advanced.

Two shrill calls, understood well by the animals for which they were intended, brought two noble animals, "Black Nell" and "Powder Face," to the edge of the grain-field. The next instant, needing neither saddle nor bridle, the two men were mounted, and without a word, both dashed forward upon the Indians who were after the stock.

So suddenly and unexpectedly were these overwhelmed—not a shot being fired, only the tomahawk used—that there was no alarm in the grove. Then the two men sped on, not noiselessly now, but whooping and yelling in wild concert; and urging their steeds faster by their cries, till they were upon the rear of the astonished redskins, pouring out shot after shot with deadly effect on the enemy.

Wheeling and circling here and there, never missing a shot—it seemed as if there were twenty, rather than two—Wild Bill and our hero dashed on, carrying death at every leap.

The Indians, who were Cheyennes, supposing this to be a reinforcement to those who had defended the house so well, soon gave way and fled in every direction, but not before full half their number had fallen.

"Curse them, why do they shoot so careless from the house—this is the second graze I have had from there," cried Wild Bill, as he wiped the blood from a wound grazing his cheek.

"Ther's a hole in my hat from the same quarter," said Buffalo Bill. "I'd like to know what they mean. It can't be but they know where we are. Never mind—I must hunt up old M'Kandlas now, for if mother saw him he must be here. Let's chase them, Bill, as long as we can."

The two men dashed away, and again a bullet, evidently from the house, passed so close to Buffalo Bill's head that he felt the wind.

The Indians scattered far and wide, but the two men succeeded in knocking over a half dozen more, when the thought struck them that it was better not to go far from the house lest some lurking behind would continue the attack, and they rode back.

The search for a white man among the bodies of the slain was unsuccessful, so Bill decided in his mind that if M'Kandlas had been in the party he had escaped this time.

As they approached the house they took pains to make their individuality known by signals which could not be misunderstood, therefore they were spared the perils which it seemed friends rather than foes had cast upon them during the charge.

In a short time, their horses left close in the shadow of the house, the two brave friends were in it once more.

"You can light up, I reckon," cried Buffalo Bill when he entered. "The Reds, or what's left of 'em, are off to their tribes on the run."

"Thank Heaven, you are safe," said Mrs. Cody, as she heard the voice of her son. "I hope you and your brave friend are unharmed."

"All right, mother, but a scratch or two that cold water could well heal—but are you sure you saw the face of Jake M'Kandlas at the window?"

"Yes, my son—I never can forget his face. I surely saw it."

"Then he has got off this time. I knew most of his gang had gone under, but I didn't think he had taken up with the Cheyennes. They say that every tribe in the West but the Pawnees are going with the South. If they are we border folks will have our hands full. But we're good for 'em, aren't we, Bill?"

"I reckon we are, if we know ourselves," said Wild Bill.

The moon had gone down before day dawned, but the repulsed Cheyennes never bated in their headlong speed until a couple of hours after sunrise, when they had reached a thick cottonwood grove on the south side of the Republican river.

Here, at the call of their chief, they dismounted and gathered around him. By his side, with a scowl of anger and some show of distrust, too, in his face, stood Jake M'Kandlas, the white ruffian who had planned this foray.

Looking sternly at him, after counting the worriors left, the old chief said:

"There will be a great cry among the squaws in the lodges of the Cheyennes. Many warriors have gone down—their scalps are in the belts of our enemies, and we have not a scalp to show that has been taken in return for ours. What has the Hawk of the Hills to say to this?"

"That which the Great Spirit wills to be, will be!" said M'Kandlas in reply. "If we had fought as white men fight and charged right in on them, we would now have their scalps in our belts. Big Maple would not listen to my words. He fought his way and lost half his warriors. It is not my fault. I have spoken."

"The Hawk of the Hills has spoken with a single tongue. His words are true. But the faces of the tribes will be black when we go back without scalps. What has my brother to say to this?" asked the chief.

"That if we go back without scalps, we are fools!" said M'Kaudlas quietly. "If the gun of Big Maple misses fire, does he throw it away or pick the flint and try it again? There are more days and nights than one, and plenty of pale faces are scattered about the plains. The Hawk of the Hills knows other settlements which we can reach in two or three days's journey. We can go there for plunder and scalps, and then come back here, and when the fighting men are not here or are asleep we can sprinkle the bones of our dead with the blood of vengeance where they fell."

"The Hawk of the Hills speaks like a man. The heart of Big Maple was weak. It is strong again. The warriors will cook meat and eat while their horses rest and feed."

Light blazing fires, emitting scarcely any smoke were now made from dry twigs, and the warriors made a hearty meal, the first for twenty-four hours. It was not finished when an alarm was given by a scout. White men mounted and armed were coming in from the South.

"They are not those we fought last night!" said M'Kandlas. "They have not had time to get to this side of the river. I will ride out alone and see who they are. Let my red brothers remain where they are ready to fight or to flee, if they see that I am among their enemies."

"The Hawk of the Hills is a great brave. His words are good and his deeds go with them," said the Cheyeene chief.

M'Kandlas now mounted his horse, put a bit of white cloth on the ramrod of his rifle and rode out from the shelter of the grove toward the group of advancing horsemen, some ten or a dozen in number.

They halted as soon as he was observed and seemed to look to their arms.

He rode boldly on until within two or three hundred yards when a shout of recognition rose on both sides and men rode rapidly to meet him.

They were his own men from the Black Hills, whom he had left there to carry on his business of pillaging emigrant trains, while he came down on an expedition on his own private account.

"Why are you here?" he asked, as they rode up. "What did you leave Cave Canyon for?"

"Because we got sarched out, and scorched out and whipped out!" said one, who seemed to head the party.

"Well, boys, I'm glad you are here, for now I'll do the work I failed in last night. That infernal fiend, Buffalo Bill, with Wild Bill and Dave Tutt wiped out over twenty Cheyennes that I piloted down to the Cody place last night."

"Dave Tutt? Why he is one of us—one of our sort at any rate!" said Frank Stark, the one who had spoken first.

"Yes—he used to be, but he's with them now. I couldn't get no chance to see him alone, or I would have known what it meant. I had my own idea that he was after one of the gals, for they're purtier than any pictur that was ever painted, and I know he's death after that kind of game. But ride on, boys, and get something to eat and then we'll plan for a nice bit of work to-night. There's between twenty and thirty Cheyennes left, and they'll fight like blazes for revenge."

M'Kandlas now turned and rode back with his men to the grove, so busy in talking with them, that he did not notice a single person on a hill beyond the river, who had evidently seen all his movements, and who rode off swiftly when the ruffian leader entered the grove.

"There are warriors from my band in the Black Hills, come to fight by the side of their chief!" said M'Kandlas, to the Cheyenne chief, as he and his men rode up among the camp-fires.

"They are welcome as the rain when the earth is dry. Big Maple is glad to see them here."

"Now, cook and eat, boys," said M'Kanldas, "and let your horses rest and feed till we are right. We'll then wipe out Buffalo Bill and his party, and make a raid down the river as far as we can, and then strike for the Platte for a rest." The continuation of this wild, true and exciting story will be found in the *New York Weekly*, No. 7, which can be purchased from all news agents on and after Tuesday, December 14th. Specimen copies sent free. The terms to mail subscribers are: Single copy, one year, $3; four copies ($2 50 each), $10: and nine copies (money all sent at one time), $20. Getters up of clubs can afterward add subscribers at $2 50 each. All letters must be directed to STREET & SMITH, P. O. Box No. 4,896, N. Y.

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*This is the *nom de chasse* of William F. Cody, the greatest hunter, guide and scout in the far West, now employed in that capacity in General Augur's Department, and a great favorite with Generals Custer and Sheridan. A man who has killed sixty-nine buffaloes in one day's hunt, has earned the name, I think.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.

Brilliant success of the young and beautiful artiste,

MISS EMMA MADDERN.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, December 15th, 1869. Bourcicault's beautiful domestic drama in three acts, entitled the

COLLEEN BAWN;

OR THE BRIDES OF GARRYOWN.

Elly O'Connor, with songs.........Miss Emma Maddern.

In preparation, the intensely interesting drama of THE FEMALE DETECTIVE.

Emma Maddern Matinee Saturday.

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Engagement of the SMALLEST Song and Dance Performer in the World. GEN. GRANT, Jr.

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H. W. WILLIAMS..........Sole Lessee and Manager.

Second and last week of the Beautiful Queen of the Rope, MADAME SENYEAH.

First appearance of the famous HERR HOLTUM, in his wonderful performances with 36 lb Cannon Balls. QUILTER and GOLDRICH, and all the Stars in a new programme. Friday, benefit of Madame Senyeah. Ladies' Matinee Wednesday and Saturday.

LAFAYETTE HALL.

Thursday Evening, December 16, 1869.

REV. S. P. LINN

Will deliver his Lecture on "MONOPOLIES."

Admission, 50 cents. No Reserved Seats. Tickets to be had at Music and Book Stores.

FAIR AT LIBERTY HALL,

EAST LIBERTY,

Given under the auspices of the Ladies of the First Presbyterian Church, for the Benefit of the Organ Fund. The Fair will be open on

Thursday Evening and Friday Afternoon and Evening.

Supper served any time during the evening.

Train leaves Union Depot at 6 o'clock, and returning leaves East Liberty at 10 P. M.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

Second night of the Carnival of Fun and the great unmatched

GEO. L. FOX,

His brother, C. K. FOX, full Pantomime Company of the Olympic Theater, New York, and the wonderful

KIRALFY BALLET TROUPE,

Received with marked demonstrations of enthusiasm and will appear THIS EVENING in the combined Pantomimes of

Humpty Dumpty and Hiccory Diccory Dock,

Played for 610 consecutive performances in New York by the present and only genuine Fox Company.

"Fox, the Peer of Gabriel Ravel."

PRICES.—Parquette and Dress Circle, Reserved, $1; Admission to Parquette and Dress Circle, 75c; Family Circle, 50c; Gallery, 25c.

Seats should be secured in advance, without extra charge, at the Music Store of Kieber Bros., 122 Wood street.

FAMILY MATINEE ON SATURDAY.

Open at 1½; commences at 2½; over at 4½ o'clock. tf

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

Managing Director..........H. GRAU.

GRAND GERMAN OPERA,

FOR FIVE NIGHTS AND ONE MATINEE ONLY,

Commencing Tuesday Evening, Dec. 21,

When the Original Company of Favorite and well-known Artistes, forming a combination of the chief musical talent in the country, and who recently closed in the leading Opera Houses of the principal cities of the United States several long and brilliant seasons, will positively appear in the choicest works of their REPERTOIRE, which will be selected from the following operas: LA DAME BLANCHE, DER FREYSCHUTZ, FIDELIO, MARTHA, FAUST, LA JUIVE (the Jewess), MAGIC FLUTE (Die Zauberflote), FRA DIAVOLO. Admission $1; Parquette and Dress Circle, reserved, $1 50; Family Circle, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. The sale of Reserved Seats will commence at H. Kleber & Bro.'s Music Store, 122 Wood street, Friday Morning, at 9 o'clock. tf

THEODORE THOMAS'

Grand Concert Organization

Of Forty Celebrated Musicians, comprising all the eminent Soloists of his Great Orchestra, will give

TWO GRAND CONCERTS,

AT MASONIC HALL,

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 15.
THURSDAY, DECEMBER 16,

Admission, $1 00. No extra charge for Reserved Seats.

FIRST PROGRAMME.

1. Overture—Tannhauser..........Wagner.
2. Allegretto—8th Symphony..........Beethoven.
3. Invitation a la Danse..........Weber.
(Instrumentation by Hector Berlios.)
4. Solo from the Trombone—The Tear..........Stigelli.
Mr. F. LEETSCH.
5. Traeumerei..........Schumann.
6. Grand Fantasie—Midsummer Night's Dream..........Mendelsohn.

PART SECOND.

1. Overture—William Tell..........Rossini.
2. Waltz—On the Beautiful Danube..........Strauss
3. Serenade for Flute and French Horn..........Tiel.
Messrs. WEINER and SCHMITZ.
Mazurka—Lob der Fraun }
Sonell—Jocus }..........Strauss.
Fackel Tanz..........Meyerbeer.

Reserved Seats sold at H. Kleber & Bro.'s, 122 Wood street.

CANTATA AND FAIR

For the benefit of EMANUEL CHURCH, Allegheny, at

EXCELSIOR HALL, ALLEGHENY,

ON MONDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 20.

The Choir of St. Peter's Church, Pittsburgh, assisted by other singers, under the direction of Mr. Digby, will sing the

CANTATA OF ESTHER.

On TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, the 21st, 22d and 23d inst., the Ladies of Emanuel Church will hold a FAIR in the same Hall.

Admission to Cantata, 50c; admission to Fair, 15c; Dinner or Supper Tickets (with admission), 50c.

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The Great Family Resort, FIFTH AVENUE, between Smithfield and Wood streets, opposite Old Theater. OPEN DAY AND EVENING all the year round.

Admission, 25 cents. Children 15 cents.

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This Improvement consists of an Open Back of Grate Bars, which can be attached to any Old or New Grate Basket. ☞IT IS FREE FROM DUST! It can be seen in use at the Monongahela House and St. Charles Hotel.

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SAMUEL KILGORE,
Market Superintendent, City Hall.

STTH

NOVELTY WORKS.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP,

The partnership heretofore existing under the firm of ADAMS, McKEE & CO., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

Pittsburgh, November 16, 1869.

J. K. Morrhead, Calvin Adams, Stephen Jarvis,
James H. Gray, Jacob Kinser, David F. McKee,
S. Jarvis Adams, Turner Strowbridge.

THE BUSINESS WILL BE CONTINUED at the old stand by the undersigned, under the firm of MOORHEAD, ADAMS & CO.

J. K. MOORHEAD.
CALVIN ADAMS,
M. K. MOORHEAD.

Pittsburgh, November 29, 1869. TF

AUCTION SALES.

Robert H. Patterson & Co.,

CORNER OF

Seventh Avenue and Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Will, on every Saturday, hold an Auction Sale of

Horses, Carriages, Buggies, Wagons,

And everything appertaining to the Horse.

Parties desiring to sell will please leave their notice of consignment on or before Thursday of each week in order for advertising. Prompt attention and good care will be given all Stock left for sale.

JOHN H. STEWART,
AUCTIONEER.

Fairchance Iron Works FOR SALE.

Fine Opportunity for Parties wishing to Invest.

The undersigned having reached an advanced age in life, and with the desire of relieving himself of the cares of business, proposes to sell the Properties in Fayette county, Penna., known as FAIRCHANCE and SPRING HILL, including very valuable improvements, and which he has profitably operated for the past fifty years.

He will offer at Public Vendue—the sale to take place on the premises on TUESDAY, the 4th day of January, 1870—all his Real Estate and Personal Property thereon, embracing

10,000 acres of Land, about 2,000 acres of which is under cultivation;
2 Blast Furnaces—one coke and one charcoal;
1 Rolling Mill, driven by 4 Steam Engines, and with the usual machinery, including Nail, Rivet and Washer machines, Turning Lathes, &c.;
2 Grist and 2 Saw Mills, with both steam and water power;
50 head of horses, mules and colts, the horses all of blooded stock raised on the place, and among which are a pair of well matched Sorrels and 2 fine Morgan Stallions;
50 head of Cattle, Durham and common mixed;
100 head of Sheep;
Household and Kitchen Furniture.

On the property as at present divided, are Six large Barns and Dwelling Houses; also 100 Dwelling Houses for hands.

A great portion of the land is underlaid with stone coal, 10 feet thick, underneath which are three veins—altogether two feet in thickness—of 50 per cent. Iron ore, of the best quality.

The opening of these veins leave the coal ready to be stoped out at a trifling cost; 8,000 acres abound in ore and timber. Fire clay, equal to Mount Savage, Limestone, and Sand for glass are found in inexhaustible supply.

The properties lie on the line of the proposed connection of the Connellsville and Uniontown, and the Baltimore and Ohio Railroads which will be completed during the coming year. The extension of this road to Fairmount gives the Baltimore road, when their main line, rapidly under way, is finished, a double track to Pittsburgh.

Should the real estate not be sold, it will be offered for rent.

Terms of sale, *one-third* cash; the balance in three, four and five years, with interest.

On Personal property, six months' time will be given. Security required. F. H. OLIPHANT.

MWF

VALUABLE BUSINESS PROPERTY FOR SALE.

I will offer on THURSDAY, December 16, 1869, at Public Vendue, my very desirable Property, containing about 62 Acres, situated on the Ohio river, within 200 yards of Rush Run Station and Postoffice, on the C. and P. R. R. This is one of the best points for Produce, Lumber and Merchandising Business on this line of road, being supported by and the natural outlet for one of the richest farming sections of country in the State. Also, for the enterprising and business town of Smithfield.

I also invite the attention of Coal and Iron Men to my Property, as it is very admirably adapted to both these branches of business. It is situated about 400 yards from Rush Run Coal Shaft, the vein of which is about 9 feet thick and of superior quality. There are two large Frame Houses on this property, in good repair and beautifully situated. The business portion of this property, containing about 7 Acres, and embracing improvements, will be sold separately from the rest, or all together, as may best suit all parties.

JOHN TRAINER,
Rush Run, Jefferson county, Ohio.

DESIRABLE FERRY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Opposite Wellsville, in the town of Hamilton, West Virginia, consisting of about 50 Acres of Land nearly all River Bottom, and of first quality, a good Flag Quarry opened, a large Young Orchard of bearing Trees, Grafted Fruit; a large Two-story Brick Dwelling, in good condition; a good Frame Barn, and an everlasting Stone Wharf for Ferry Landing, with all the ferry privileges; a new Steam Ferryboat, worth $4,000, will clear over $10 per day if attended to. Price of whole thing, $15,000: $5,000 in hand, and the balance in three equal annual payments, with interest. Address JACOB STEWART, Real Estate Agent, Wellsville, Ohio.

MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The subscriber will sell at Private Sale, the CHERRY FORK MILLS, generally known as Nold's Mills, one mile east of Leetonia. These Mills have lately been remodeled and improved, both inside and outside, and put in splendid order. Also, a good Private Residence with Outbuildings and several Acres of Land. Any person desiring such property cannot do better than call and examine the premises. The Mill has at present a larger run of custom than any other Mill in the county, is in a good wheat growing locality, and close to the Railroad and good markets. Call upon or address

JOHN Z. NOLD,
Leetonia, Columbiana county, Ohio.

ILLINOIS FARM FOR SALE.

I wish to sell a Farm of 400 Acres, lying half a mile from Dorsey Station, on the St. Louis and Indianapolis Railroad, and thirty miles from St. Louis, One Hundred and Sixty Acres of good rich Land in cultivation, the balance unimproved, upon which there is 40 Acres of good dry Bottom Land, very rich, the rest well timbered, with thrifty young Timber, &c. The improvements are a new Frame Dwelling House, well finished, of 4 Rooms and Cellar; good Barn, Meat house, Room for hands, Hen House, &c. Two never-failing Wells of Water; a pond of water for stock; Pear, Peach, Cherry and Plum Trees, just commencing to bear. A stream of water runs through the unimproved lands, called Indian Creek. This Land is well calculated for a Stock Farm. I will sell the whole or a part to suit purchasers. I refer purchasers, to CHARLES W. BATCHELOR, Eagle Cotton Mills, Pittsburgh, Pa., who has seen the land, or to myself on the premises. Possession given at any time.

BEN. L. DORSEY.

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Misses' Watches,
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Cherry Pectoral Troches,
Caup Cough Cure,
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Marshall's Catarrh Snuff,
Dumas' Catarrh Snuff,
Upham's Asthma Cure,
Whitcomb's Asthma Remedy,

RECEIVED AND FOR SALE BY

GEO. A. KELLY,

CORNER SECOND AND WOOD STREET.

NOTICE—WHEREAS LETTERS OF Administration on the estate of Alonzo A. Carrier, late of the city of Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pa., have been granted to the subscriber. All persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims or demands against said estate will make known the same, without delay, to

ISAAC JONES, Administrator,
At Real Estate Savings Bank, 63 Fourth avenue.

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LADIES' SILK SASHES AND FANCY BOWS.

The New MONOCRAT SKIRT, just received.

Also, a very good CORSET for Children, something new. Ladies' Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, very low; Corsets, Hoopskirts, Ribbons, Flowers, Hats, Bonnets and Frames, a full assortment.

Gent's will do well to call and see the elegant Stock of BOWS, TIES, SOCKS and everything in the Furnishing Goods Line, at

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PARKER T. S., Attorney and Counsellor at Law, 94 Diamond street, near Grant.

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THIRD NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, Pa. Capital, $500 000. W. E. SCHMERTZ, Prest.; JNO. B. LIVINGSTON, Cash.

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M'BANE & ANJER, COMMISSION Merchants, Dealers in Flour, Grain and Produce, 141 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WOODWORTH & DAVIDSON, PRODUCE and Commission Merchants, Dealers in Flour, Grain, Bacon, &c., &c., 291 Liberty street.

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CRAIG WM., MANUFACTURER OF AND Dealer in Guns, Pistols, Revolvers, Cartridges, Ammunition, &c. No. 56 Federal street, Allegheny.

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SCAIFE WM. B., 119 AND 121 FIRST street, Manufactures all kinds of Sheet and Plate Iron Work. Particular attention paid to work for Blast Furnaces, Rolling Mills, Gas Works and Oil Refineries. Also, Corrugated Iron Roofs.

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Office: BREWER'S BUILDING, DUQUESNE WAY corner Eighth street, Pittsburgh, Penna.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, }
Pittsburgh, December 4, 1869. }

NOTICE.—THE ASSESSMENT FOR GRADING, PAVING AND CURBING St. Patrick's alley, from Marion to Miltenberger street, is now ready and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, December 15th, 1869, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's Office for collection.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, }
Pittsburgh, December 9, 1869. }

NOTICE.—SEALED PROPOSALS FOR the construction of a Plankwalk on the north side of the Greensburg turnpike, from Negley avenue to Negley street; also, for a Boardwalk on Ellsworth and Center avenues, from Aiken's lane to Liberty Hall, will be received at this office until MONDAY, December 20th, 1869. Specifications can be seen at this office. The right reserved to reject any and all bids.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

JOHN H. STEWART..........ROBT. H. PATTERSON.

ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,

Livery, Sale and Commission Stables,

COR. SEVENTH AVENUE AND LIBERTY ST

PITTSBURGH, PA.